(54) Title: NOVEL PLEXINS AND USES THEREOF

(57) Abstract: The invention provides methods and compositions related to novel plexins. The polypeptides may be produced re-
combinantly from transformed host cells and from the disclosed plexin encoding nucleic acids or purified from human cells. The
invention provides isolated plexin hybridization probes and primers capable of specifically hybridizing with the disclosed plexin
genes, plexin-specific binding agents such as specific antibodies, and methods of making and using the subject compositions in diag-
nosis, therapy and in biopharmaceutical industry. The invention also provides novel plexin neuropilin multimeric receptor complexes
for semaphorins and methods of use thereof, including but not limited to, the treatment and diagnosis of neurological disease and
neuroregeneration, immune modulation, and viral and oncological diseases.

NOVEL PLEXINS AND USES THEREOF

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

5   The invention relates to the identification and characterization of four novel
proteins that are members of the plexin family.

Summary of the Related Art

       Plexin family members encode large transmembrane proteins, whose cysteine-
rich extracellular domains share regions of homology with the Scatter Factor receptors
10   (encoded by the Met gene family). The extracellular domains of plexins also contain
~500 amino acid Semaphorin domains (see below). The highly conserved cytoplasmic
moieties of plexins (approx. 600 amino acids), however, have no homology with the
Met tyrosine kinase domain, nor with any other known protein. Met-like receptors and
their ligands, the Scatter Factors, mediate a complex biological program including
15   dissociation of cell-cell contacts, motility and invasion (for a review see Tamagnone, L.
and Comoglio, P.M. (1997) "Control of invasive growth by hepatocyte growth factor
(HGF) and related scatter factors." Cytokine Growth Factor Rev 8, 129-142). During
embryogenesis Scatter Factor-1 and Met promote the dissociation of cell layers in the
somites and drive the migration of myogenic cells to their appropriate location (Bladt,
20   F., Riethmacher, D., Isenmann, S., Aguzzi, A., and Birchmeier, C. (1995) "Essential
role for the c-met receptor in the migration of myogenic precursor cells into the limb
bud." Nature 376, 768-771; Maina, F., Casagranda, F., Audero, E., Simeone, A.,
Comoglio, P.M., Klein, R.a., and Ponzetto, C. (1996) "Uncoupling of grb2 from the
met receptor in vivo reveals complex roles in muscle development." Cell 87, 531-542).
25   Met and Scatter Factor-1 are also involved in controlling neurite outgrowth and axonal
guidance (Ebens, A., Brose, K., Leonardo, E.D., Hanson, M.G.J., Bladt, F., Birchmeier,
C., Barres, B.A., and Tessier-Lavigne, M. (1996) "Hepatocyte growth factor/scatter
factor is an axonal chemoattractant and a neurotrophic factor for spinal motor neurons."
Neuron 17, 1157-1172; Maina, F., Hilton, M.C., Ponzetto, C., Davies, A.M., and
30   Klein, R. (1997) "Met receptor signaling is required for sensory nerve development and
HGF promotes axonal growth and survival of sensory neurons." Genes Dev 11, 3341-
3350; Maina, F., Hilton, M.C., Andres, R., Wyatt, S., Klein, R., and Davies, A.M.

-2-

(1998) "Multiple roles for hepatocyte growth factor in sympathetic neuron development." Neuron 20, 835-846).

The first clue regarding a possible function for plexins came from the finding that a novel plexin, Vespr, interacts with the viral semaphorin A39R (Comeau, M.R., Johnson, R., DuBose, R.F., Petersen, M., Gearing, P., VandenBos, T., Park, L., Farrah, T., Buller, R.M., Cohen, J.I., Strockbine, L.D., Rauch, C., and Spriggs, M.K. (1998) "A poxvirus-encoded semaphorin induces cytokine production from monocytes and binds to a novel cellular semaphorin receptor, VESPR." Immunity. 8, 473-482). Semaphorins are a large family of secreted and membrane-bound molecules that are characterized by an extracellular domain containing a ~500 amino acid Semaphorin domain (Kolodkin et al. (1993) "The semaphorin genes encode a family of transmembrane and secreted growth cone guidance molecules." Cell 75, 1389-1399). As noted above, plexins contain a more divergent but nevertheless conserved Semaphorin domain.

Semaphorins were originally characterized in the nervous system, where they have been implicated in repulsive axon guidance (Kolodkin et al. (1993) supra; Luo, Y., Raible, D., and Raper, J.A. (1993) "Collapsin: a protein in brain that induces the collapse and paralysis of neuronal growth cones." Cell 75, 217-227; Tessier-Lavigne, M. and Goodman, C.S. (1996) "The molecular biology of axon guidance." Science 274, 1123-1133). More recently, semaphorins have been furthermore implicated in cardiac and skeletal development (Behar, O., Golden, J.A., Mashimo, H., Schoen, F.J., and Fishman, M.C. (1996) "Semaphorin III is needed for normal patterning and growth of nerves, bones and heart." Nature 383, 525-528), in the immune response (Hall, K.T., Boumsell, L., Schultze, J.L., Boussiotis, V.A., Dorfman, D.M., Cardoso, A.A., Bensussan, A., Nadler, L.M., and Freeman, G.J. (1996) "Human CD100, a novel leukocyte semaphorin that promotes B-cell aggregation and differentiation." Proc.Natl.Acad.Sci.U.S.A. 93, 11780-11785), in the regulation of angiogenesis (Miao, H.Q., Soker, S., Feiner, L., Alonso, J.L., Raper, J.A., and Klagsbrun, M. (1999) "Neuropilin-1 mediates collapsin-1/Semaphorin III inhibition of endothelial cell motility. Functional competition of collapsin-1 and vascular endothelial growth factor-165" [In Process Citation]. J Cell Biol 146, 233-242), and in tumor growth and metastasis (Christensen, C.R., Klingelhofer, J., Tarabykina, S., Hulgaard, E.F., Kramerov, D., and Lukanidin, E. (1998) "Transcription of a novel mouse semaphorin

gene, M-semaH, correlates with the metastatic ability of mouse tumor cell lines."
Cancer Res. *58*, 1238-1244).

Previously identified plexins have been shown to be expressed in the developing
nervous system, (i.e. Plexin-A is a receptor for class 1 semaphorins (Sema-1a and
Sema-1b). Moreover, Plexin-A has been shown via genetic analysis to control motor
and CNS axon guidance induced by semaphorins (Winberg, M.L., Noordermeer, J.N.,
Tamagnone, L., Comoglio, P.M., Spriggs, M.K., Tessier-Lavigne, M., and Goodman,
C.S. (1998). Plexin A is a neuronal semaphorin receptor that controls axon guidance.
Cell *95*, 903-916).

Thus a need exists for discovery of other members of the plexin family of
proteins.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides four novel plexin family members.

In one aspect, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid having at least
80% nucleic acid sequence identity to a nucleotide sequence that encodes an amino acid
sequence selected from the group consisting of the amino acid sequence shown in (SEQ
ID NO: 2), (SEQ ID NO: 4), (SEQ ID NO: 6) and (SEQ ID NO: 8).

In other aspects, the invention provides isolated nucleic acid having at least
80% nucleic acid sequence identity to a nucleotide sequence selected from the group
consisting of the nucleotide sequence shown in (SEQ ID NO: 1), (SEQ ID NO: 3),
(SEQ ID NO: 5) and (SEQ ID NO: 7).

In another aspect, the invention provides a vector comprising the nucleic
acid of the above-aspects.

The invention also provides an isolated polypeptide the amino acid
sequence of which comprises residues 1-18, 19-518, 451-530, 601-680, 751-830,
800-1010, or 1196-1215 of SEQ ID NO: 2; 1-23, 24-507 or 1100-1119 of SEQ ID
NO: 4; or 1-42, 43-600, 541-620, 691-770, 831-910, 900-1110 or 1270-1293 of SEQ
ID NO: 6; or 8-49, 154-199 or 1-199 of SEQ ID NO: 8.

In another aspect, the invention provides an isolated polypeptide having at
least 80% amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence selected from the
group consisting of the amino acid sequence shown in (SEQ ID NO: 2), (SEQ ID NO:
4), (SEQ ID NO: 6) and (SEQ ID NO: 8)

The invention also provides a chimeric molecule comprising a polypeptide of the above aspects fused to a heterologous amino acid sequence. In one embodiment the heterologous amino acid sequence is a Fc region of an immunoglobulin.

In other aspects, the invention provides an antibody that specifically binds to the polypeptides of the above aspects.

The invention also provides a method of treating, suppressing or altering a disorder involving aberrant immune regulation involving a signaling pathway between a plexin and a neuropilin in a mammal comprising the step of administering an effective amount of an agent to said mammal capable of interfering with the association between the plexin and neuropilin. Contemplated agents include a chimeric molecule or an antibody of the above aspects.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1.

(A) Phylogenetic tree of human plexins. Known family members cluster in two major groups: plexin A and plexin-B subfamilies. (B) Structural features of plexins, Met-like receptors and semaphorins. In the extracellular moieties, yellow boxes indicate the "*sema*" domains and blue boxes mark the cysteine-rich MRS motifs, some of which are stippled to indicate their atypical sequence; atypical MRS are also found in the *sema domain* of semaphorins. Sequence identity among *sema* domains ranges from 15-50%, as previously described (see Winberg et al., 1998 *supra*). Potential furin-like proteolytic sites are marked by red ribbons. plexin-B1 "truncated" is the product of a splicing variant (see text). plexin-D1 and plexin-C1 (VESPR) are more distant family members, since they include atypical features in their extracellular domains. The intracellular domain of plexins (SP domain) is highly conserved through all family members, and it includes two separate regions of high homology (Maestrini, E., Tamagnone, T., Longati, P., Cremona, O., Gulisano, M., Bione, S., Tamanini, F., Neel, B.G., Toniolo, D., and Comoglio, P.M. (1996) "A family of transmembrane proteins with homology to the MET-hepatocyte growth factor receptor." Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA *93*, 674-678) (green oval and box). Met-like receptors are disulfide-bound heterodimers and include a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain (red box). Mammalian semaphorins can be either secreted or cell surface proteins. Molecular weights of representative proteins are Plexin-A1 220 kDa, Plexin-B1 250 kDa, Plexin-C1 200

kDa, HGF-R/Met 145+45 kDa (heterodimer), Sema 4D 150 kDa (transmembrane), Sema7A approx. 100 kDa (membrane GPI-linked).

Figure 2.

(a) Cell surface semaphorins specifically bind human plexins. Micropraphs of the binding assays done testing i) the extracellular domain of semaphorin CD100 fused to alkaline phosphatase (CD100-AP) on COS cells transfected with *plexin-B1 cDNA*; ii) control AP on plexin-B1; iii) CD100-AP on plexin-B2; iv) CD100-AP on the entire extracellular domain of plexin-B1; v) CD100-AP on isolated "plexin-B1 truncated" (including *sema* domain, 1° and 2° MRS); vi) CD100-AP on a "plexin-B1-Δsema" (including 2° and 3° MRS; vii) extracellular domain of semaphorin A39R fused to AP, on plexin-C1 (Vespr); viii) SemaK1-AP on plexin-C1. The final detection of the binding was done either using alkaline phosphatase substrates (i-vi) or by immunofluorescence (vii and viii). (B) Scatchard analysis and binding curve of CD100-AP to plexin-B1 ($K_D = 0.9$ nM ± 0.15).

Figure 3.

Plexins associate with neuropilins *via* specific extracellular domains. Western blots of immunoprecipitated samples from cells co-expressing neuropilins and plexins. Specific MoAbs were used, directed against the VSV-tag included in plexins or the myc-tag included in neuropilin-2 (Np2, 130 kDa). Np2 co-immunoprecipitates with plexins, such as plexin-A3 (220 kDa), the extracellular domain of plexinA1 (approx.160 kDa), and plexin-B1 (250 kDa) but not with the unrelated cell surface receptor DCC (170 kDa). Np2 can also associate a truncated form of the extracellular moiety of plexin-B1 ("plex-B1 trunc.", approx. 110 kDa), containing the *sema domain*.

Figure 4.

Expression of mRNAs for plexins A1 (panel A, B), -A2 (panel C, D) and A3 (panel E, F) in the spinal cord (sc), dorsal root ganglia (d) and sympathetic ganglia (sg) of E13.5 mouse embryos. Expression of the mRNAs was detected by RNA in situ hybridization. Scale bar:1 μm.

Figure 5.

Effect of a truncated plexin-A1 construct (lacking the cytoplasmic domain) on repulsive and attractive responses of Xenopus spinal neurons to Sema3A and netrin-1. (A-F) A control spinal neuron exposed to a gradient of Sema3A emanating from a pipette (A) is repelled away over a period of 1 hr (B). In contrast, a GFP-expressing

spinal neuron from an embryo injected with mRNA for the truncated plexin-A1

construct (C) is not affected by Sema3A (D). A similar neuron (E) shows a normal

attractive response to netrin-1 (F).

(G) Cumulative distribution plot of turning angles for all the neurons studied.

Curves show the percent of neurons with turning angles less than the angle indicated on

the abscissa, under different conditions (open circles, control neurons; black and blue

circles, control neurons responding to Sema3A or netrin-1, respectively; red and green

circles, responses of neurons expressing the truncated plexin-A1 construct to Sema3A

and netrin-1, respectively). (H) Mean turning angle under all the conditions just

mentioned.

Figure 6.

Tyrosine phosphorylation of plexin-A3 and plexin-B1. **(a)** Anti-

phosphotyrosine western blotting of immunoprecipitated $p220^{plex-A3}$ and $p250^{plex-B1}$

proteins. plexin-B1 is larger since it contains an extra sequence between the second and

the third MRS motif, in the extracellular domain (see Fig. 1). **(b)** The same

immunoprecipitated samples underwent *in vitro* kinase assay in the presence of

$[\gamma^{32}P]ATP$, Mg^{++} and Mn^{++} ions. The SDS-PAGE was treated with alkali in conditions

known to eliminate the phosphate labeling of Ser/Thr residues and specifically

preserving phosphotyrosines.

Figure 7

Plexin-A3 overexpression mediates cell repelling cues. **(a)** Epithelial kidney

MDCK cells transfected to overexpress plexin-A3 (or mock transfected) were

cocultured with mesenchymal KJ-29 or NIH-3T3 cells. After 16-30 hours, mixed

cultures of control cells (upper panels) reached confluency and stopped growing:

typically the epithelial cells formed islets (circled) surrounded by a fibroblasts lawn. In

contrast, MDCKs overexpressing plexin-A3 (lower panels) overwhelmed the adjacent

mesenchymal cells. The latter withdrew and selectively detached from the culture dish

(dying cell clusters are indicated by arrowheads), and eventually epithelial cells only

survived. To allow an easier detection of the mesenchymal cells, these were labeled

with DiI before being plated in mixed cultures. **(b)** Plexin-A3 expressing cells do not

induce apoptotic signal on repelled fibroblasts. Mixed cultures of NIH 3T3 and control

or plexin-A3 overexpressing MDCKs were tested for the presence of TUNEL-AP

positive cells. Apoptotic cells were not present in clusters of repelled cells (indicated by

arrows). The right panel shows a positive control where apoptosis was induced on the same cells by UV treatment. (c) Plexin-A3 over-expressing cells form very transient contacts with fibroblasts. Time-lapse video-microscopy of control and plexin-A3 overexpressing MDCK cells grown in presence of fibroblasts. On top, snap-shot images from the movie, taken every 50 minutes (real time). In the upper row is shown the persistent contact of a fibroblast (marked by an arrow) with an islet of control MDCK cells (marked by a star). In the lower row another fibroblast, instead, forms a transient contact with an islet of plexin-A3 transfected cells, which also, in turn, reshapes. At the bottom, the diagrams show the relative frequency of persistent, transient or very transient contacts between fibroblasts and MDCK cells.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The reference works, patents, patent applications, and scientific literature, including accession numbers to GenBank database sequences, that are referred to herein establish the knowledge of those with skill in the art and are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety to the same extent as if each was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. Any conflict between any reference cited herein and the specific teachings of this specification shall be resolved in favor of the later. Likewise, any conflict between an art-understood definition of a word or phrase and a definition of the word or phrase as specifically taught in this specification shall be resolved in favor of the latter.

Four novel human plexins have been identified: plexin-B2, plexin-B3, plexin-D1 and Plexin A-4. Plexin-A4 is located on human chromosome 7 and is a family member of the plexin-A subfamily which also includes plexin-A1 (alternatively named plexin-1/NOV), plexin-A2 (alternatively named plexin-2/OCT) and plexin-A3 (alternatively named plexin-2/SEX). Plexin-B2 and plexin-B3 are located on human chromosome 22 and chromosome X, respectively, and are family members of the plexin-B subfamily which also includes plexin-B1 (alternatively named SEP). Plexin-B3 maps very close to the plexin-A3 genomic locus on Xq28. Plexin-D1 is the first identified member of the plexin-D subfamily and is atypical of any of the other subfamilies. A fourth subfamily of plexins, the plexin-C subfamily, is defined by VESPR (now plexin-C1).

The four novel plexins as described herein have in their extracellular domains regions of homology with two other protein families: (a) Scatter Factors Receptors, encoded by the *MET* oncogene family (Tamagnone and Comoglio, 1997 *supra*), and (b)

-8-

Semaphorins (Kolodkin et al. (1993) *supra* (Figure 1b). In particular, plexins and Met-like receptors contain short cysteine-rich motifs, termed "Met Related Sequences" (MRS), whose minimal consensus is: C-X(5-6)-C-X(2)-C-X(6-8)-C-X(2)-C-X(3-5)-C (Maestrini et al., 1996 *supra*); Tamagnone and Comoglio, 1997 *supra*); blue boxes in Fig. 1B). The proteins of the Met family contain a single MRS (in their receptor β chains), whereas in plexin family members there are two/three repeated MRS motifs. Furthermore, all plexin family members contain in their extracellular moiety a 500 amino acid region similar to the sema domain of semaphorins (Kolodkin et al. (1993) *supra*; Winberg et al., 1998 *supra*); yellow boxes in Fig. 1B. The MRS motif is proposed to function as protein-protein interaction domain.

The cytoplasmic domain of plexins contains a ~600 amino acid domain which we term the SP domain ("Sex and Plexins", marked in green in Fig. 1B) that is highly conserved within the family (57-97% similarity) and in evolution (over 50% similarity between invertebrates and humans). The SP domain does not share homology with any known protein. It includes a number of potential tyrosine phosphorylation sites, but lacks the typical motifs of catalytic tyrosine kinases. Interestingly, the predicted secondary structure of the SP domain includes long conserved alpha helices, typically found in protein-protein interaction modules. Furthermore, there are several dihydrophobic amino acid motifs (such as LL or LI), known to mediate the internalization and downregulation of transmembrane receptors (Sandoval, I.V. and Bakke O. (1994). Targeting of membrane proteins to endosomes and lysosomes. Trends in Cell Biology *4*, 292-297).

The present invention also demonstrates that plexins can form complexes with neuropilins, which in turn demonstrates that a receptor for semaphorins can be hetero-oligomers of plexins and neuropilins. As demonstrated by in situ mRNA expression analysis, plexins and neuropilins are in fact simultaneously expressed in several neuronal populations during embryonic development. The plexin-neuropilin complex predates ligand binding, since the association is not influenced by the presence of class 3 semaphorins. That the observed plexin-neuropilin complexes are formed in *cis* is furthermore supported by the experimental conditions used (cotransfection of isolated cells with the two constructs). An interaction in *trans* might also be envisioned (considering that plexins and semaphorins share similar *sema* domains), however by

analyzing mixed cultures of cells separately transfected with plexins and neuropilins we did not isolate associated complexes (data not shown).

We observed that the main semaphorin binding domain of neuropilins (CUB domain (Giger, R.J., Urquhart, E.R., Gillespie, S.K., Levengood, D.V., Ginty, D.D., and

5   Kolodkin, A.L. (1998) "Neuropilin-2 is a receptor for semaphorin IV: insight into the structural basis of receptor function and specificity." Neuron 21, 1079-1092; Nakamura, F., Tanaka, M., Takahashi, T., Kalb, R.G., and Strittmatter, S.M. (1998) "Neuropilin-1 extracellular domains mediate semaphorin D/III-induced growth cone collapse" [In Process Citation]. Neuron 21, 1093-1100; Chen et al. 1998 supra) is not

10   required for the interaction with plexins, as indicated by the association of the relevant Neuropilin-2 deletion construct with plexin-B1 (not shown). A ternary complex, where neuropilins use two distinct protein modules to form a bridge between the sema domain of semaphorins and the sema domain of plexins is thus contemplated. It is further contemplated that plexins are the functional partners of neuropilins, required for

15   transducing signals mediated by semaphorins, preferably class 3 semaphorins. For example, in flies, which lack both neuropilins and class 3 semaphorins, D Plex A appears sufficient as a functional receptor for Sema 1a, a transmembrane class 1 semaphorin (Winberg et al., 1998 supra). Further support that plexins are functional co-receptors for secreted semaphorins is demonstrated in an experiment that shows that a

20   truncated plexin-A1 construct expressed in Xenopus spinal neurons abolishes repulsive responses to Sema3A without markedly affecting attractive responses to netrin-1. These results are consistent with the involvement of plexins.

The intracellular signals transduced by plexins are still largely obscure. The cytoplasmic domain of plexins is large and highly conserved within and across species

25   and contains stretches of alpha helices, which are putative protein-protein interaction domains, and could thus mediate the association with cytosolic partners. We demonstrate herein that the cytoplasmic domain of plexins can be tyrosine phosphorylated, suggesting that, like other receptors devoid of intrinsic catalytic activity, plexins may signal by associating a tyrosine kinase (Stahl, N. and

30   Yancopoulos, G.D. (1993). The alphas, betas, and kinases of cytokine receptor complexes. Cell 74, 587-590; Glass, D.J., Bowen, D.C., Stitt, T.N., Radziejewski, C., Bruno, J., Ryan, T.E., Gies, D.R., Shah, S., Mattsson, K., Burden, S.J., DiStefano, P.S.,

Valenzuela, D.M., DeChiara, T.M., and Yancopoulos, G.D. (1996). Agrin acts via a

MuSK receptor complex. Cell *85*, 513-523) .

      In addition, we show herein that expression of plexins, particularly plexin-A3,

mediates cell-repelling cues. By time-lapse video-microscopy we observed a true

5   repelling effect on fibroblasts. Intriguingly, we observed that -upon interaction with

fibroblasts- also the islets of plexin-A3 MDCKs at times reshaped. This may be

explained by the existence of intra-epithelial repelling cues, balanced by the attractive

forces exerted by epithelial cell junctions.

      Moreover we have demonstrated that in the nervous system (i.e. Drosophila), that

10   defasciculating motor axons co-express both Plexin A and one of its interacting

partners, the transmembrane semaphorin Sema-1a (Winberg et al., 1998 *supra*). This

demonstrates that plexins act *in vivo* either as receptors or ligands for cell surface

semaphorins, which in turn can transduce intracellular signals, as reported for ephrins

(Holland et al., 1996 *supra*). Semaphorins, therefore, besides being pivotal in axon

15   guidance, have a general role in morphogenesis and tissue remodeling by mediating

cell-repelling cues via their interactions with plexins.

      Accordingly, in a first aspect, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid

molecule encoding a novel human plexin polypeptide. By "plexin polypeptide" is meant

a member of the plexin family comprising an amino acid sequence that shares at least

20   60% amino acid sequence homology with SEQ ID NOS: 2 (plexin B-2), 4 (plexin B-3), 6

(plexin D-1) or 8 (plexin A-4), preferably, at least 65% sequence homology, more

preferably, at least 70% sequence homology, more preferably, at least at least 75%

sequence homology, more preferably, at least 80% sequence homology, still more

preferably at least 85% sequence homology, even more preferably, at least 90% sequence

25   homology, and most preferably at least 95% sequence homology with SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4,

6 or 8. Plexin polypeptides of the invention are useful for modulating cell growth (i.e.

nerve) and immune regulation.

      As used herein, by "modulating" is meant increasing or decreasing cell growth.

By "cell growth" is meant any change in cell number or size, including, without

30   limitation, increase or decrease in cell number, increase or decrease in rate of cell

division, increase or decrease in rate of cell death, and/or increase or decrease in cell size.

Standard methods for measuring cell growth include standard apoptosis assays (*e.g.*,

TUNEL assays, DNA fragmentation, trypan blue exclusion) and cell proliferation assays

(*e.g.*, ³H-thymidine incorporation). It will be appreciated that the degree of modulation of cell growth provided by a plexin polypeptide in a given assay will vary, but one of skill in the art can readily determine the statistically significant change in cell growth of a cell exposed to a plexin polypeptide.

By "immune regulation" is meant increasing or decreasing the biological functions of immune cells (*i.e.*, cells involved in an immune response). Immune cells include, without limitation, lymphocytes (T and B), NK cells, dendritic cells, myeloid cells (*e.g.*, macrophages and neutrophils), and other hematopoietic cells involved in an immune response.

By "nucleic acid molecule" or "nucleic acid" as used herein, is meant any deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) or ribonucleic acid (RNA), including, without limitation, complementary DNA (cDNA), genomic DNA, RNA, heteronuclear RNA (hnRNA), messenger RNA (mRNA), DNA/RNA hybrids, or synthetic nucleic acids (*e.g.*, an oligonucleotide) comprising ribonucleic and/or deoxyribonucleic acids or synthetic variants thereof. The nucleic acid of the invention includes, without limitation, an oligonucleotide or a polynucleotide. The nucleic acid can be single stranded, or partially or completely double stranded (duplex). Duplex nucleic acids can be homoduplex or heteroduplex.

By "polypeptide" is meant any molecule comprising two or more amino acids joined together with a peptide bone, regardless of length or post-translational modifications (*e.g.*, without limitation, glycosylation, lipidation, acetylation, or phosphorylation). Useful plexin polypeptides of the invention include, without limitation, the full length plexin polypeptides having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4 , 6, 8 or 10,; an extracellular domain of the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence 1 to 1199 of SEQ ID NO: 2; 1 to 1099 of SEQ ID NO: 4; 1 to 1270 of SEQ ID NO: 6 or 1 to 199 of SEQ ID NO: 8, with its associated signal peptide; or an extracellular domain of the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence 19 to 1199 of SEQ ID NO: 2; 24 to 1099 of SEQ ID NO: 4; or 43 to 1270 of SEQ ID NO: 6, lacking its associated signal peptide; an intracellular domain of the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4, 6 or 8; and polypeptides, the amino acid sequence of which comprises about residues 1-18 (putative signal sequence), 19-518 (sema domain), 451-530 (1° MRS), 601-680 (2° MRS), 751-830 (3° MRS), 800-1010 (G-P repeats) or 1196-1215 (putative transmembrane domain) of SEQ ID

NO: 2; about residues 1-23 (putative signal sequence), 24-507 518 (sema domain) or 1100-1119 (putative transmembrane domain) of SEQ ID NO: 4; or about residues 1-42 (putative signal sequence), 43-600 (sema domain), 541-620 (1° MRS), 691-770 (2° MRS), 831-910 (3° MRS), 900-1110 (G-P repeats) or 1270-1293 (putative transmembrane domain) of SEQ ID NO: 6; or about residue 8-49 (1° MRS) or 154-199 (2° MRS) of SEQ ID NO: 8.

By "isolated" is meant a compound (*e.g.*, a nucleic acid molecule or a protein) that has been separated from components (*e.g.*, nucleic acid molecules, proteins, lipids, and/or carbohydrates) which naturally accompany it. Water, buffers, and other small molecules (*e.g.*, molecules having a molecular weight of less than about 1000 daltons) may accompany an isolated compound of the invention. Preferably, an isolated compound is at least 70%, by weight, free from components which naturally accompany it. More preferably, an isolated is at least 75%, by weight, free from components which naturally accompany it; still more preferably, at least 80%, by weight, free; even more preferably, at least 85%, by weight, free; and even more preferably, at least 90%, by weight, free from components which naturally accompany it. Most preferably, a substantially purified compound is at least 95%, by weight, free from components which naturally accompany it.

Where the isolated compound is a nucleic acid molecule, the isolated nucleic acid molecule is separated from other nucleic acids (*e.g.*, genes or transcripts) or proteins which, in the naturally-occurring genome of the organism from which the nucleic acid molecule was derived, flanked the nucleic acid molecule. Isolated nucleic acid molecules therefore include, without limitation, a recombinant nucleic acid molecule incorporated into a plasmid or other vector (*e.g.*, a replication-defective virus); a recombinant nucleic acid molecule incorporated into the genome of a prokaryotic or eukaryotic organism; or a nucleic acid molecule which exists as a separate molecule independent of other nucleic acids (*e.g.*, a PCR product, a chemically synthesized nucleic acid molecule, or a nucleic acid molecule produced by restriction endonuclease digestion). Purification of a nucleic acid molecule can be accomplished and measured by any standard method including, without limitation, sequence analysis, chemical synthesis, PCR, CsCl gradient, phenol:chloroform extraction, ethanol precipitation, Southern or Northern blotting analysis followed by band extraction and purification, and

-13-

high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC; see, *e.g.*, Fisher (1980) Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Work and Burdon (eds.), Elsevier).

Thus, in one non-limiting example, to obtain an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a plexin polypeptide, a nucleic acid molecule is chemically synthesized on a standard oligonucleotide synthesis machine. The resulting single stranded molecule is then subjected to second strand synthesis to form a duplex DNA molecule, which is then ligated into a plasmid capable of replication in a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell. The nucleic acid molecule is then replicated in the cell, purified (*e.g.*, by CsCl gradient), and subjected to sequence analysis.

In certain embodiments of the first aspect of the invention, the nucleic acid molecule has a nucleic acid sequence comprising SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9. Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule of the invention has not more than 500 nucleotides flanking each of the 5' and 3' ends of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5, 7 or 7. In certain embodiments, the plexin polypeptide has an amino acid sequence that comprises SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4, 6, 8 or 10. Preferably, the plexin polypeptide of the invention has not more than 50 amino acid residues flanking each of the N-terminal and C-terminal ends of SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4, 6, 8 or 10.

In certain embodiments of the first aspect of the invention, the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under stringent conditions (as defined herein) to SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9.

The invention also includes nucleic acid molecules that hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions (as defined herein) to all or a portion of the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9 or its complement. The hybridizing portion of the hybridizing nucleic is at least 80%, *e.g.*, at least 95%, or at least 98%, homologous to the sequence of a portion or all of a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4, 6, 8 or 10, or its complement. Hybridizing nucleic acids of the type described herein can be used, for example , as a cloning probe, a primer (*e.g.*, a PCR primer) or a diagnostic probe.

Hybridization of the oligonucleotide probe to a nucleic acid sample typically is performed under stringent conditions. Nucleic acid duplex or hybrid stability is expressed as the melting temperature or Tm, which is the temperature at which a probe dissociates from a target DNA. This melting temperature is used to define the required stringency conditions. If sequences are to be identified that are related and substantially

-14-

identical, rather than identical, then it is useful to first establish the lowest temperature
at which only homologous hybridization occurs with a particular concentration of salt
(*e.g.*, SSC or SSPE). Then, assuming that 1% mismatch results in a 1°C decrease in the
Tm, the temperature of the final wash in the hybridization reaction is reduced

5   accordingly (for example, if the sequences have > 95% identity with the probe are
sought, the final wash temperature is decreased 5°C). In practice, the change in the Tm
can be between 0.5 C and 1.5 C per 1% mismatch. "Stringent conditions" involve
hybridization at 68°C in 5x SSC/5x Denhardt's solution/1.0% SDS, and washing in
0.2xSSC/0.1% SDS at room temperature. "Moderately stringent conditions" include

10   washing in 3xSSC at 42°C. The parameters of salt concentration and temperature can
be varied to achieve the optimal level of identity between the probe and the target
nucleic acid. Additional guidance regarding such conditions is readily available in the
art, for example, by Sambrook *et al., supra*; and Ausubel *et al., supra*.

Nucleic acid sequence homology (as well as amino acid sequence homology) can

15   be measured according to standard methods. Unless otherwise specified, as used herein
used herein, "percent homology" of two amino acid sequences or of two nucleic acids is
determined using the algorithm of Karlin and Altshul (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87:
2264-2268, 1990), modified as in Karlin and Altschul (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:
5873-5877, 1993). Such an algorithm is incorporated into the NBLAST and XBLAST

20   programs of Altschul et al. (*J. Mol. Biol.* 215: 403-410, 1990). BLAST nucleotide
searches are performed with the NBLAST program, e (score) = 100, word length = 12, to
obtain nucleotide sequences homologous to a nucleic acid molecule of the invention.
BLAST protein searches are performed with the XBLAST program, e (score) = 50, word
length = 3, to obtain amino acid sequences homologous to a reference polypeptide (*e.g.*,

25   SEQ ID NO: 2). To obtain gapped alignments for comparison purposes, Gapped BLAST
is utilized as described in Altschul et al. (*Nucleic Acids Res.* 25: 3389-3402, 1997).
When utilizing BLAST and Gapped BLAST programs, the default parameters of the
respective programs (*e.g.*, XBLAST and NBLAST) are used, namely e=10; w=11 for
nucleic acid; w=3 for amino acid (the Blosum 62 scoring matrix); low complexity

30   sequence filtering. The default settings of BLAST emphasize regions of local alignment
to detect relationships among sequences which share only isolated regions of similarity
(Altschul et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* 215: 403-410 (1990). See http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov.

Thus, in a non-limiting example to obtain an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a plexin polypeptide, a nucleic acid molecule having the sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5 or 7 is used to probe a cDNA library under stringent conditions according to standard techniques (see., *e.g.*, Ausubel *et al.*, *supra*). Upon identification of a positive

5   clone (*i.e.*, a clone that hybridizes to SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5 or 7 under stringent conditions), that clone is expanded and subjected to sequence analysis. A nucleic acid molecule having a nucleic acid sequence that is at least 70% identical, preferably at least 75% identical, more preferably, at least 80% identical, still more preferably at least 85% identical, even more preferably, at least 90% identical, and most preferably at least 95%

10   identical (as measured by the basic BLAST program of NCBI on default settings) to SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5 or 7 is a nucleic acid molecule of the invention.

In a second aspect, the invention provides four novel isolated plexin polypeptides.

"Isolated" is as defined for the first aspect of the invention. Where the isolated compound is a polypeptide, the isolated polypeptide is separated from organic molecules,

15   such as nucleic acid molecules, polypeptides, and/or carbohydrates, which, in the naturally-occurring organism from which the polypeptide was derived, accompany the polypeptide. Isolated polypeptides therefore also include a recombinant polypeptide (*e.g.*, a human polypeptide expressed in an insect cell), or a chemically synthesized polypeptide. Purification of a polypeptide can be accomplished and measured by any

20   standard method including, without limitation, chemical synthesis, recombinant polypeptide expression in prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells, affinity chromatography, Western blotting analysis, SDS-PAGE analysis, and/or HPLC.

In accordance with this aspect, the invention provides all derivatives, mutants, truncations, and/or splice variants of the four novel plexin polypeptides, so long as these

25   derivatives, mutants, truncations, and/or splice variants share at least 60% amino acid sequence homology with SEQ ID NOS: 2 ,4 ,6 or 8, preferably, at least 65% sequence homology, more preferably, at least 70% sequence homology, more preferably, at least at least 75% sequence homology, more preferably, at least 80% sequence homology, still more preferably at least 85% sequence homology, even more preferably, at least 90%

30   sequence homology, and most preferably at least 95% sequence homology with SEQ ID NOS: 2 ,4 ,6 or 8 as determined using the basic BLAST program of the National Center for Biotechnology (NCBI; National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, MD), using the

default settings defined therein using the sequence of the four novel plexin derivative, mutant, truncation and/or splice variance as the probe.

Preferred plexin polypeptide derivatives include polypeptides whose sequences differ from the sequence given in SEQ ID NOS: 2 ,4 ,6 or 8, by one or more

5   conservative amino acid substitutions, or by one or more non-conservative amino acid substitutions, deletions or insertions which do not abolish the biological activity of the plexins. Conservative amino acid substitutions typically include the substitution of one amino acid for another with similar biochemical characteristics, such as polarity, size, and/or charge. Non-limiting examples of conservative substitutions are substitutions

10   within the following groups: valine, glycine, glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine; aspartic acid, glutamic acid, asparagine, glutamine; serine, threonine; lysine, arginine, phenylalanine, and tyrosine.

Useful methods for mutagenesis to generate plexin mutants are known in the art (see, e.g., Sambrook et al., supra; Ausubel et al., supra). Preferred methods for

15   mutagenesis are described in PCT Publication WO99/12965 and include PCR mutagenesis and saturation mutagenesis. A library of random amino acid sequence variants can also be generated by the synthesis of a set of degenerate oligonucleotide sequences.

In certain embodiments of the second aspect of the invention, the plexin

20   polypeptide has a sequence comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 2 ,4 ,6 or 8. In one non-limiting example, in accordance with the invention, an isolated plexin polypeptide comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 2 ,4 ,6 or 8 can chemically synthesized according to standard techniques (e.g., at a commercial peptide generating facility).

25   For example, a putative plexin polypeptide is purified and subjected to N-terminal sequencing to determine its amino acid sequence. The amino acid sequence of the polypeptide is then compared to SEQ ID NOS: 2 ,4 ,6, 8 or 10 (as measured by the basic BLAST program of NCBI on default settings). A polypeptide that shares at least 60% homology with SEQ ID NOS: 2 ,4 ,6, 8 or 10 is a plexin polypeptide of the

30   invention.

In another example, purification of a plexin polypeptide is facilitated by the addition of a tag to the polypeptide that enables purification of the tagged polypeptide. Non-limiting examples of a tag include a hemagglutinin (HA) tag, a his tag, a GST tag, a

-17-

FLAG-tag, and a myc tag. Thus, a nucleic acid molecule of the first aspect is engineered using standard molecular biology techniques to incorporate the nucleic acid sequence encoding the tag. The engineered nucleic acid molecule is then introduced and positioned for expression in an appropriate cell to produce the recombinant tagged polypeptide, which can then be readily purified by binding of the tag to its substrate. For example, the his tag binds to Ni-NTA agarose. Likewise, a GST (glutathione S-transferase) tag binds to glutathione agarose beads. Both his tag and GST tag expression and purification kits are commercially available from PharMingen (San Diego, CA). Likewise, myc-tagged plexin polypeptide are produced by cells introduced with a nucleic acid molecule encoding the tagged protein and positioned for expression in the cell.

It will be appreciated that particularly useful polypeptides of this aspect of the invention are secreted by the cell in which they are produced, thus facilitating purification of the polypeptide from the culture media in which the cells have been maintained, without requiring lysis of the cell.

In a third aspect, the invention provides a cell engineered to comprise a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides. By "engineered" is meant that the cell of the invention has been modified by standard molecular biology techniques. Where the cell is "engineered to comprise a nucleic acid molecule," standard molecular biology techniques have been employed to introduce the indicated nucleic acid molecule into the cell, either by transformation or transfection of the cell with a plasmid, or by infection or transduction of the cell with a recombinant virus.

The nucleic acid molecule of the first aspect of the invention is preferably subcloned into a plasmid or vector (for example, but not limited to, a vector used to generate a recombinant virus), wherein the nucleic acid molecule is positioned for expression in the plasmid or vector. The plasmid or vector is then introduced into a cell by standard techniques to produce an engineered cell in accordance with the third aspect of the invention.

In certain embodiments of the third aspect, the cell is a prokaryotic cell (*e.g.*, a bacterium). For example, *E. coli* cells (*e.g.*, DH5α) are transformed (using, *e.g.*, electroporation) with a bacterial plasmid (*i.e.*, a plasmid containing an *E. coli* origin of replication) containing a nucleic acid molecule of the first aspect of the invention. The transformed bacteria are selected using, for example, an antibiotic-resistance encoding nucleic acid molecule (*e.g.*, ampicillin resistance) on the plasmid such that the antibiotic

resistance protein is expressed by the transformed bacteria. The transformed bacteria are then propagated, and can be cryopreserved and stored frozen in glycerol.

Those of skill in the art will appreciate that in accordance with the third aspect of the invention, a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides may be introduced into a large variety of cells. For example, a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides can be introduced into prokayotic cells (*e.g.*, bacteria), and any eukaryotic cell into which an exogenous nucleic acid molecule may be introduced. Thus, in certain embodiments of the third aspect of the invention, the cell is a eukaryotic cell. Eukaryotic cells according to this aspect of the invention that comprise a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides include, without limitation, yeast cells, plant cells, insect cells, and mammalian cells. Within the category of mammalian cells are cells from any mammalian species (including, without limitation, mouse, hamster, monkey, human), of any lineage (including, without limitation, lymphocyte, fibroblast, stem cell), and may be an immortalized cell, or a non-immortalized cell. Cells, as well as plasmids and/or vectors (*e.g.*, vectors that can be packaged to form infectious virus particles), are commercially available, for example, from the American Type Culture Collection ("ATCC"; Manassas, VA).

In certain embodiments of the third aspect of the invention, the nucleic acid molecule is positioned for expression in the cell. By "positioned for expression" is meant that the nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to at least one regulatory sequence which directs the transcription and translation of the nucleic acid molecule in a cell, such that the cell engineered to comprise the nucleic acid molecule produces (*i.e.*, expresses) the protein encoded by the nucleic acid molecule. By "operably linked" is meant that the nucleic acid molecule and the regulatory sequence are connected in a such a way as to permit expression of the nucleic acid molecule when the nucleic acid molecule is present in a cell. Regulatory sequences include, without limitation, promoters, enhancers, IRES sequences, and polyadenylation signals. Since plexin polypeptides are involved in immune regulation and the modulation of cell growth, it may be desirable to operably link a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides to an inducible promoter.

The four plexin polypeptides that are encoded by the nucleic acid molecules do not necessarily include the transmembrane domain of the four plexin polypeptides, and so may be produced by the cell as an intracellular polypeptide or a soluble secreted

polypeptide. For example, if the polypeptide fragment is secreted by the cell, it can be purified from the conditioned growth media of the transfected cells, without having to lyse the cells. Likewise, although a soluble intracellular polypeptide fragment is purified from only lysed cells, the fragment, being soluble, does not have to be extracted from the

5   cell membrane; thus, different lysis conditions may be used to obtain purified soluble intracellular polypeptide fragment as compared to the lysis conditions required to obtain purified full length plexin polypeptides (which has a transmembrane domain).

Protein expression systems have been established for a variety of cells and are known to those of skill in the art. Cells are also commercially available from the ATCC,

10 and a variety of protein expression system kits are commercially available from, for example, Invitrogen Corp. (Carlsbad, CA), Clontech Laboratories (Palo Alto, CA), PharMingen (San Diego, CA), Promega Corp. (Madison, WI), and Stratagene (La Jolla, CA).

For example, a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin

15 polypeptides is operably linked to bacterial regulatory sequences (*e.g.*, T7 late promoter or bacteriophage regulatory sequences), and the resulting nucleic acid molecule is used to transform bacterial cells, where the transformed bacterial cells produce one of the four plexin polypeptides. In another example, a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides is operably linked to baculovirus regulatory sequences in a

20 baculovirus vector. Recombinant baculovirus are then generated and used to transduce insect cells (using, for example, the expression kit commercially available from Clontech Laboratories. The transduced insect cells comprise a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides positioned for expression in the insect cell, and thus produce one of the four plexin polypeptides.

25 Mammalian cells are widely used as protein expression systems. For example, a mammalian cell may be transduced with a recombinant retrovirus or adenovirus comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides operably linked to regulatory sequences that are either endogenous to the particular virus or exogenous to the virus (*e.g.*, a CMV promoter in a retroviral vector). The transduced

30 mammalian cell is then propagated *in vitro* in tissue culture, *in vivo* (*e.g.*, in an immunocompromised animal), and/or cryopreserved and stored frozen in DMSO.

In another example, mammalian cells are transfected with an expression plasmid comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides

operably linked to one or more regulatory sequences on the plasmid. By "expression plasmid" is meant a plasmid in which an inserted nucleic acid molecule of interest (*e.g.*, encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides, a plexin chimeric molecule, or tagged plexin polypeptide) is operably linked to at least one regulatory sequence such that when the expression plasmid containing the inserted nucleic acid molecule of interest is introduced (*e.g.*, by transfection) into a cell, the inserted nucleic acid molecule is positioned for expression in that cell. The nucleic acid molecule in the expression plasmid, upon being introduced into the cell, is thus positioned for expression in that cell, and enables the cell to produce one of the four plexin polypeptides encoded by the nucleic acid molecule.

In one non-limiting example, a nucleic acid molecule according to the first aspect of the invention is inserted into a standard mammalian expression plasmid (*e.g.*, pcDNA3.1 commercially available from Invitrogen Corp., Carlsbad, California), such that the inserted nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides is operably linked to the regulatory sequences in the mammalian expression plasmid. Mammalian cells are then transfected with this expression plasmid (using, *e.g.*, CaPO$_4$ or DEAE-dextran). Where the expression plasmid contains an antibiotic-resistance encoding nucleic acid molecule (*e.g.*, neomycin resistance on the pCDNA3.1 plasmid) such that the antibiotic resistance protein is expressed by the transfected cells, transfected cells may be selected for the ability to grow in the presence of the antibiotic. The transfected cells may then be propagated and cryopreserved and stored in frozen in DMSO.

In a fourth aspect, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a chimeric molecule comprising at least two segments, wherein one of the segments comprises one of the four plexin polypeptides. By "chimeric molecule" is meant a protein that comprises at least two segments of polypeptide joined together by any means, including, without limitation, a covalent bond (*e.g.*, peptide bond), a non-covalent bond (*e.g.*, ionic bond or hydrogen bond) or by a chemical crosslinker. It should be noted that one of the four plexin polypeptides that has been tagged is within the definition of a chimeric molecule.

In certain embodiments of the fourth aspect of the invention, the nucleic acid molecule encoding the segment of a chimeric molecule comprising one of the four plexin

polypeptides hybridizes under stringent conditions to SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5 or 7. "Stringent conditions" are as described above for the first aspect of the invention.

Standard molecular biology techniques may be employed to generate nucleic acid molecules encoding chimeric molecules according to the fourth aspect of the invention. For example, a nucleic acid molecule encoding the extracellular domain of one of the four plexin polypeptides may be joined, in frame, to a nucleic acid molecule encoding the constant region of an immunoglobulin molecule (see, *e.g.*, Chamow S.M., Antibody Fusion Proteins, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1999). By "in frame" is meant that a first nucleic acid molecule is ligated to a second nucleic acid molecule such that the each of the amino acid sequences of the polypeptides encoded by each of the first and the second nucleic acid molecules is not frame-shifted.

In one non-limiting example, a chimeric molecule comprising the extracellular domain of one of the four plexin polypeptides including the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOS: 2, 4, 6 or 8 is generated. In this example, a nucleic acid molecule encodes amino acid residue number 1(19) through about amino acid residue number 1199 of SEQ ID NO: 2; amino acid residue number 1(24) through about amino acid residue number 1099 of SEQ ID NO: 4; amino acid residue number 1(43) through about amino acid residue number 1270 of SEQ ID NO: 6 and amino acid residue number 1 through about amino acid residue number 199 of SEQ ID NO: 8 with its associated signal peptide (parenthesis depicts about the beginning of the amino acid sequence of the extracellular domain lacking its signal peptide). This nucleic acid molecule is fused in frame with a nucleic acid molecule encoding the constant region of an immunoglobulin, such that the chimeric molecule encoded by the resulting nucleic acid molecule generally has the following structure:

N-terminus	extracellular domain of SEQ ID NO: 2 with or lacking its signal peptide	amino acids from the constant region of an Ig molecule	C-terminus
N-terminus	extracellular domain of SEQ ID NO: 4 with or lacking its signal peptide	amino acids from the constant region of an Ig molecule	C-terminus
N-terminus	extracellular domain of SEQ ID NO: 6 with or lacking its signal peptide	amino acids from the constant region of an Ig molecule	C-terminus
N-terminus	extracellular domain of SEQ ID NO: 8 with or lacking its signal	amino acids from the constant region of an Ig molecule	C-terminus

	peptide		

The heavy chain class (*e.g.*, IgG, IgA, IgM, IgD, or IgE) can be varied in this chimeric molecule depending upon which constant region is used. Nucleic acid molecules encoding the constant region of various immunoglobulin (Ig) heavy chains are known

5 (see, *e.g.*, Zettlmeissl et al., *DNA Cell Biol.* **9(5)**:347-53, 1990) Indeed, expression plasmids are available, into which the nucleic acid molecule of interest (*i.e.*, a nucleic acid molecule encoding an extracellular domain of the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2; SEQ ID NO: 4; SEQ ID NO: 6; or SEQ ID NO: 8) can be inserted, and the resulting plasmid introduced into a cell to produce one of the four extracellular plexin-Ig chimeric

10 molecule s (see, *e.g.*, Zettlmeissl et al., *supra*; Miller et al., *J. Exp. Med.* **178** (1): 211-222, 1993).

Any variety of chimeric molecule carrying the extracellular domains of one of the four plexin polypeptide may be generated. For example, the extracellular domain of one of the four plexin polypeptides can be myc-tagged, his-tagged, or FLAG tagged

15 according to standard molecular biology techniques.

Such extracellular proteins are particularly useful for identifying ligands to which the extracellular domain of one of the four plexin polypeptides bind. For example, extracellular plexin-D1-Ig chimera can be immobilized on a protein A-sepharose column. Molecules suspected of binding the extracellular domain of plexin-D1 are added to the

20 column, to which the molecule that binds to the extracellular domain of plexin-D1 adhere, and the non-binding molecules flow through the column. The extracellular plexin-D1-binding molecules are readily eluted, for example, by changing the pH or ion concentration of the elution buffer.

Extracellular plexin proteins are also used to identify cells expressing the ligand

25 of plexin extracellular domain on their cell surface (and thereby also identify the ligand itself). For example, cells are incubated with a FLAG-tagged plexin extracellular domain chimeric molecule. A FLAG-tagged plexin extracellular domain chimeric molecule is generated. An anti-FLAG antibody that is detectably labeled is then added to the cells. By "detectably labeled" is meant any means for marking and identifying the presence of a

30 molecule. Detectable labels include, without limitation, radioactive labels (*e.g.*, ^{32}P or ^{35}S) and fluorophore labels (*e.g.*, FITC, phycoerythrin, or rhodamine). For example, FITC-labeled anti-FLAG antibodies are commercially available from Babco, Richmond,

CA. The "stained" cells (*i.e.*, cells incubated first with the FLAG-tagged plexin extracellular domain chimeric molecule and then with the FITC-labeled anti-FLAG antibody), are then subjected to flow cytometry analysis to select those cells that are labeled with FITC, and so express a molecule that binds to the extracellular domain of one of the four plexin polypeptides. The FITC labeled cells are then further manipulated (*e.g.*, characterized to determine which cells express the plexin polypeptide ligand).

The ligand of the plexin extracellular domain is itself identified, for example, by lysing the cells, adding the lysate to one of the four plexin extracellular domain-Ig chimeric molecule columns described above, and purifying the ligand. The ligand is then sequenced by N-terminal sequencing.

In another non-limiting example, the intracellular domain of one of the four plexin polypeptides is used as "bait" in a yeast two-hybrid system to identify ligands that interact with the intracellular domain of one of the four plexins described herein. For general description of the two-hybrid system, see U.S. Patent Nos. 5,283,173; 5,468,614; and 5,695,941. In this example, a nucleic acid molecule encoding from about amino acid residue number 143 through at least amino acid residue number 214 of SEQ ID NO: 2 is inserted into a standard DNA binding domain expression plasmid (*e.g.*, the GAL4 DNA binding domain plasmid in the Interactor kit commercially available from PharMingen (San Diego, CA). (It will be understood that the nucleic molecule may encode amino acid residue number 138-148 through at least amino acid residue number 214 of SEQ ID NO: 2.) A variety of cDNA libraries in transcriptional activation domain vectors are available (*e.g.*, from Clontech, Palo Alto CA). The cDNA libraries are screened employing standard methods (see, *e.g.*, the methods employed in U.S. Patent No. 5,780,262) to identify cDNA clones encoding a ligand that binds to the intracellular domain of one of the four plexin polypeptides. One preferable cDNA library screened in this example is a cDNA library generated from an immune cell (*e.g.*, a lymphocyte or NK cell).

In a fifth aspect, the invention provides a purified chimeric molecule comprising one of the four plexin polypeptides. Methods for purifying proteins are as described for the second aspect of the invention.

In a sixth aspect, the invention provides a cell engineered to comprise a nucleic acid molecule encoding a chimeric molecule comprising at least two segments, wherein one of the segments comprises one of the four plexin polypeptides. As described for the

-24-

third aspect of the invention, a nucleic acid encoding a chimeric molecule comprising one of the four plexin polypeptides may be introduced into any variety of cells. In certain embodiments, the cell is a prokaryotic cell or a eukaryotic cell. In certain embodiments, the eukaryotic cell is a yeast cell or a mammalian cell (*e.g.*, a human cell).

In a seventh aspect, the invention provides an isolated binding agent that specifically binds one of the four plexin polypeptides, or specifically binds a chimeric molecule comprising a segment comprising one of the four plexin polypeptides. In certain embodiments, the plexin protein has an amino acid sequence comprising SEQ ID NOS:2, 4, 6 or 8.

By "specifically binds" is meant a binding agent (*e.g.*, an antibody) that binds to its specific target (*e.g.*, one of the four plexin polypeptides) with greater affinity than it binds to other molecules. Preferably, where the binding agent is an antibody, the antibody preferably specifically binds to its specific target with a dissociation constant (K_D) of at least 10^{-5} M, more preferably, 10^{-6} M, even more preferably 10^{-7} M, and most preferably, the binding agent specifically binds to its specific target with a K_D of at least 10^{-8} M.

Preferably, the binding agent of this aspect of the invention is an antibody, such as a monoclonal antibody or a polyclonal antibody, or a fragment of an antibody that specifically binds one of the four plexin polypeptides. Standard methods may be employed to generated both monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies that specifically bind to one of the four plexin polypeptides of the invention. See, *e.g.*, Ausubel et al., *supra*; Coligan, J.E. et al., Current Protocols in Immunology, John Wiley & Sons, New York (1991); and Delves, P.J., Antibody Production: Essential Techniques, John Wiley & Sons, New York (1997). Briefly, the plexin polypeptides of the present invention, purified according to the methods described for the second aspect of the invention, are used to immunize rabbits (*e.g.*, for polyclonal antibodies) or mice (*e.g.*, for monoclonal antibodies) to generate antibody-mediated immunity to the four plexin polypeptides used to immunize the animal. For monoclonal antibodies, antibodies can be screened by, *e.g.*, ELISA, to identify those antibodies that show the highest affinity for the immunizing plexin protein of polypeptide fragment. The cloned cell producing the high affinity monoclonal antibody can then propagated *in vitro* (where the antibody is purified from the culture supernatant) or *in vivo* (where the antibody is purified from ascites fluid), and

-25-

can also be cryopreserved and stored frozen at, *e.g.*, -70°C in DMSO, to provide a potentially limitless supply of monoclonal antibody.

In addition to intact monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies, the invention also provides various antibody fragments, such as Fab, F(ab')$_2$, Fv, and sFv fragments. Recombinant, chimeric, and humanized antibodies are also provided.

Recombinant "humanized antibodies" which specifically bind to one of the four plexin polypeptides can be synthesized according to methods known in the art (see, *e.g.*, Green L.L. *et al.*, *Nature Genetics* 7: 13-21, 1994 for fully humanized antibodies expressed in transgenic animals; see also U.S. Patent Nos: 5,693,761; 5,777,085; and 5,585,089). Humanized antibodies are chimeras comprising mostly human IgG sequences into which at least portions of the regions responsible for specific antigen-binding (*e.g.*, CDR's) have been inserted. Animals are immunized with the desired antigen, the corresponding antibodies are isolated, and the portion of the variable region sequences responsible for specific antigen binding are removed. The animal-derived antigen binding regions are then cloned into the appropriate position of human antibody genes in which the antigen binding regions have been deleted. Humanized antibodies minimize the use of heterologous (*i.e.*, inter-species) sequences in human antibodies, and thus are less likely to elicit immune responses in the treated subject (see also, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,807,715).

Construction of different classes of recombinant antibodies can also be accomplished by making chimeric or humanized antibodies comprising nonhuman variable domains and human constant domains (CH1, CH2, CH3) isolated from different classes of immunoglobulins. For example, antibodies with increased antigen binding site valencies can be recombinantly produced by cloning the antigen binding site into vectors carrying the human chain constant regions (see, *e.g.*, Arulanandam *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* 177: 1439-1450, 1993).

In addition, standard recombinant DNA techniques can be used to alter the binding affinities of recombinant antibodies with their antigens by altering amino acid residues in the vicinity of the antigen binding sites. The antigen binding affinity of a humanized antibody can be increased by mutagenesis based on molecular modeling (see, *e.g.*, Queen et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 86: 10029-10033, 1989).

Also provided in the invention are plexin polypeptide-specific single polypeptide chain antibodies (see general methods in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,946,788 and

4,704,692); single domain antibodies (Ward, E.S. et al., *Nature* **341**: 544-546, 1989); and chimeric antibodies (U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567).

Binding agents that specifically bind the plexin polypeptides of the present invention are useful, for example, in determining expression levels of the plexin polypeptides in various tissues of the body, Western blotting analysis, and immunochromatography. Particularly, binding agents that specifically bind the plexin polypeptides are useful for binding the plexin polypeptide on a cell expressing the plexin polypeptide, thereby activating the cell.

A binding agent that specifically binds one of the four plexin polypeptides, for example, is effective as an immune modulator. Additional applications include, without limitation, an injectable formulation comprising a binding agent that specifically binds one of the four plexin polypeptides that is useful to antagonize activity in a disease involving aberrant immune regulation or a disease involving aberrant cell growth.

In an eighth aspect, the invention provides an isolated antisense oligonucleotide complementary to a portion of a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides. In certain embodiments, hybridization of the antisense oligonucleotide to the nucleic acid molecule inhibits transcription or translation of the nucleic acid molecule.

By two nucleic acid molecules being "complementary" to one another is meant that the first nucleic acid molecule (*e.g.*, an oligonucleotide) is able to form Watson-Crick base pair hydrogen bonds (*i.e.*, hybridize) with the second nucleic acid molecule to form a duplex. The first nucleic acid molecule is thus a "complement" of the second nucleic acid molecule.

The antisense oligonucleotides according to the invention are complementary to a region of a nucleic acid molecule (or a region at the intron/exon boundary of DNA or RNA) that encodes one of the four plexin polypeptides. Preparation of antisense oligonucleotides is well known (see, *e.g.*, Agrawal *et al.*, *Trends Biotechnol.* **10**:152-158, 1992; U.S. Patent No. 5,149,798; Agrawal *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **85**:7079-7083, 1988; Froehler, *Tetrahedron Lett.* **27**:5575-5578, 1986; and Bergot et al., *J. Chromatog.* **559**:35-42, 1992.

In a ninth aspect, the invention provides a method for identifying a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides, comprising contacting a pool of candidate nucleic acid molecules with a nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four

plexin polypeptides, wherein hybridization of the nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides under stringent conditions to a candidate nucleic acid molecule identifies the candidate nucleic acid molecule as a nucleic acid molecule that encodes one of the four plexin polypeptides. According to this aspect of the invention, "hybridization" and "stringent conditions" are as defined above for the first aspect of the invention. In certain embodiments, the nucleic acid molecule encoding one of the four plexin polypeptides has a nucleic acid sequence comprising SEQ ID NOS: 1, 3, 5 or 7.

It will be understood that the isolated plexin polypeptides according to the second aspect of the invention, the plexin chimeric molecules according to the fifth aspect of the invention, and binding agents that specifically bind the plexin polypeptides according to the seventh aspect of the invention, are useful as therapeutics to treat an individual suffering from, or suspected of having, a disease or disorder involving aberrant immune regulation or an individual suffering from, or suspected of having, a disease or disorder involving aberrant cell growth, particularly nerve cell growth.

By "disease or disorder involving aberrant immune regulation" is meant any disease or disorder in which an abnormal immune response is generated in response to either self or foreign antigens. Thus, this definition includes, without limitation, autoimmune diseases (*e.g.*, lupus, inflammatory bowel disease, or Diabetes Type 1) and immunosuppressive diseases (*e.g.*, multiple sclerosis or rheumatoid arthritis).

By "disease or disorder involving aberrant cell growth" is meant any disease or disorder in which an abnormal amount of cell growth is observed. "Cell growth" is defined above. Thus, diseases and disorders involving aberrant cell growth include hyperplasia, neoplasia, and cancer, as well as degenerative diseases, such as neurodegenerative diseases.

Preferable therapeutically useful plexin polypeptides are soluble polypeptides (*e.g.*, lacking the hydrophobic transmembrane domain of the plexin polypeptides), particularly soluble polypeptide fragments that are secreted by the cell in which the fragment was produced. In a preferred embodiment the soluble plexin polypeptides are selected from the group consisting of plexin-A-1 (Maestrini et al. 1996 *supra*), plexin-A-2 (Maestrini et al. 1996 *supra*), plexin-A-3 (Maestrini et al. 1996 *supra*), plexin-A-4, plexin-B-1 (Maestrini et al. 1996, *supra*), plexin-B-2, plexin-B-3, plexin-C1 (Comeau et al. 1998 *supra*), plexin-D-1.

In a tenth aspect, the invention provides a method for diagnosing a disease involving aberrant immune regulation or a disease involving aberrant cell growth, comprising comparing the amino acid sequence of one of the four plexin polypeptides from an individual suspected of having the disease with the amino acid sequence of one of the four plexin polypeptides from an unaffected individual, wherein the presence of a difference between the two amino acid sequences identifies the individual suspected of having the disease as having the disease. "Disease or disorder involving aberrant immune regulation" and "disease or disorder involving aberrant cell growth" are as defined above.

By "difference" in the amino acid sequence of one of the four plexin polypeptides from an individual suspected of having the disease or disorder as compared with the amino acid sequence of one of the four plexin polypeptides from an unaffected individual, is meant any mutation that changes the amino acid sequence including substitution, deletion, of addition of one or more amino acid residues.

Thus, in one nonlimiting example, one of the four plexin polypeptides is extracted from cells of an individual suspected of having a disease involving aberrant immune regulation (e.g., using an antibody according to the seventh aspect of the invention). The amino acid sequence of the plexin polypeptide is determined by N-terminal sequencing and compared to the amino acid sequence of one of the four plexin polypeptides from an unaffected individual (i.e., a normal individual of the same species that does not have a disease involving aberrant immune regulation or a disease involving aberrant cell growth). If there is a difference in the two amino acid sequences, the individual suspected of having a disease involving aberrant immune regulation is identified as having a disease involving aberrant immune regulation, and may be treated accordingly.

In certain embodiments of the tenth aspect, the amino acid sequence of the plexin polypeptide from the unaffected individual comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 6, 8 or 10.

The following examples are intended to further illustrate certain preferred embodiments of the invention and are not limiting in nature. Those skilled in the art will recognize, or be able to ascertain, using no more than routine experimentation, numerous equivalents to the specific substances and procedures described herein. Such

equivalents are considered to be within the scope of this invention, and are covered by the following claims.

　　　　Practice of the present invention will employ, unless indicated otherwise, conventional techniques of cell biology, cell culture, molecular biology, microbiology, recombinant DNA, protein chemistry, and immunology, which are within the skill of the art. Such techniques are described in the literature. See, for example, **Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual,** 2nd edition. (Sambrook, Fritsch and Maniatis, eds.), Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989; **DNA Cloning**, Volumes I and II (D.N. Glover, ed), 1985; **Oligonucleotide Synthesis**, (M.J. Gait, ed.), 1984; U.S. Patent No. 4,683,195 (Mullis et al.,); **Nucleic Acid Hybridization** (B.D. Hames and S.J. Higgins, eds.), 1984; Transcription and Translation (B.D. Hames and S.J. Higgins, eds.), 1984; **Culture of Animal Cells** (R.I. Freshney, ed). Alan R. Liss, Inc., 1987; **Immobilized Cells and Enzymes,** IRL Press, 1986; **A Practical Guide to Molecular Cloning** (B. Perbal), 1984; **Methods in Enzymology,** Volumes 154 and 155 (Wu et al., eds), Academic Press, New York; **Gene Transfer Vectors for Mammalian Cells** (J.H. Miller and M.P. Calos, eds.), 1987, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory; **Immunochemical Methods in Cell and Molecular Biology** (Mayer and Walker, eds.), Academic Press, London, 1987; **Handbook of Experiment Immunology,** Volumes I-IV (D.M. Weir and C.C. Blackwell, eds.), 1986; **Manipulating the Mouse Embryo,** Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1986.

　　　　The following Examples are provided to illustrate the present invention, and should not be construed as limiting thereof.

-30-

EXAMPLES

Example 1

Identification and cDNA cloning of *plexins* and sequence analysis

Since the coding sequences of human *plexin-B1(SEP)*, *plexin-A2(OCT)* and

5   *plexin-A1(NOV)* were incomplete, we obtained the missing cDNA by RT-PCR; primers

were designed by homology to orthologous murine sequences and corresponding ESTs.

Updated database entries are X87904, X87831 and X87832, respectively. Partial cDNA

of *plexin-A4* was obtained by assembling five overlapping human ESTs (HGI THC

Report: THC203425), deriving from chromosome 7 specific cDNA pools. Another EST

10   from chr. 7 (clone 7B19F10) encodes the cytoplasmic domain of a plexin and

presumably derives from the same gene as *plexin-A4*. *Plexin-B2* cDNA was amplified

by RT-PCR starting from the partial cDNA sequences of clones *MM1* (Shinoura, N.,

Shamraj, O.I., Hugenholz, H., Zhu, J.G., McBlack, P., Warnick, R., Tew, J.J., Wani,

M.A., and Menon, A.G. (1995). Identification and partial sequence of a cDNA that is

15   differentially expressed in human brain tumors. Cancer Lett *89*, 215-221) and

KIAA0315 (Genbank database); the genomic locus of *SEP-B* was identified due to its

100% sequence identity with clone C22_311 from human chromosome 22. *Plexin-B3*

coding sequence was identified in the genomic sequence of ALD locus on human

chromosome Xq28, using the algorithms HEXON and GENIE. *Plexin-D1* was similarly

20   found in the genomic sequence of chromosome 3 (pac pDJ70i11). The genomic

sequence of *plexin-B1(SEP)*, in the region of the alternative splicing of the extracellular

domain, was obtained using the following primers: sense

5'GCAGCACCTGTGCACCCACAAGGC3' and antisense:

5'TGCAGGCTGGACGGGAGGATGAGG3'. The common donor site is

25   CCATCAG/gtgattgt (position 2028 from ATG); the alternative splice acceptor sites are:

(i) cccccttcag/AGCCC, leading to the canonical plexin-B1 sequence, and (ii)

ctcctctcag/GTGAT, leading to "plexin-B1 truncated" variant. All these new sequences

were analyzed using the algoritms BLAST2, NETPHOS (phosphorylation prediction

sites, by Nicolaj Blom), PH-PREDICT and Consensus Protein Secondary Structure

30   prediction at IBCP. The phylogenetic tree was generated using AllAll algorithm of the

Darwin sequence analysis system (at CBRG).

Example 2

Plexin cDNA expression constructs and protein analysis

Cell transfections were carried out by Calcium phosphate and DEAE-dextran methods, using 5-10 μg of each cDNA (1-2 μg each in case of cotransfections). For transient transfections in COS and BOSC-23 cells the cDNA was cloned in pCDNA3 or derived expression plasmids (Invitrogen). MDCK stable transfectants for *plexin-A3* were obtained using pCEP4 expression plasmid (Invitrogen); the selection was done in the presence of Hygromicin-B (100-200 μg/ml). Plexin-A3 positive clones of MDCK cells were isolated from two independent transfections, and showed identical biological properties. Plexin and neuropilin expression constructs included a VSV- and myc-tag at the N' and C' protein termini, respectively, detected by monoclonal antibodies anti-VSV-G (cat. V-5507, Sigma) and anti-cMyc-tag (cat. OP10-100UG, Calbiochem). "Plexin-B1 truncated" splice variant was expressed from a cDNA fragment isolated by RT-PCR and VSV-tagged at the N' terminus: the encoded amino acid sequence spans up to aa 676 (including the *sema* domain and two MRS motifs). "Plexin-B1-sema" derives from a further deletion of the plexin-B1 extracellular domain, and exclusively includes the *sema* domain. "Plexin-B1-Δsema" protein mutant includes only the C' terminal half of plexin-B1 extracellular domain, starting from amino acid 606, i.e. excluding sema domain and first MRS but including second and third MRS, transmembrane and intracellular domains.

For immunoprecipitations, cells were lysed with EB buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, 5 mM EDTA, 150 mM NaCl, 10% glycerol, 1% Triton X-100), in the presence of a cocktail of protease inhibitors and 1mM Na-ortovanadate. Immunoprecipitations were performed at 4□C for 4h with the appropriate antibodies; high stringency washes were performed, in the presence of 1 M LiCl.

For *in vitro* kinase assays, immunopurified proteins were incubated with kinase buffer (50 mM Hepes, 100 μM DTT, 5 mM MnCl₂, 5 mM MgCl₂) in the presence of redivue 5 μCi [γ-^{32}P] ATP (Amersham) for 10 minutes at 4°C in agitation. Samples were then submitted to SDS-PAGE and autoradiography, or analysed using a Phosphor-Imager system (Molecular Dynamics). Alkali treatment of the polyacrilamide gels was performed with 1M KOH for two hours at 55°C.

Western blots were performed according to standard methods. Specific detection of phospho-tyrosines was done with PY20 MoAb (Trasduction laboratories). Final detection was done with ECL system (Amersham).

-32-

Example 3

Semaphorin-SEAP binding assays

       Soluble forms of Semaphorin extracellular domains were expressed as chimeric

molecules with placental Secreted Alkaline Phosphatase (SEAP) and harvested from

5   the conditioned media of transiently transfected COS or BOSC-23 cells. Serum-free

media were concentrated over 100 times using Centricon Plus-20 filters (Millipore)

with a molecular weight cutoff of 100 kDa. The AP activity of these media was

assessed as described (Flanagan, J.G. and Leder, P. (1990). The kit ligand: a cell surface

molecule altered in steel mutant fibroblasts. Cell *63*, 185-194); the specific activity of

10 chimeric molecules was approx. 1000 U/mg. Concentrated Semaphorin-SEAP were

diluted as appropriate in a Hepes buffered saline, additioned with 0.2% BSA, 0.1%

NaN_3, 5 mM $CaCl_2$ and 1 mM $MgCl_2$ (HBSBA). For binding assays, COS cells

transiently transfected with plexins were seeded on 48 well plates to reach confluence,

and then incubated with Semaphorin-SEAP preparations (approx 1-5 nM) for 90

15 minutes at room temperature. The binding was detected as described (Flanagan and

Leder, 1990). Binding experiments with plexin-C1/VESPR were as described (Comeau,

M.R., Johnson, R., DuBose, R.F., Petersen, M., Gearing, P., VandenBos, T., Park, L.,

Farrah, T., Buller, R.M., Cohen, J.I., Strockbine, L.D., Rauch, C., and Spriggs, M.K.

(1998). A poxvirus-encoded semaphorin induces cytokine production from monocytes

20 and binds to a novel cellular semaphorin receptor, VESPR. Immunity. *8*, 473-482; He,

Z. and Tessier-Lavigne, M. (1997). Neuropilin is a receptor for the axonal

chemorepellent Semaphorin III. Cell *90*, 739-751).

       For *in vitro* binding assays, plexin-B1 was purified from cell extracts by

immunoprecipitation with anti-VSV antibody. Extracts of mock-transfected cells were

25 used as control samples. After washing, the immunocomplexes were incubated with

serial dilutions of CD100-SEAP (prepared as above) for 2 hours at 4°C, in continuous

agitation. Samples were then washed 3 times with HBSBA and the bound alkaline

phosphatase activity was measured by colorimetric assay using p-nitro-phenyl-

phosphate, as described (Flanagan and Leder, 1990). Scatchard analysis was done using

30 Equilibrate (by GertJan C. Veenstra).

Example 4

In situ hybridization analysis

RNA *in situ* hybridization was performed essentially as described (He, Z. and
Tessier-Lavigne, M. (1997). Neuropilin is a receptor for the axonal chemorepellent
Semaphorin III. Cell *90*, 739-751). Briefly cDNA fragments of plexin-A1, -A2, and -
A3 were used to generate ^{35}S-labeled antisense and sense RNA probes, which were

5   used for in situ hybridization histochemistry of cryostat sections of rat embryos.

Example 5

Xenopus turning assay

The methods for injecting mRNA encoding various constructs, and for studying
the turning responses of the neurons, are exactly as described previously (Hong, K.,

10   Hinck, L., Nishiyama, M., Poo, M.M., Tessier-Lavigne, M., and Stein, E. (1999). A
ligand-gated association between cytoplasmic domains of UNC5 and DCC family
receptors converts netrin-induced growth cone attraction to repulsion. Cell *97*, 927-
941); Song, H., Ming, G., He, Z., Lehmann, M., Tessier-Lavigne, M., and Poo, M.
(1998). Conversion of neuronal growth cone responses from repulsion to attraction by

15   cyclic nucleotides [see comments]. Science *281*, 1515-1518).

Example 6

Mixed-culture assays and time-lapse videomicroscopy

Mock-transfected and plexin-A3 overexpressing MDCK cells were seeded with
mesenchymal cells (NIH 3T3, KJ29, D17, among others), in multiwell culture plates by

20   1:4 or 1:1 ratio. NIH and KJ-29 cells were sometimes labeled by addition of DiI (1,1'-
dioctadecyl-3,3,3',3'-tetramethylindocarbocyanine perchlorate, Fluka) in the culture
medium, 4 hours before harvesting for the assay; clusters of cells marked with this dye
are marked in blue (in light microscopy) and emit red epifluorecence (TRITC filter).
The repelling effect was observed 16-30 hours after confluency, by contrast phase

25   microscopy using Leica DM IL. The progress of the assays was also monitored by time-
lapse video-microscopy (320 minutes recording were converted into 1 minute play). To
determine the time-length of cell contacts, for each assay, randomly chosen fibroblasts
were followed during several hours and the duration of each contact between their
lamellipodia and MDCK cells was measured. The doubling time of cells and their

30   viability during the assay could also be analyzed, and no differences were observed in
presence of control or plexin-A3 expressing cells. Substrate adhesion of plexin-A3
overexpressing MDCKs was analyzed by counting attached cells after 30 minutes from

seeding on micro-wells coated with fibronectin, collagen or polylysin, in the absence of
calf serum: no differences versus control cells were observed.

Example 7

Apoptosis detection

5   TUNEL reaction (Boehringer detection kit) was performed on mixed cultures of
MDCK and NIH3T3 cells, 24 hours after seeding in a 24-well culture plate. The
labeling was converted into a colorimetric signal for analysis by light microscopy using
the TUNEL-AP detection kit (Boehringer). As a positive control for the induction of
apoptosis, the same cells were treated with UV-C (50 μJ/cm^2) or 1μM staurosporin.

10   Although the foregoing invention has been described in some detail by way of
illustration and example for purposes of clarity of understanding, it will be apparent to
those skilled in the art that certain changes and modifications will be practiced.
Therefore, the description and examples should not be construed as limiting the scope
of the invention, which is delineated by the appended claims.

15 Example 8

Plexins are specific receptors for cell surface semaphorins in vertebrates

         Plexin-C1 (VESPR) has been shown to bind the soluble viral semaphorins Sema
VA and VB (Comeau et al., 1998 supra), and we recently found that Drosophila Plexin
A (D Plex A) interacts with transmembrane Sema 1a (Winberg et al., 1998 supra). We
20 therefore examined in vertebrates whether the extracellular domain of several different
cellular semaphorins -fused to alkaline phosphatase- could bind members of the human
plexin-A, -B and -C subfamilies. Multiple secreted semaphorins of class 3 (Sema3A,
Sema 3C or Sema3F; see below) did not interact with plexins-A1, -A2, -A3, -B1, B2, or
-C1 (data not shown). In contrast, plexin-C1(Vespr) specifically bound Sema7A(Sema-
25 K1) (Fig. 2a), a GPI-membrane linked semaphorin (class 7). This result is not entirely
unexpected, since Sema7A may represent the cellular counterpart of viral semaphorin
SemaVB, previously shown to interact with this plexin (Comeau et al., 1998 *supra*).
More interestingly, the class 4 transmembrane semaphorin Sema4D (CD100) did
interact strongly and specifically with plexin-B1 (Fig. 2a). Thus the prototypes of two
30 distinct plexin families are the receptors for members of two distinct semaphorin sub-
classes. We also found that Sema7A and Sema4D do not bind to neuropilin-1 or -2
alone, nor did co-transfection of either neuropilin with plexin-B1 significantly modify

its binding efficiency (not shown). Neuropilins thus seem so far to function as receptors only for vertebrate semaphorins of class 3.

The affinity constant of Sema4D for plexin-B1 was estimated by Scatchard plot to be in the subnanomolar range ($K_D = 0.9$ nM, Fig. 2b; the estimated K_D of Sema7A for plexin-C1 is 2.1 nM, not shown). These values are consistent with those observed for semaphorins-neuropilins, and fly semaphorin1-Plexin A interactions (He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997 *supra*Winberg et al., 1998).

We used two deletion constructs of plexin-B1 to explore the semaphorin binding sites of plexins. Neither the N-terminal half of plexin-B1 extracellular domain ("plexin-B1 truncated", see previous paragraph), nor its C-terminal half ("plexin-B1-Δsema", see Experimental Procedures) was sufficient alone to bind CD100 (see Fig. 2a), suggesting that the binding of Sema4D depends on multiple structural determinants of the extracellular domain of plexin-B1.

Example 9

Plexins associate with class 3 Semaphorin receptors, Neuropilins

As outlined above, secreted semaphorins of subclass 3 are known to bind neuropilins (He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997 *supra*; Kolodkin et al., 1997 *supra*; Chen, H., Chedotal, A., He, Z., Goodman, C.S., and Tessier-Lavigne, M. (1997) "Neuropilin-2, a novel member of the neuropilin family, is a high affinity receptor for the semaphorins Sema E and Sema IV but not Sema III." Neuron *19*, 547-559). However, the short cytoplasmic tail of neuropilins seems to be dispensable for their biological activity (Nakamura, et al (1998) *supra*), indicating the requirement of an associated co-receptor for signal transduction. Interestingly, in *Drosophila* (where neuropilins have not been identified to date) Plexin A is sufficient to mediate the biological response to semaphorin-1 in axon guidance (Winberg et al., 1998*supra*).

In an initial set of experiments, we could not observe binding of the class 3 semaphorins Sema3A(Sema III), Sema3C(Sema E) or Sema3F(Sema IV) to plexins-A1, A2, A3, B1, B2 or C1 (not shown). To test whether plexins might be coreceptors with neuropilins for class 3 semaphorins, we set up co-precipitation experiments in COS cells to test whether neuropilins may interact with plexins. Three tested plexins (plexin-A1, -A3 and -B1) associated both with neuropilin-2 (Np2, shown in Fig. 3) and neuropilin-1 (not shown). The binding was specific, inasmuch as neither neuropilin nor any plexins coimmunoprecipitated with the netrin receptor DCC, under conditions

where DCC coimmunoprecipitated with the other netrin receptor UNC5H2 (Fig. 3 and data not shown). We observed finally that the plexin-neuropilin association is mediated by the *sema domain* of plexins, as demonstrated using either the "plexin-B1 truncated" splice variant (Figure 3) or an even shorter form of the extracellular domain ("plexin-

5 B1-sema", See Experimental procedures, not shown).

To further support the idea of a plexin-neuropilin multimeric receptor complex for semaphorins, we show here that plexin-A3 (e.g.) is expressed in a large number of neuronal classes, including sensory, sympathetic, motor, and olfactory bulb neurons (Figure 4 and data not shown), which are known to respond to class 3 semaphorins, and

10 which express either neuropilin-1 or neuropilin-2 or both (Chen et al., 1997 *supra*; Feiner, L., Koppel, A.M., Kobayashi, H., and Raper, J.A. (1997). Secreted chick semaphorins bind recombinant neuropilin with similar affinities but bind different subsets of neurons in situ. Neuron *19*, 539-545; He and Tessier-Lavigne, 1997 *supra*; Kolodkin et al., 1997 *supra*). Thus, plexin-A3 is a candidate for a physiological

15 coreceptor involved in mediating class 3 semaphorin effects on these axons. Other plexins may also have a role as neuropilin coreceptors in specific cell populations, such as plexin-A2, which is expressed in a subset of sensory neurons and in dorsal horn cells, and plexin-A1, which is expressed at low levels and broadly in the spinal cord (Figure 4).

20 To directly test the possible involvement of plexins in class 3 semaphorin signal transduction, we studied the repulsive responses of Xenopus spinal neurons to Sema3A, which is mediated by a receptor mechanism involving neuropilin-1 (Song et al., 1998 *supra*). We asked whether these responses could be altered by expression of a presumed dominant-negative plexin-A1 construct lacking the cytoplasmic domain of

25 the protein. Transmembrane proteins can be reliably expressed in these neurons by injecting the encoding mRNA at the developmental two cell stage, allowing the embryos to grow to tadpole stage, and then removing the spinal cord and culturing the neurons (Hong et al., 1999 *supra*). We therefore injected the mRNA encoding the truncated plexin-A1 construct, together with mRNA encoding GFP (as a reporter) and

30 then studied the responses of spinal neurons expressing GFP that were derived from these embryos. Whereas control spinal neurons are repelled by Sema3A (Figure 5A, B and Song et al. 1998 *supra*), neurons from embryos injected with mRNA for truncated plexin-A1 did not respond with either repulsion or attraction to Sema3A (Figure 5C,

D). This blocking effect appeared to be specific, since expression of a different

heterologous receptor, UNC5H2, did not impair repulsion by Sema3A (Hong et al.,

1997 *supra*), and since expression of the truncated plexin construct did not block

attractive responses to netrin-1 (Figure 5E, F). Figure 5G, H quantifies these effects.

5   As can be seen, the effect of Sema3A is completely abolished by the truncated plexin;

although there is a slight apparent decrease in the attractive effect of netrin-1 the effect

is not statistically significant.

Although we have used a truncated plexin-A1 construct, this construct may be

expected to interfere with the function of various plexins, since all the plexins tested

10   (A1, A3 and B1) associated with neuropilin-1. These results support a role for one or

more plexins in mediating the repulsive Sema3A signal in the Xenopus spinal neurons.

Example 10

Plexins signal via a novel type of tyrosine phosphorylated cytoplasmic domain

The sequences of plexin cytoplasmic domains are highly conserved among

15   plexins but do not match any known sequences. We found that the plexin-A3 and

plexin-B1 proteins are phosphorylated on tyrosine residues when overexpressed in

human kidney cells (BOSC-23), as demonstrated using anti-phosphotyrosine antibodies

(Fig. 6a). Furthermore, after immunoprecipitation and in vitro kinase assays, plexin-A3

and plexin-B1 became phosphorylated (Fig. 6b). Resistance to an alkali treatment (see

20   Experimental procedures) confirmed the specific phosphorylation of tyrosine residues.

The cytoplasmic domains of several receptors, including Met proteins, become

tyrosine phosphorylated owing to an intrinsic kinase activity (Ullrich, A. and

Schlessinger, J. (1990) "Signal transduction by receptors with tyrosine kinase activity."

Cell *61*, 203-212). Since the cytoplasmic domain of plexins is not similar to any bona

25   fide or atypical tyrosine kinase, this suggests that a distinct tyrosine kinase co-

immunoprecipitates in association with plexins, and is responsible for their tyrosine

phosphorylation. Although some additional phosphorylated proteins can be found

specifically with plexin-A3 and -B1, we have not as yet identified this associated

kinase. A number of endogenously expressed tyrosine kinases, namely Met, Ron, Abl

30   and Src, were not found associated with plexin-A3 by immunoprecipitation and

Western blotting (not shown). Since tyrosine phosphorylated residues often function as

docking sites for intracellular signal transducers (Cantley, L.C., Auger, K.R., Carpenter,

C., Duckworth, B., Graziani, A., Kapeller, R., and Soltoff, S. (1991) "Oncogenes and

-38-

signal transduction." Cell *64*, 281-302), the fact that the cytoplasmic domains of plexins are tyrosine phosphorylated further suggests that they are part of signaling complexes.

Example 11

        Plexin-A3 expressing cells induce repulsion of co-cultured cells

        Stable transfectants expressing recombinant human plexin-A3 were successfully obtained in four different cell lines: IMR32 and AF8 (human neuroblasts), and BOSC-23 and MDCK (human and canine kidney cells, respectively). We observed modest phenotypic changes in the transfected cells, which generally become flatter and larger in size. The growth rate of plexin-A3 overexpressing cells was comparable to parental lines and we did not observe differences in the ability to adhere on different substrates (data not shown).

        In keeping with previous report on the related Plexin of *Xenopus laevis* (Ohta, K., Mizutani, A., Kawakami, A., Murakami, Y., Kasuya, Y., Takagi, S., Tanaka, H., and Fujisawa, H. (1995). "Plexin: a novel neuronal cell surface molecule that mediates cell adhesion via a homophilic binding mechanism in the presence of calcium ions." Neuron *14*, 1189-1199), we observed a modest increase in calcium-dependent homotypic cell aggregation of plexin-A3 transfectants (not shown). Surprisingly, we found that epithelial MDCK cells overexpressing plexin-A3 mediate strong repelling cues for adjacent cells. This was observed by co-culturing mock-transfected and plexin-A3 overexpressing MDCK cells together with several non-epithelial cell lines (such as NIH3T3, Kj29, and D17; Fig. 7A). Mock MDCKs grew alongside mesenchymal cells until confluency, when both cell types stopped proliferating. In contrast, when plexin-A3-overexpressing epithelial cells were grown in the same conditions, the adjacent mesenchymal cells withdrew from them, and ultimately detached from the plate.

        To analyze the dynamics of this repulsion process, we monitored for 36 hours, by time-lapse video-microscopy, mixed cultures of transfected MDCK cells and fibroblasts, in a number of independent experiments. At low cell density, fibroblasts showed intrinsic motility, exploring the surface of the plate with long lamellipodia and filopodia, and thus coming in contacts with a high number of stationary MDCK islets. The time-length of the contacts between fibroblasts and control MDCK cells varied from 30 minutes to several hours, lasting mostly over 100 minutes. However, when fibroblasts were cultured with MDCK cells overexpressing plexin-A3, transient

contacts were observed, often lasting less than 30 minutes (see Fig. 7C). At higher cell density, fibroblasts stopped and clustered alongside the islands of control MDCKs, whereas they kept moving in a hectic fashion between the islands of plexin-A3 transfected cells (data not shown).

5   This cell-repelling effect is not due to the release of soluble factors, since exchanging conditioned media between mixed cultures was without effect (not shown). Moreover, the two different cell populations grew normally until they came into contact, indicating that the repelling effect requires cell-cell interaction. To rule out the possibility that plexin-A3 expressing cells generate an apoptotic signal for fibroblasts,

10   we monitored cell viability and apoptosis by TUNEL staining. As shown in Figure 7B, the clusters of repelled fibroblasts did not include apoptotic cells; furthermore, the detaching cells still excluded Trypan blue stain and were able to spread again on a new culture plate (not shown).

       Taken together, these results demonstrate that in our experimental system, plexin-

15   A3 mediates cell repelling cues, presumably by interacting with surface bound ligands on opposing cells. We could not identify –so far- the specific ligand for plexin-A3, however we propose that this may be a transmembrane semaphorin. It should be noted that the intracellular domains of transmembrane semaphorins, such as Sema4D, also include tyrosine residues, which may themselves become phosphorylated and associate

20   with cytoplasmic signal transducer molecules, a property shown for ligands of the ephrin family (Holland, S.J., Gale, N.W., Mbamalu, G., Yancopoulos, G.D., Henkemeyer, M., and Pawson, T. (1996) "Bidirectional signalling through the EPH-family receptor Nuk and its transmembrane ligands." Nature *383*, 722-725).

What is claimed is:

1. Isolated nucleic acid having at least 80% nucleic acid sequence identity to a nucleotide sequence that encodes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of the amino acid sequence shown in (SEQ ID NO: 2 (plexin B-2)), (SEQ ID NO: 4 (plexin B-3)), (SEQ ID NO: 6 (plexin D-1)) and (SEQ ID NO: 8 (plexin A-4))

2. Isolated nucleic acid having at least 80% nucleic acid sequence identity to a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the nucleotide sequence shown (SEQ ID NO: 1 (plexin B-2)), (SEQ ID NO: 3 (plexin B-3)), (SEQ ID NO: 5 (plexin D-1)) and (SEQ ID NO: 7 (plexin A-4)).

3. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of any one of claims 1 or 2.

4. An isolated polypeptide having at least 80% amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of the amino acid sequence shown in (SEQ ID NO: 2 (plexin B-2)), (SEQ ID NO: 4 (plexin B-3)), (SEQ ID NO: 6 (plexin D-1)) and (SEQ ID NO: 8 (plexin A-4)).

5. An isolated polypeptide having at least 80% amino acid sequence identity to:

   (a)   the polypeptide shown in (SEQ ID NO: 2 (plexin B-2)), (SEQ ID NO: 4 (plexin B-3)), (SEQ ID NO: 6 (plexin D-1)) and (SEQ ID NO: 8 (plexin A-4)), lacking its associated signal peptide;

   (b)   an extracellular domain of the polypeptide shown in (SEQ ID NO: 2 (plexin B-2)), (SEQ ID NO: 4 (plexin B-3)), (SEQ ID NO: 6 (plexin D-1)) and (SEQ ID NO: 8 (plexin A-4)), with its associated signal peptide; or

   (c)   an extracellular domain of the polypeptide shown in (SEQ ID NO: 2 (plexin B-2)), (SEQ ID NO: 4 (plexin B-3)), (SEQ ID NO: 6 (plexin D-1)) and (SEQ ID NO: 8 (plexin A-4)), lacking its associated signal peptide.

6. A chimeric molecule comprising a polypeptide according to claim 4 or 5 fused to a heterologous amino acid sequence.

7. The chimeric molecule of claim 6, wherein the heterologous amino acid sequence is a Fc region of an immunoglobulin.

8. An antibody that specifically binds to a polypeptide according to claim 4 or 5.

9. The antibody according to claim 8, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal, a humanized antibody or a single-chain antibody.

10. A method of suppressing or altering aberrant cell growth involving a signaling pathway between a plexin and a neuropilin in a mammal comprising the step of administering an effective amount of an agent to said mammal capable of interfering with the association between the plexin and neuropilin

11. A method of treating, suppressing or altering a disorder involving aberrant immune regulation involving a signaling pathway between a plexin and a neuropilin in a mammal comprising the step of administering an effective amount of an agent to said mammal capable of interfering with the association between the plexin and neuropilin.

12. The method according to claim 10 or 11 wherein said agent is a chimeric molecule according to claim 6 or 7.

13. The method according to claim 10 or 11, wherein said agent is an antibody according to claim 8 or 9.

14. A method of diagnosing or screening for tumors in a subject characterized by the expression profiles of the polypeptides according to claim 4 or 5 wherein the expression profile of the polypeptides is different in a non-tumor sample as compared to the expression profile of the polypeptides in a tumor sample.

Figure 1 (Tamagnone et al.)

FIG. 3

FIG. 4

FIG. 5

FIG. 6

a

b

(UV treated)

MDCK mock

MDCK plexin-A3

KJ-29　　　NIH-3T3　　　　　　　　NIH-3T3

0 min　　　50 min　　　100 min　　　150 min

control

Plexin-A3

control　　　　　　　　Plexin-A3

c

■ Persistent contacts
(over 100 min)　　■ Transient contacts
(less than 100 min)　　■ Very transient contacts
(less than 30 min)
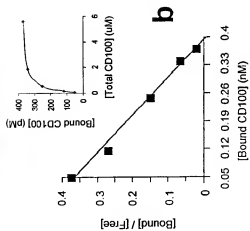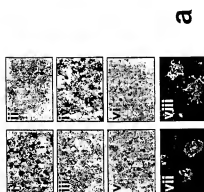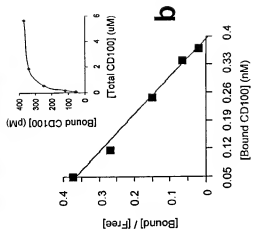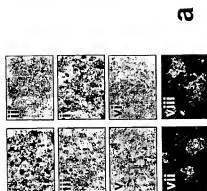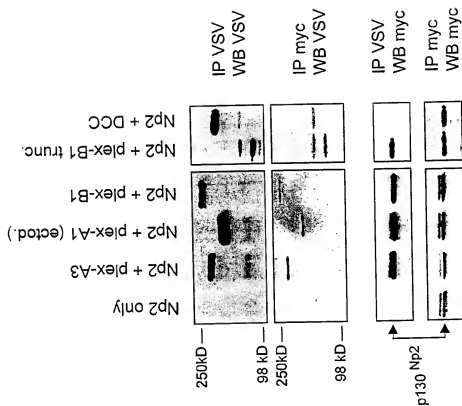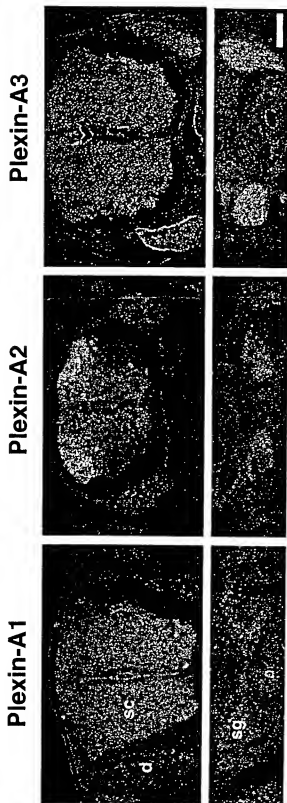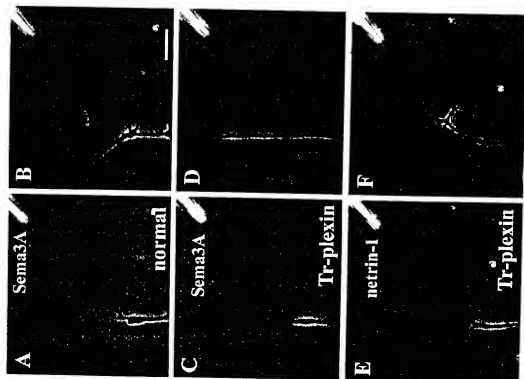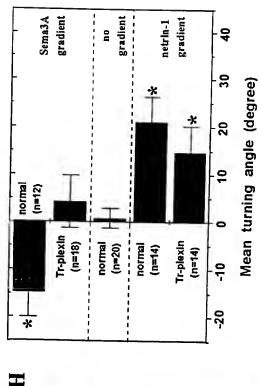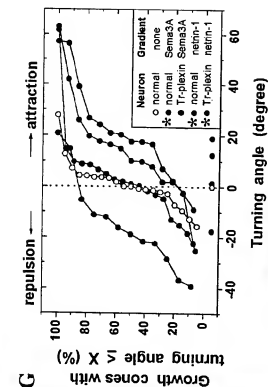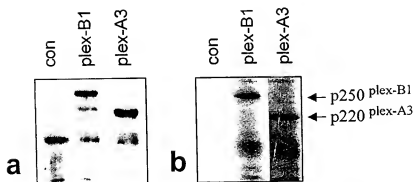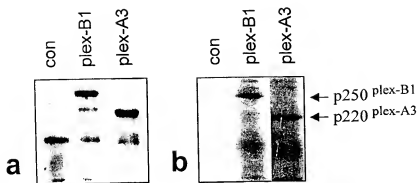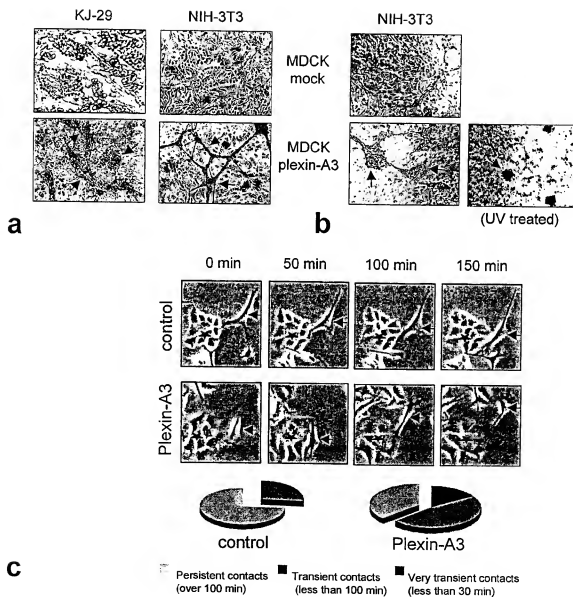
SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> University of Torino

<120> Novel Plexins and Uses Thereof

<130> A077PCT

<140> Not assigned yet
<141> 2000-08-25

<150> 60/150576
<151> 1999-08-25

<160> 12

<170> FastSEQ for Windows Version 4.0

<210> 1
<211> 6252
<212> DNA
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 1
```
gcggggggca atggcactgc agctctgggc cctgaccctg ctgggcctgc tgggcgcagg     60
tgccagcctg aggccccgca agctggactt cttccgcagc gagaaagagc tgaaccacct    120
ggctgtggat gaggcctcag gcgtggtgta cctgggggcg gtgaatgccc tctaccagct    180
ggatgcgaag ctgcagctgg agcagcaggt ggccacgggc ccggccctgg acaacaagaa    240
gtgcacgccg cccatcgagg ccagccagtg ccatgaggct gagatgactg acaatgtcaa    300
ccagctgctg ctgctcgacc ctcccaggaa gcgcctggtg gagtgcggca gcctcttcaa    360
gggcatctgc gctctgcgcg ccctgagcaa catctccctc cgcctgttct acgaggacgg    420
cagcgggag aagtcttttcg tggccagcaa tgatgagggc gtggccacag tggggctggt    480
gagctccacg ggtcctggtg gtgaccgcgt gctgtttgtg ggcaaaggca atgggccaca    540
cgacaacggc atcatcgtga gcactcggct gttggaccgg actgacagca gggaggcctt    600
tgaagcctac acggaccacg ccacctacaa ggccggctac ctgtccacca acacacagca    660
gttcgtggcg gccttcgagg acggccccta cgtcttcttt gtcttcaacc agcaggacaa    720
gcacccggcc cggaaccgca cgctgctggc acgcatgtgc agagaagacc ccaactacta    780
ctcctacctg gagatggacc tgcagtgccg ggacccgac atccacgccg ctgccttggg    840
cacctgcctg gccgcctccg tggctgcgcc tggctctggc agggtgctat atgctgtctt    900
cagcagagac agccggagca gtgggggggc cggtgcgggc ctctgcctgt tcccgctgga    960
caaggtgcac gccaagatgg aggccaaccg caacgcctgt tacacaggca cccggggaggc   1020
ccgtgacatc ttctacaagc ccttccacgg cgatatccag tgcggcggcc acgcgccggg   1080
ctccagcaag agcttcccat gtggctcgga gcacctgccc tacccgctgg gcagccgcga   1140
cgggctcaga ggcacagccg tgctgcagcg tggaggcctg aacctcacgg ccgtgacggt   1200
cgccgccgag aacaaccaca ctgttgcttt tctgggcacc tctgatggcc ggatcctcaa   1260
ggtgtacctc accccagatg gcacctcctc agagtacgac tctatccttg tggagataaa   1320
caagagagtc aagcggcgacc tggtactgtc tggagacctg ggcagcctgt acgccatgac   1380
ccaggacaag gtgttccggc tgctggtgca ggagtgcctg agctaccga agctacccca   1440
gtgccgcgac tcccaggacc cctactgccg ctggtcgctc ctcgagggac gatgcaaccg   1500
gaaggccgag tgtccgccgg ccgagaggcc cagccactgg ctgtggaagc gaagcaagtc   1560
ctgcgtggcc gtcaccagcg cccagccaca gaacatgagc cggcggggcc aggggggaggt   1620
gcagctgacc gtcagccccc tccctgccct gagcgaggag gacgagttgc tgtgcctttt   1680
tgggggagtcg ccgccacacc cgccccgcgt ggagggcgag gccgtcatct gcaactcccc   1740
```

```
aagcagcatc cccgtcacac cgccaggcca ggaccacgtg gccgtgacca tccagctcct    1800
ccttagacga ggcaacatct tcctcacgtc ctaccagtac cccttctacg actgccgcca    1860
ggccatgagc ctggaggaga acctgccgtg catctcctgc gtgagcaacc gctggacctg    1920
ccagtgggac ctgcgctacc acgagtgccg ggaggcttcg cccaaccctg aggacggcat    1980
cgtccgtgcc cacatggagg acagctgtcc ccagttcctg ggacccagcc ccctggtgat    2040
ccccatgaac cacgagacag atgtgaactt ccagggcaag aacctggaca ccgtgaaggg    2100
ttcctccctg cacgtgggca gtgacttgct caagttcatg gagccggtga ccatgcaggga   2160
atctgggacc ttcgcctttc ggaccccaag gctgtcccac gatgccaacg agacgctgcc    2220
cctgcacctc tacgtcaagt cttacggcaa gaatatcgac agcaagctcc atgtgaccct    2280
ctacaactgc tcctttggcc gacggcactg cagcctgtgc cgggccgcta accccgacta    2340
caggtgtgcg tggtgcgggg gccagagcag gtgcgtgtat gaggccctgt gcaacaccac    2400
ctccgagtgc ccgcgcccg tcatcaccag gatccagcct gagacgggcc ccctgggtgg      2460
gggcatccgc atcaccatcc tggggtccaa tttgggcgtc caagcagggg acatccagag    2520
gatctctgtg gccggccgga actgctcctt tcagccgaaa cgttactccg tgtccaccg     2580
gatccgtgt gtgatcgagg ctgcggagac gcctttcacg ggggtgtcg aggtggacgt     2640
cttcggaga ctgggccgtt cgcctcccaa tgtccagttc accttccaac agcccaagcc    2700
tctcagtgtg gagccgcagc agggaccgca ggcggggcggc accacactga ccatccacgg   2760
caccacctg gacacgggct cccaggagga cgtgcgggtg accctcaacg gcgtcccgtg     2820
taaagtgacg aagtttgggg cgcagctcca gtgtgtcact ggccccccagg cgacacgggg   2880
ccagatgctt ctggaggtct cctacggggg gtcccccgtg cccaacccg gcatcttctt     2940
cacctaccgc gaaaaccccg tactgcgagc cttcgagccg ctacgaagcc ctacgaagcc   3000
tggccgcagc atcaacgtca cgggtcaggg cttcagcctg atccagaggt ttgccatggt    3060
ggtcatcgcg gagcccctgc agtcctggca gccgcgcgcg gaggctgaat ccctgcagcc    3120
catgacggtg gtgggtacag actacgtgtt ccacaatgac accaaggtcg tcttcctgtc    3180
cccggctgtg cctgaggagc cagaggccta caacctcacg gtcgtgatcg aggtggacgg    3240
gcaccgtgcc ctgctcagaa cagaggccgg ggccttcgag tacgtgcctg accccacctt    3300
tgagaacttc acaggtggcg tcaagaagca ggtcaacaag ctcatccacg ccgggggcac    3360
caatctgaac aaggcgatga cgctgcaggga ggccgaggcc ttcgtgggtg ccgagcgctg   3420
caccatgagg acgctgacgg agaccgacct gtactgtgag ccccccggagg tgcaggcccc  3480
gccaagcggg cggcagaaac gagacaccac acacaacctg cccgagttca ttgtgaagtt    3540
cggctctcgc gagtggggtg gtgggccgct ggagtacgac acacggtga gcgacgtgcc     3600
gctcagcctc atcttgccgc tggtcatcgt gcccatggtg gtcgtcatcg cggtgtctgt    3660
ctactgctac tggaggaaga gccagcaggc cgaacgagag tatgagaaga tcaagtccca    3720
gctggaagggc ctggaggaga gcgtcgggga ccgtgcaag aaggaattca cagacctgat    3780
gatcgagatg gaggaccaga ccaacgacgt gcacgaggcc ggcatccccg tgctggacta    3840
caagacctac accgaccgcg tcttcttcct gccctccaag gacggcgaca aggacgtgat    3900
gatcaccggc aagctggaca tccctgagcc gcggcggccg gtggtggagc aggcctctca    3960
ccagttctcc aactgctga acagcaagtc ttcctcatc aattcatcc acacctgga     4020
gaaccacggg ggatgctctg cccgcgccaa ggtctacttc gcgtccctgc tgacggtgcc    4080
gctgcacggg aaactggagt actacacgga catcatgcac acgctcttcc tggagctcct    4140
ggagcagtac gtggtggcca agaacccaa gctgatgctg cgcaggtctg agactgtggt    4200
ggagaggatg ctgtccaact ggatgtccat ctgcctgtac cagtacctca aggacagtgc    4260
cggggagccc ctgtacaagc tcttcaaggc catcaaacat caggtggaaa agggcccggt    4320
ggatcggta cagaagaagg ccaagtacac tctcaacgac acggggctgc tggggatga     4380
tgtggagtac gcaccccctga cggtgagcgt gatcgtgcag gacgaggaag tggacgccat   4440
cccggtgaag gtcctcaact gtgacaccat ctcccaggtc aaggaagaaa tcattgacca    4500
ggtgtaccgt gggcagccct gctcctgctg gcccaggcca gacagcgtgg tctggaagtg    4560
ggtccggggc tccacagcgc agatcctgtc ggacctggac ctgacgtcac agcgggaggg    4620
ccggtggaag cgcgtcaaca ccttatgca ctacacatcc cgggatggag ccacctcatc    4680
cctgtccaag gtggggtcct cccagcaagtc ggaggacagc agcagaacc tgcctgggga   4740
gcgccatgcc ctcctggagg aggagaaccg ggtgtggcac ctggtgcggc cgaccgacga    4800
ggtggacgg ggcaagtcca agagaggcag cgtgaaagag aagagcgga cgaaggccat    4860
caccgagatc tacctgacgc ggctgctctc agtcaagggc acactgcagc agttttgtgga   4920
caacttctc cagagcgtgc tggcgcctgg gcacgcggtg ccacctgcag tcaagtactt    4980
cttcgacttc ctggacgagc aggcagagaa gcacaacatc caggatgaag acaccatcca    5040
```

```
catctggaag acgaacagct taccgctccg gttctgggtg aacatcctca agaaccccca    5100
cttcatcttt gacgtgcatg tccacgaggt ggtggacggc tcgctgtcag tcatcgcgca    5160
gaccttcatg gatgcctgca cgcgcacgga gcataagctg agccgcgatt ctcccagcaa    5220
caagctgctg tacgccaagg agatctccac ctacaagaag atggtggagg attactacaa    5280
ggggatccgg cagatggtgc aggtcagcga ccaggacatg aacacacacc tggcagagat    5340
ttcccgggcg cacacggact ccttgaacac cctcgtggca ctccaccagc tctaccaata    5400
cacgcagaag tactatgacg agatcatcaa tgccttggag gaggatcctg ccgcccagaa    5460
gatgcagctg gccttccgcc tgcagcagat tgccgctgca ctggagaaca aggtcactga    5520
cctctgacct aaatctcca gtgctgcctt gggacatagg tacctgaggt acctgagagc    5580
ccctcagggg aggaggccga gtggctgtgg ctgaggcccc caccctcccc tggaacgcgc    5640
cccaagccgg agtgggtgca gccggaaccc gcccagccgtc tagactgtag catcttcctc    5700
tgagcaatac cgccgggcac cgcaccagca ccagccccag ccccagctcc ctccggccgc    5760
agaaccagca tcgggtgttc actgtcgagt ctcgagtgat ttgaaaatgt gccttacgct    5820
gccacgctgg gggcagctgg cctccgcctc cgcccacgca cgcagccg cctccatgcc    5880
ctaggttggg ccccctgggg atctgagggc ctgtggcccc cagggcaagt tcccagatcc    5940
tatgtctgtc tgtccaccac gagatgggag gaggagaaaa agcggtacga tgccttcctg    6000
acctcaccgg cctccccaag ggtgccggca ctctgggtgg actcacggct gctgggcccc    6060
acgtcaaagg tcaagtgaga cgtaggtcaa gtcctacgtc ggggcccaga catcctgggg    6120
tcctggtctg tcagacaggc tgccctagag cccacccaag tccgggggga ctgggagcag    6180
ttccaagacc accccacccc tttttgtaaa tcttgttcat tgtaaatcaa atacagcgtc    6240
tttttcactc cg                                                        6252
```


<210> 2
<211> 1838
<212> PRT
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 2

```
Met Ala Leu Gln Leu Trp Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Gly Ala
1               5                   10                  15
Gly Ala Ser Leu Arg Pro Arg Lys Leu Asp Phe Phe Arg Ser Glu Lys
            20                  25                  30
Glu Leu Asn His Leu Ala Val Asp Glu Ala Ser Gly Val Val Tyr Leu
        35                  40                  45
Gly Ala Val Asn Ala Leu Tyr Gln Leu Asp Ala Lys Leu Gln Leu Glu
    50                  55                  60
Gln Gln Val Ala Thr Gly Pro Ala Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Cys Thr Pro
65                  70                  75                  80
Pro Ile Glu Ala Ser Gln Cys His Glu Ala Glu Met Thr Asp Asn Val
                85                  90                  95
Asn Gln Leu Leu Leu Leu Asp Pro Pro Arg Lys Arg Leu Val Glu Cys
            100                 105                 110
Gly Ser Leu Arg Phe Lys Gly Ile Cys Ala Leu Arg Ala Ala Leu Ser Ile
        115                 120                 125
Ser Leu Arg Leu Phe Tyr Glu Asp Gly Ser Gly Glu Lys Ser Phe Val
    130                 135                 140
Ala Ser Asn Asp Glu Gly Val Ala Thr Val Gly Leu Val Ser Ser Thr
145                 150                 155                 160
Gly Pro Gly Gly Asp Arg Val Leu Phe Val Gly Lys Gly Asn Gly Pro
                165                 170                 175
His Asp Asn Gly Ile Ile Val Ser Thr Arg Leu Leu Asp Arg Thr Asp
            180                 185                 190
Ser Arg Glu Ala Phe Glu Ala Tyr Thr Asp His Ala Thr Tyr Lys Ala
```

- 3 -

```
          195                   200                   205
Gly Tyr Leu Ser Thr Asn Thr Gln Gln Phe Val Ala Ala Phe Glu Asp
    210                   215                   220
Gly Pro Tyr Val Phe Phe Val Phe Asn Gln Gln Asp Lys His Pro Ala
225                   230                   235                   240
Arg Asn Arg Thr Leu Leu Ala Arg Met Cys Arg Glu Asp Pro Asn Tyr
                245                   250                   255
Tyr Ser Tyr Leu Glu Met Asp Leu Gln Cys Arg Asp Pro Asp Ile His
            260                   265                   270
Ala Ala Ala Phe Gly Thr Cys Leu Gln Ala Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Pro Gly
        275                   280                   285
Ser Gly Arg Val Leu Tyr Ala Val Phe Ser Arg Asp Ser Arg Ser Ser
        290                   295                   300
Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Gly Leu Cys Leu Phe Pro Leu Asp Lys Val His
305                   310                   315                   320
Ala Lys Met Glu Ala Asn Arg Asn Ala Cys Tyr Thr Gly Thr Arg Glu
                325                   330                   335
Ala Arg Asp Ile Phe Tyr Lys Pro Phe His Gly Asp Ile Gln Cys Gly
            340                   345                   350
Gly His Ala Pro Gly Ser Ser Lys Ser Phe Pro Cys Gly Ser Glu His
    355                   360                   365
Leu Pro Tyr Pro Leu Gly Ser Arg Asp Gly Leu Arg Gly Thr Ala Val
    370                   375                   380
Leu Gln Arg Gly Gly Leu Asn Leu Thr Ala Val Thr Val Ala Ala Glu
385                   390                   395                   400
Asn Asn His Thr Val Ala Phe Leu Gly Thr Ser Asp Gly Arg Ile Leu
                405                   410                   415
Lys Val Tyr Leu Thr Pro Asp Gly Thr Ser Ser Glu Tyr Asp Ser Ile
            420                   425                   430
Leu Val Glu Ile Asn Lys Arg Val Lys Arg Asp Leu Val Leu Ser Gly
        435                   440                   445
Asp Leu Gly Ser Leu Tyr Ala Met Thr Gln Asp Lys Val Phe Arg Leu
        450                   455                   460
Pro Val Gln Glu Cys Leu Ser Tyr Pro Thr Cys Thr Gln Cys Arg Asp
465                   470                   475                   480
Ser Gln Asp Pro Tyr Cys Gly Trp Cys Val Val Glu Gly Arg Cys Thr
                485                   490                   495
Arg Lys Ala Glu Cys Pro Arg Ala Glu Glu Ala Ser His Trp Leu Trp
            500                   505                   510
Ser Arg Ser Lys Ser Cys Val Ala Val Thr Ser Ala Gln Pro Gln Asn
        515                   520                   525
Met Ser Arg Arg Ala Gln Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Thr Val Ser Pro Leu
530                   535                   540
Pro Ala Leu Ser Glu Glu Asp Glu Leu Leu Cys Leu Phe Gly Glu Ser
545                   550                   555                   560
Pro Pro His Pro Ala Arg Val Glu Gly Glu Ala Val Ile Cys Asn Ser
                565                   570                   575
Pro Ser Ser Ile Pro Val Thr Pro Pro Gly Gln Asp His Val Ala Val
            580                   585                   590
Thr Ile Gln Leu Leu Leu Arg Arg Gly Asn Ile Phe Leu Thr Ser Tyr
    595                   600                   605
Gln Tyr Pro Phe Tyr Asp Cys Arg Gln Ala Met Ser Leu Glu Glu Asn
    610                   615                   620
Leu Pro Cys Ile Ser Cys Val Ser Asn Arg Trp Thr Cys Gln Trp Asp
625                   630                   635                   640
```

```
Leu Arg Tyr His Glu Cys Arg Glu Ala Ser Pro Asn Pro Glu Asp Gly
                645                 650                 655
Ile Val Arg Ala His Met Glu Asp Ser Cys Pro Gln Phe Leu Gly Pro
            660                 665                 670
Ser Pro Leu Val Ile Pro Met Asn His Glu Thr Asp Val Asn Phe Gln
        675                 680                 685
Gly Lys Asn Leu Asp Thr Val Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu His Val Gly Ser
        690                 695                 700
Asp Leu Leu Lys Phe Met Glu Pro Val Thr Met Gln Glu Ser Gly Thr
705                 710                 715                 720
Phe Ala Phe Arg Thr Pro Lys Leu Ser His Asp Ala Asn Glu Thr Leu
                725                 730                 735
Pro Leu His Leu Tyr Val Lys Ser Tyr Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ser Lys
            740                 745                 750
Leu His Val Thr Leu Tyr Asn Cys Ser Phe Gly Arg Ser Asp Cys Ser
        755                 760                 765
Leu Cys Arg Ala Ala Asn Pro Asp Tyr Arg Cys Ala Trp Cys Gly Gly
    770                 775                 780
Gln Ser Arg Cys Val Tyr Glu Ala Leu Cys Asn Thr Thr Ser Glu Cys
785                 790                 795                 800
Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Thr Arg Ile Glu Gln Pro Glu Thr Pro Leu Gly
                805                 810                 815
Gly Gly Ile Arg Ile Thr Ile Leu Gly Ser Asn Leu Gly Val Gln Ala
            820                 825                 830
Gly Asp Ile Gln Arg Ile Ser Val Ala Gly Arg Asn Cys Ser Phe Gln
        835                 840                 845
Pro Glu Arg Tyr Ser Val Ser Thr Arg Ile Val Cys Val Ile Glu Ala
    850                 855                 860
Ala Glu Thr Pro Phe Thr Gly Gly Val Glu Val Asp Val Phe Gly Lys
865                 870                 875                 880
Leu Gly Arg Ser Pro Pro Asn Val Gln Phe Thr Phe Gln Gln Pro Lys
                885                 890                 895
Pro Leu Ser Val Glu Pro Gln Gln Gly Pro Gln Ala Gly Gly Thr Thr
            900                 905                 910
Leu Thr Ile His Gly Thr His Leu Asp Thr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Val
        915                 920                 925
Arg Val Thr Leu Asn Gly Val Pro Cys Lys Val Thr Lys Phe Gly Ala
    930                 935                 940
Gln Leu Gln Cys Val Thr Gly Pro Gln Ala Thr Arg Gly Gln Met Leu
945                 950                 955                 960
Leu Glu Val Ser Tyr Gly Gly Ser Pro Val Pro Asn Pro Gly Ile Phe
                965                 970                 975
Phe Thr Tyr Arg Glu Asn Pro Val Leu Arg Ala Phe Glu Pro Leu Arg
            980                 985                 990
Ser Phe Ala Ser Gly Gly Arg Ser Ile Asn Val Thr Gly Gln Gly Phe
        995                 1000                1005
Ser Leu Ile Gln Arg Phe Ala Met Val Val Ile Ala Glu Pro Leu Gln
    1010                1015                1020
Ser Trp Gln Pro Pro Arg Glu Ala Glu Ser Leu Gln Pro Met Thr Val
1025                1030                1035                1040
Val Gly Thr Asp Tyr Val Phe His Asn Asp Thr Lys Val Val Phe Leu
                1045                1050                1055
Ser Pro Ala Val Pro Glu Glu Pro Glu Ala Tyr Asn Leu Thr Val Leu
            1060                1065                1070
Ile Glu Met Asp Gly His Arg Ala Leu Leu Arg Thr Glu Ala Gly Ala
```

- 5 -

```
       1075                1080                1085
Phe Glu Tyr Val Pro Asp Pro Thr Phe Glu Asn Phe Thr Gly Gly Val
   1090                1095                1100
Lys Lys Gln Val Asn Lys Leu Ile His Ala Arg Gly Thr Asn Leu Asn
1105                1110                1115                1120
Lys Ala Met Thr Leu Gln Glu Ala Glu Ala Phe Val Gly Ala Glu Arg
                1125                1130                1135
Cys Thr Met Lys Thr Leu Thr Glu Thr Asp Leu Tyr Cys Glu Pro Pro
            1140                1145                1150
Glu Val Gln Pro Pro Pro Lys Arg Gln Lys Arg Asp Thr Thr His
         1155                1160                1165
Asn Leu Pro Glu Pro Ile Val Lys Phe Gly Ser Arg Glu Trp Val Leu
    1170                1175                1180
Gly Arg Val Glu Tyr Asp Thr Arg Val Ser Asp Val Pro Leu Ser Leu
1185                1190                1195                1200
Ile Leu Pro Leu Val Val Ile Val Pro Met Val Val Ile Ala Val Ser
                1205                1210                1215
Val Tyr Cys Tyr Trp Arg Lys Ser Gln Gln Ala Glu Arg Glu Tyr Glu
         1220                1225                1230
Lys Ile Lys Ser Gln Leu Glu Gly Leu Glu Glu Ser Val Arg Asp Arg
      1235                1240                1245
Cys Lys Lys Glu Phe Thr Asp Leu Met Ile Glu Met Glu Asp Gln Thr
   1250                1255                1260
Asn Asp Val His Glu Ala Gly Ile Pro Val Leu Asp Tyr Lys Thr Tyr
1265                1270                1275                1280
Thr Asp Arg Val Phe Phe Leu Pro Ser Lys Asp Gly Asp Lys Asp Val
            1285                1290                1295
Met Ile Thr Arg Gly Lys Leu Asp Ile Pro Glu Pro Arg Arg Pro Val Val
      1300                1305                1310
Glu Gln Ala Leu Tyr Gln Phe Ser Asn Leu Leu Asn Ser Lys Ser Phe
         1315                1320                1325
Leu Ile Glu Asn Phe Ile His Thr Leu Glu Asn Gln Arg Glu Phe Ser Ala
      1330                1335                1340
Arg Ala Lys Val Tyr Phe Ala Ser Leu Leu Thr Val Ala Leu His Gly
1345                1350                1355                1360
Lys Leu Glu Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ile Met Thr His Thr Leu Phe Leu Glu Leu
            1365                1370                1375
Leu Glu Gln Tyr Val Val Ala Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Met Leu Arg Arg
         1380                1385                1390
Ser Glu Thr Val Val Glu Arg Met Leu Ser Asn Trp Met Ser Ile Cys
      1395                1400                1405
Leu Tyr Gln Tyr Leu Lys Asp Ser Ala Gly Glu Pro Leu Tyr Lys Leu
   1410                1415                1420
Phe Lys Ala Ile Lys His Gln Val Glu Lys Gly Pro Val Asp Ala Val
1425                1430                1435                1440
Gln Lys Lys Ala Lys Tyr Thr Leu Asn Asp Thr Gly Leu Leu Gly Asp
                1445                1450                1455
Asp Val Glu Tyr Ala Pro Leu Thr Val Ser Val Ile Val Glu Asp Glu
         1460                1465                1470
Gly Val Asp Ala Ile Pro Val Lys Val Leu Asn Cys Asp Thr Ile Ser
      1475                1480                1485
Gln Val Lys Glu Lys Ile Ile Asp Gln Val Tyr Arg Gly Gln Pro Cys
   1490                1495                1500
Ser Cys Trp Pro Arg Pro Asp Ser Val Val Leu Glu Trp Arg Pro Gly
1505                1510                1515                1520
```

- 6 -

```
Ser Thr Ala Gln Ile Leu Ser Asp Leu Asp Leu Thr Ser Gln Arg Glu
              1525                1530                1535
Gly Arg Trp Lys Arg Val Asn Thr Leu Met His Tyr Asn Val Arg Asp
          1540                1545                1550
Gly Ala Thr Leu Ile Leu Ser Lys Val Gly Val Ser Gln Gln Pro Glu
      1555                1560                1565
Asp Ser Gln Gln Asp Leu Pro Gly Glu Arg His Ala Leu Leu Glu Glu
  1570                1575                1580
Glu Asn Arg Val Trp His Leu Val Arg Pro Thr Asp Glu Val Asp Glu
1585                1590                1595                1600
Gly Lys Ser Lys Arg Gly Ser Val Lys Glu Lys Glu Arg Thr Lys Ala
              1605                1610                1615
Ile Thr Glu Ile Tyr Leu Thr Arg Gln Leu Ser Val Lys Gly Thr Leu
          1620                1625                1630
Gln Gln Phe Val Asp Asn Phe Phe Gln Ser Val Leu Ala Pro Gly His
      1635                1640                1645
Ala Val Pro Pro Ala Val Lys Tyr Phe Phe Asp Phe Leu Asp Glu Gln
  1650                1655                1660
Ala Glu Lys Lys His Asn Ile Gln Asp Glu Asp Thr Ile His Ile Trp Lys
1665                1670                1675                1680
Thr Asn Ser Leu Pro Leu Arg Phe Trp Val Asn Ile Leu Lys Asn Pro
              1685                1690                1695
His Phe Ile Phe Asp Val His Val His His Val Val Asp Ala Ser Leu
          1700                1705                1710
Ser Val Ile Ala Gln Thr Phe Met Asp Ala Cys Thr Arg Thr Glu His
      1715                1720                1725
Lys Leu Ser Arg Asp Ser Pro Ser Asn Lys Leu Leu Tyr Ala Lys Glu
  1730                1735                1740
Ile Ser Thr Tyr Lys Lys Met Val Glu Asp Tyr Tyr Lys Gly Ile Arg
1745                1750                1755                1760
Gln Met Val Gln Val Ser Asp Gln Asp Met Asn Thr His Leu Ala Glu
              1765                1770                1775
Ile Ser Arg Ala His Thr Asp Ser Leu Asn Thr Leu Val Ala Leu His
          1780                1785                1790
Gln Leu Tyr Gln Tyr Thr Gln Lys Tyr Tyr Asp Glu Ile Ile Asn Ala
      1795                1800                1805
Leu Glu Glu Asp Pro Ala Ala Gln Lys Met Gln Leu Ala Phe Arg Leu
  1810                1815                1820
Gln Gln Ile Ala Ala Leu Glu Asn Lys Val Thr Asp Leu
1825                1830                1835

<210> 3
<211> 5367
<212> DNA
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 3
atggctcgct ggcctccctt cggcctctgc ctcctcctgc tgctgctgtc cccaccgcca      60
ctgcccttga caggggccca tcgcttctcc gcacctaata ccactctcaa ccacttggca     120
ctggcacctg gccgaggcac actctatgtc ggcgcagtga accgcctctt ccagctcagc     180
cccgagctgc agctcgaggc cgtggctgtc actggccctg taatcgacag ccctgactgc     240
gtgcccttcc gtgacccagc cgagtgccca caggcccagc tcactgacaa tgccaaccag     300
ctgctgctgg tgagcagccg cgccaggag ctggtggcct gcgggcaggt gcggcagggc     360
gtgtgtgaga cacggcgcct tggggatgtg gccgaggtgc tgtaccaggc tgaggaccct     420
ggtgacgggc agttgtggc tgccaatacc ccgggagtgg caacggtggg gctggtggtg     480
```

```
cccttgcccg gccgggacct cctgcttgtg gccagaggcc tggcgggcaa gctgtcggca    540
ggggtgccac ccctggccat ccgccagctg gccgggtctc agcccttctc cagcgagggc    600
ctgggccgcc tggtggtggg cgacttctcc gactacaaca acagctacgt cgggggcctt    660
gccgacgccc gctccgccta cttcgtgttc cgccgccgcg gggcccgggc ccaggctgag    720
taccgctcct acgtggcccg cgtctgcctg ggggacacca acctgtactc ctacgtggag    780
gtccccctcg cctgccaggg ccagggcctc atccaggccg ccttccttgc cccgggcacc    840
ttgctagggg tgtttgccgc gggcccaagg ggcacccagg cgggcgtctg tgcctccccc    900
atggtggagc tgggtgccag ccagggagac tctgctacac ggcgggccgc    960
cgggcccca gcgggcgcag cgaagccacc gtggagtacg gcgtcacgtc gcgctcgtc   1020
accctgcccc ttgattcccc cgagtcgtac cccggcggcc acgagcacac cccagccccc   1080
attgctggcc gccagccct ggaggtccag cctctgctga agctcgggca gccggtcagc   1140
gccgtggcag ctctccaggc agatgggcac atgatagcct tcctggggga cacccagggc   1200
cagctgtaca aggtctttct ccacggctcc cagggccagg tttaccactc ccagcaagtg   1260
gggcctccag gctcagccat cagcccagac ctgctgctgg acagcagtgg cagtcacctc   1320
tatgtcctga ctgccaccac ggtggaccgg ataccgtgg cagcctgccc cagttcct    1380
gactgtgcca gctgcctcca ggcccaggac ccgctgtgtg gctggtgtgt cctccagggc   1440
aggtgtaccc ggaagggcca gtgcgggcgg gcaggccagc tgaaccagtg gctgtggagt   1500
tatgagggag acagccactg cctgcacatc cagagcctgc tgccgggcca ccacccgc    1560
caggagcagg gccaggtcaa ttgctctgtc ccccggctgc ccatcctgga tgcagatgaa   1620
tacttccatc gtgcgttcgg ggactatgac agcttggctc atgtggaagg gccccacgtg   1680
gcctgtgtca ccctcccca agaccaggtg ccacttaacc ctccaggcac agaccacgtc   1740
actgtgcccc tggccctgat gttcgaggac gtgacgtggg ctgccaccaa cttctccttt   1800
tatgactgca gtgccgtcca ggccttggag gcgggtgccc ccgtccttcc ccagggcctg   1860
cctgcctcct tccactgctg gctggagctg cctggagaac ttcggggact gccggccacc   1920
ctggaggaga cagcaggga ttcaggcctc atccactgcc aggcccacca gcgggagctc   1980
cagtgccca tctacgtcac ccagggtgaa gcccagaggc tggacaacac ccatgctctt   2040
tatgtgagc ctgagggcag ccaggcaggc ggggcagggt gggtggcaga caggaggcgc   2100
tcagcacact gcctgacct ccctagtgat ccgtacgac tgcgccagtg gccaccggga   2160
ctgcagccac tgccaaggcg ccaacaggag cctgggcgtc ctgtgaccag cctgcccca   2220
ggccccaaa ccccagccac tcggcctggc tgggctgcgt gggctggccg gcacccagca   2280
ctgcagagtg gagcgtgggt gcggggggacc ccatctgcca tcatttgcct gctgcaggtc   2340
gagccctga ccggtcccc tgagggaggc ttggccctca ccatcctggg ctccaacctg   2400
ggccgggcct tcgccgatgt gcagtacgcc gacctgtcc tgctgagcct gagtcctcgc   2460
tgggcccc aggcaggggg cacccagctc accatccgag gtcagcacct cagacagcat   2520
ggcaacacca gtgccttcgt gggtggccaa ccctgtccca tgggtgggcg actgatccgt   2580
gtcaggggca ccggcctaga cgtggtgcag cggccccttac tgtctgtgtg gctgccaggt   2640
gacgcagagg tgcaggcttc cagggcccag cccaggacce cacagccaag gaggagctgt   2700
ggagccctg ctgcggaccc ccaggcttgt atccagctcg gtggggggct gctgcaggcc   2760
acagcagagc ccagctcact ccacctgtgg tcggccctga atgcccacca gtgctccacc   2820
gtctgctccg tcaactcgtc cagcctcctc ctgtgcgga gccctgctgt accagacaga   2880
gcccaccgc agcgggtctt cttcaccta gacaacgtgc aagtggactt cgccagtgcc   2940
agtgggggcc agggcttctt gctaccagcca aaccccgcc tggcaccct cagccgcgag   3000
gggcctgcccc ccctcaccg cctcaagcca ggccatgtcc tggatgtgga gggcgagggc   3060
ctcaacctgg gcatcagcaa ggaggaggtg cgcgtgcaca tcggccgcgg cgagtgcctg   3120
gtgaagacgc tcacgcgcac ccacctgtac tgcgagccgc ctgcgacgc ccgcagcct   3180
gccaatggct ccggcctgcc acagttcgtg gtgcagatgg gcaatgtgca gctggccctg   3240
ggccctgtgc agtacgaggc tgaacccccg ctgtctgcct ttcccgtgga gcatcatgac   3300
ggcgtgggca tgggtgctgc agtgctgatt gccgccgtgc tcctcctcac cctcatgtac   3360
aggacagaga gcaagacagg cctgcgggac taccagagg tgctagtcca gctggagagc   3420
ctggaggaccg gcgtgggggaa ccagtgccgc aaggagttca cagacctcat gacggagatg   3480
accgacctca gcagcgacct ggaggggcagc gggatcccct cctggacta ccgcacttac   3540
gccgagcgcg ccttcttccc tggccatggc tgccccggccc tgcagccaaa gcctgagggg   3600
ccaggggagg acggccactg tgccactgtg cgccaggggcc tcacgcagct ctccaacctg   3660
ctcaacagca agctcttcct cctcacggtg agggccgtgt ggcgggagtg cccagtgggc   3720
aaggaggtgg ggctgggaa ctactggcct gagacaaagg tggggggagga gacagagacc   3780
```

```
atgggtggaga aactgctcac caactggctg tccatctgcc tgtacgccct cctgaggggg    3840
gtggctggtg aaccactgta catgctcttc cgggccatcc agtaccaggt ggacaaaggc    3900
cccgtggacg ccgtgacagg caaggccaaa cggaccctga atgatagccg cttgctgcgg    3960
gaggacgtgg agttccagcc cctgacgctg atggtgctgg tggggcccgg ggctggcggg    4020
gccgcaggca gcagcgagat gcagcgcgtg ccagcccggg tgctcgacac ggacaccatc    4080
acccaggtca aggagaaggt gttggaccaa gtctacaagg gcaccccctt ctcccagagg    4140
ccctcagtgc atgccctaga ccttggtgag agagccagcc ctgcccaccc accccaggga    4200
ccctccccta ccctccggc acctggagcc cctcaactgt gtcttactat gaacataccc    4260
acgctggagg atggccggga gggggggtg tgcctctggc acctggtgaa agccaccgag    4320
gagccagaag gggccaaggt gcggtgcagc agcctgcggg agcgcgagcc agcaaggcc    4380
aaggccattc cggaaatcta cctcacccgt ctgctgtcca tgaaggttgg tgccgcctgg    4440
gtggctggc ctgagaggag gctcagccag ggaccccgac cgagccaggg tgtgggaggg    4500
gcaggggcag cctcagccgt ggatggcccc cacaccctgc cctccacaca gcccttatcc    4560
cctgcctcgc agggcacgct gcagaagttt gtggacgaca cctccaggc cattctcagc    4620
gtgaaccggc ccatcccat cgccgtcaag tacctgtttg accttctgga tgagctagca    4680
gagaagcacg gcatcgagga cccagggacc ctgcacatct ggaagaccaa cagtctgctg    4740
ctgcggttct gggtgaatgc cttgaagaac ccacagctca tctttgatgt acgggtgtcg    4800
gacaatgtgg acgccatcct tgctgtcatc gcccagacct tcattgactc ctgtaccacc    4860
tcggagcata aagtgggccg ggtgagagca gtgccagcag cagcagctgg caggggcttg    4920
aggaggaaag gcttatgggg gaagcctaga gggctgtgca cagagctctg ggtgggcagt    4980
ggcagcatca tggggcgacc ttcaacctccg agctcatgcc tagcgcctcc cctccctccg    5040
gagcaggatt ccccagtgaa caaactgctc tacgcccgcg agatcccacg ctacaagcag    5100
atggtggaga ggtactatgc ggacattcgc cagcctcc cggcgagctca ccaggaagtg    5160
aactctgctt tggctgagct ctccgggaac tacacttctg ctccccactg tctggaggct    5220
ctgcaagaac tctacaacca catccacagg tactatgatc agattatcag tgccctggag    5280
gaggaccctg tggggccagaa gctgcagctg gcctgccgcc tgcagcaggt cgccgccctg    5340
gtggaaaaca aagtgactga cctgtga                                        5367
```

<210> 4
<211> 1788
<212> PRT
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 4

```
Met Ala Arg Trp Pro Pro Phe Gly Leu Cys Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu
1               5                   10                  15
Ser Pro Pro Pro Leu Pro Leu Thr Gly Ala His Arg Phe Ser Ala Pro
            20                  25                  30
Asn Thr Thr Leu Asn His Leu Ala Leu Ala Pro Gly Arg Gly Thr Leu
        35                  40                  45
Tyr Val Gly Ala Val Asn Arg Leu Phe Gln Leu Ser Pro Glu Leu Gln
    50                  55                  60
Leu Glu Ala Val Ala Val Thr Gly Pro Val Ile Asp Ser Pro Asp Cys
65                  70                  75                  80
Val Pro Arg Arg Asp Pro Ala Glu Cys Pro Gln Leu Val Gln Leu Thr Asp
                85                  90                  95
Asn Ala Asn Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Ser Ser Arg Ala Gln Glu Leu Val
            100                 105                 110
Ala Cys Gly Gln Val Arg Gln Gly Val Cys Glu Thr Arg Arg Leu Gly
        115                 120                 125
Asp Val Ala Glu Val Leu Tyr Gln Ala Glu Asp Pro Gly Asp Gly Gln
    130                 135                 140
Phe Val Ala Ala Asn Thr Pro Gly Val Ala Thr Val Gly Leu Val Val
```

```
145                   150                   155                   160
Pro Leu Pro Gly Arg Asp Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Arg Gly Leu Ala Gly
                 165                   170                   175
Lys Leu Ser Ala Gly Val Pro Pro Leu Ala Ile Arg Gln Leu Ala Gly
             180                   185                   190
Ser Gln Pro Phe Ser Ser Glu Gly Leu Gly Arg Leu Val Val Gly Asp
         195                   200                   205
Phe Ser Asp Tyr Asn Asn Ser Tyr Val Gly Ala Phe Ala Asp Ala Arg
225                   230                   235                   240
Ser Ala Tyr Phe Val Phe Arg Arg Arg Gly Ala Arg Ala Gln Ala Glu
225                   230                   235                   240
Tyr Arg Ser Tyr Val Ala Arg Val Cys Leu Gly Asp Thr Asn Leu Tyr
                 245                   250                   255
Ser Tyr Val Glu Val Pro Leu Ala Cys Gln Gly Gln Gly Leu Ile Gln
             260                   265                   270
Ala Ala Phe Leu Ala Pro Gly Thr Leu Leu Gly Val Phe Ala Ala Gly
         275                   280                   285
Pro Arg Gly Thr Gln Ala Ala Leu Cys Ala Phe Pro Met Val Glu Leu
     290                   295                   300
Gly Ala Ser Met Glu Gln Ala Arg Arg Leu Cys Tyr Thr Ala Gly Gly
     305               310                   315                   320
Arg Gly Pro Ser Gly Ala Glu Glu Ala Thr Val Glu Tyr Gly Val Thr
                 325                   330                   335
Ser Arg Cys Val Thr Leu Pro Leu Asp Ser Pro Glu Ser Tyr Pro Cys
             340                   345                   350
Gly Asp Glu His Thr Pro Ser Pro Ile Ala Gly Arg Gln Pro Leu Glu
         355                   360                   365
Val Gln Pro Leu Leu Lys Leu Gly Gln Pro Val Ser Ala Val Ala Ala
     370                   375                   380
Leu Gln Ala Asp Gly His Met Ile Ala Phe Leu Gly Asp Thr Gln Gly
     385               390                   395                   400
Gln Leu Tyr Lys Val Phe Leu His Gly Ser Gln Gly Gln Val Tyr His
                 405                   410                   415
Ser Gln Gln Val Gly Pro Pro Gly Ser Ala Ile Ser Pro Asp Leu Leu
             420                   425                   430
Leu Asp Ser Ser Gly Ser His Leu Tyr Val Leu Thr Ala His Gln Val
         435                   440                   445
Asp Arg Ile Pro Val Ala Ala Cys Pro Gln Phe Pro Asp Cys Ala Ser
     450                   455                   460
Cys Leu Gln Ala Gln Asp Pro Leu Cys Gly Trp Cys Val Leu Gln Gly
465                   470                   475                   480
Arg Cys Thr Arg Lys Gly Gln Cys Gly Arg Ala Gly Gln Leu Asn Gln
                 485                   490                   495
Trp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Glu Glu Asp Ser His Cys Leu His Ile Gln Ser
             500                   505                   510
Leu Leu Pro Gly His His Pro Arg Gln Glu Gln Gly Gln Val Thr Leu
         515                   520                   525
Ser Val Pro Arg Leu Pro Ile Leu Asp Ala Asp Glu Tyr Phe His Cys
     530                   535                   540
Ala Phe Gly Asp Tyr Asp Ser Leu Ala His Val Glu Gly Pro His Val
545                   550                   555                   560
Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Gln Asp Gln Val Pro Leu Asn Pro Pro Gly
                 565                   570                   575
Thr Asp His Val Thr Val Pro Leu Ala Leu Met Phe Glu Asp Val Thr
             580                   585                   590
```

                                   - 10 -

```
Val Ala Ala Thr Asn Phe Ser Phe Tyr Asp Cys Ser Ala Val Gln Ala
            595                 600                 605
Leu Glu Ala Ala Ala Pro Val Leu Pro Gln Gly Leu Pro Ala Ser Phe
    610                 615                 620
His Cys Trp Leu Glu Leu Pro Gly Glu Leu Arg Gly Leu Pro Ala Thr
625                 630                 635                 640
Leu Glu Glu Thr Ala Gly Asp Ser Gly Leu Ile His Cys Gln Ala His
                645                 650                 655
Gln Arg Glu Leu Pro Val Pro Ile Tyr Val Thr Gln Gly Glu Ala Gln
            660                 665                 670
Arg Leu Asp Asn Thr His Ala Leu Tyr Gly Glu Pro Glu Gly Ser Gln
    675                 680                 685
Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Trp Val Ala Asp Arg Arg Arg Ser Ala His Cys
    690                 695                 700
Leu Thr Leu Pro Ser Asp Pro Val Arg Leu Arg His Gly Pro Pro Gly
705                 710                 715                 720
Leu Gln Pro Leu Pro Ser Gly Gln Gln Glu Pro Gly Leu Pro Val Thr
                725                 730                 735
Ser Pro Ala Pro Gly Pro Gln Thr Pro Ala Ala Arg Pro Gly Trp Ala
            740                 745                 750
Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly His Pro Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Ala Trp Val Arg
        755                 760                 765
Gly Thr Pro Ser Ala Ile Ile Cys Leu Leu Gln Val Glu Pro Leu Thr
    770                 775                 780
Gly Pro Pro Glu Gly Gly Leu Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu Gly Ser Asn Leu
785                 790                 795                 800
Gly Arg Ala Phe Ala Asp Val Gln Tyr Ala Asp Pro Val Leu Leu Ser
                805                 810                 815
Leu Ser Pro Arg Trp Gly Pro Gln Ala Gly Gly Thr Gln Leu Thr Ile
        820                 825                 830
Arg Gly Gln His Leu Gln Thr Gly Gly Asn Thr Ser Ala Phe Val Gly
    835                 840                 845
Gly Gln Pro Cys Pro Met Gly Gly Arg Leu Ile Arg Val Arg Gly Thr
    850                 855                 860
Gly Leu Asp Val Val Gln Arg Pro Leu Leu Ser Val Trp Leu Glu Ala
865                 870                 875                 880
Asp Ala Glu Val Gln Ala Ser Arg Ala Gln Pro Gln Asp Pro Gln Pro
                885                 890                 895
Arg Arg Ser Cys Gly Ala Pro Ala Ala Asp Pro Gln Ala Cys Ile Gln
            900                 905                 910
Leu Gly Gly Gly Leu Leu Gln Arg Thr Ala Glu Pro Ser Ser Leu His
        915                 920                 925
Leu Trp Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Pro Gln Cys Ser Thr Val Pro Cys Ser Val
    930                 935                 940
Asn Ser Ser Ser Leu Leu Leu Cys Arg Ser Pro Ala Val Pro Asp Arg
945                 950                 955                 960
Ala His Pro Gln Arg Val Phe Phe Thr Leu Asp Asn Val Gln Val Asp
        965                 970                 975
Phe Ala Ser Ala Ser Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe Leu Tyr Gln Pro Asn Pro
        980                 985                 990
Arg Leu Ala Pro Leu Ser Arg Glu Gly Pro Ala Arg Pro Tyr Arg Leu
    995                 1000                1005
Lys Pro Gly His Val Leu Asp Val Glu Gly Glu Gly Leu Asn Leu Gly
    1010                1015                1020
Ile Ser Lys Glu Glu Val Arg Val His Ile Gly Arg Gly Glu Cys Leu
```

```
        1025                  1030                  1035                  1040
Val Lys Thr Leu Thr Arg Thr His Leu Tyr Cys Glu Pro Pro Ala His
                     1045                  1050                  1055
Ala Pro Gln Pro Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Leu Pro Gln Phe Val Val Gln
                1060                  1065                  1070
Met Gly Asn Val Gln Leu Ala Leu Gly Pro Val Gln Tyr Glu Ala Glu
           1075                  1080                  1085
Pro Pro Leu Ser Ala Phe Pro Val Glu Ala Gln Ala Gly Val Gly Met
        1090                  1095                  1100
Gly Ala Ala Val Leu Ile Ala Ala Val Leu Leu Leu Thr Leu Met Tyr
1105                  1110                  1115                  1120
Arg His Lys Ser Lys Gln Ala Leu Arg Asp Tyr Gln Lys Val Leu Val
                1125                  1130                  1135
Gln Leu Glu Ser Leu Glu Thr Gly Val Gly Asp Gln Cys Arg Lys Glu
           1140                  1145                  1150
Phe Thr Asp Leu Met Thr Glu Met Thr Asp Leu Ser Ser Asp Leu Glu
        1155                  1160                  1165
Gly Ser Gly Ile Pro Phe Leu Asp Tyr Arg Thr Tyr Ala Glu Arg Ala
        1170                  1175                  1180
Phe Phe Pro Gly His Gly Gly Cys Pro Leu Gln Pro Lys Pro Glu Gly
1185                  1190                  1195                  1200
Pro Gly Glu Asp Gly His Cys Ala Thr Val Arg Gln Gly Leu Thr Gln
           1205                  1210                  1215
Leu Ser Asn Leu Leu Asn Ser Lys Leu Phe Leu Leu Thr Val Arg Ala
        1220                  1225                  1230
Val Trp Arg Glu Cys Pro Val Gly Lys Glu Val Gly Leu Gly Asn Tyr
        1235                  1240                  1245
Trp Pro Glu Thr Lys Val Gly Glu Glu Thr Glu Thr Met Val Glu Lys
     1250                  1255                  1260
Leu Leu Thr Asn Trp Leu Ser Ile Cys Leu Tyr Ala Phe Leu Arg Glu
1265                  1270                  1275                  1280
Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Tyr Met Leu Phe Arg Ala Ile Glu Gln Tyr Gln
                1285                  1290                  1295
Val Asp Lys Gly Pro Val Asp Ala Val Thr Gly Lys Ala Lys Arg Thr
        1300                  1305                  1310
Leu Asn Asp Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly Asp Val Glu Phe Gln Pro Leu
        1315                  1320                  1325
Thr Leu Met Val Leu Val Gly Pro Gly Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Gly Ser
     1330                  1335                  1340
Ser Glu Met Gln Arg Val Pro Ala Arg Val Leu Asp Thr Asp Thr Ile
1345                  1350                  1355                  1360
Thr Gln Val Lys Glu Lys Val Leu Asp Gln Val Tyr Lys Gly Thr Pro
                1365                  1370                  1375
Phe Ser Gln Arg Pro Ser Val His Ala Leu Asp Leu Gly Glu Arg Ala
        1380                  1385                  1390
Ser Pro Ala His Pro Pro Gln Gly Pro Phe Pro Thr Pro Pro Ala Pro
     1395                  1400                  1405
Gly Ala Pro Gln Leu Cys Gly Leu Thr Met Asn Ile Pro Thr Leu Glu Asp
        1410                  1415                  1420
Gly Glu Glu Gly Gly Val Ala Cys Leu Trp His Leu Val Lys Ala Thr Glu
1425                  1430                  1435                  1440
Glu Pro Glu Gly Gly Ala Lys Val Arg Cys Ser Ser Leu Arg Glu Arg Glu
                1445                  1450                  1455
Pro Ala Arg Ala Lys Ala Ile Pro Glu Ile Tyr Leu Thr Arg Leu Leu
           1460                  1465                  1470
```

- 12 -

```
Ser Met Lys Val Gly Ala Ala Trp Val Ala Gly Pro Glu Arg Arg Leu
        1475                1480                1485
Ser Gln Gly Pro Arg Pro Ser Gln Gly Val Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Ala
        1490                1495                1500
Ser Ala Val Asp Gly Pro His Thr Leu Pro Ser Thr Gln Pro Leu Ser
1505                1510                1515                1520
Pro Ala Ser Gln Gly Thr Leu Gln Lys Phe Val Asp Asp Thr Phe Gln
                1525                1530                1535
Ala Ile Leu Ser Val Asn Arg Pro Ile Pro Ile Ala Val Lys Tyr Leu
        1540                1545                1550
Phe Asp Leu Leu Asp Glu Leu Ala Glu Lys His Gly Ile Glu Asp Pro
        1555                1560                1565
Gly Thr Leu His Ile Trp Lys Thr Asn Ser Leu Leu Leu Arg Phe Trp
        1570                1575                1580
Val Asn Ala Leu Lys Asn Pro Gln Leu Ile Phe Asp Val Arg Val Ser
1585                1590                1595                1600
Asp Asn Val Asp Ala Ala Ile Leu Ala Val Ile Ala Gln Thr Phe Ile Asp
                1605                1610                1615
Ser Cys Thr Thr Ser Glu His Lys Val Gly Arg Val Arg Ala Val Pro
            1620                1625                1630
Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Arg Gly Leu Arg Arg Lys Gly Leu Trp Gly Lys
        1635                1640                1645
Pro Arg Gly Leu Cys Thr Glu Leu Trp Val Gly Ser Gly Ser Ile Met
        1650                1655                1660
Gly Ala Pro Ser Pro Pro Ser Ser Cys Leu Ala Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro
1665                1670                1675                1680
Glu Gln Asp Ser Pro Val Asn Lys Leu Leu Tyr Ala Arg Glu Ile Pro
                1685                1690                1695
Arg Tyr Lys Gln Met Val Glu Arg Tyr Tyr Ala Asp Ile Arg Gln Ser
        1700                1705                1710
Ser Pro Ala Ser Tyr Gln Glu Met Asn Ser Ala Leu Ala Glu Leu Ser
        1715                1720                1725
Gly Asn Tyr Thr Ser Ala Pro His Cys Leu Glu Ala Leu Gln Glu Leu
        1730                1735                1740
Tyr Asn His Ile His Arg Tyr Tyr Asp Gln Ile Ile Ser Ala Leu Glu
1745                1750                1755                1760
Glu Asp Pro Val Gln Lys Leu Gln Leu Ala Cys Arg Leu Gln Gln
                1765                1770                1775
Val Ala Ala Leu Val Glu Asn Lys Val Thr Asp Leu
            1780                1785
```

```
<210> 5
<211> 5892
<212> DNA
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 5
gcgcacgccc ggatggctct tcgcgccgcg ggcggcggcac cctttagcgg cccggccgcc       60
gctgccagcc ccccgccgtt ccagacgccg ccgcggtgcc cggtgccgct gctgttgctg      120
ctgctcctgg gggcggcgcg ggccggcgcc ctggagatcc agcgtcggtt ccctccgccc      180
acgcccacca acaacttcgc cctggacggc gcggcgggga ccgtgtacct ggcggccgtc      240
aaccgcctct atcagctgtc gggcgccaac ctgagcctgg aggccgaggc ggccgtgggc      300
ccggtgcccg acagcccgct gtgtcacgct ccgcagctgc cgcaggcctc gtgcgagcac      360
ccgcggcgcc tcacggacaa ctacaacaag atcctgcagc tggacccggg ccagggcctg      420
gtagtcgtgt gcgggtccat ctaccagggc ttctgccagc tgcggcgccg gggtaacatc      480
```

```
tcggccgtgg ccgtgcgctt cccgcccgcc gcgccgcccg ccgagcccgt cacggtgttc   540
cccagcatgc tgaacgtggc ggcaaccac ccgaacgcgt ccaccgtggg gctagttctg    600
cctcccgccg cgggcgcggg gggcagccgc ctgctcgtgg ggctcacgta caccggttac   660
ggcagctcct tcttcccgcg caaccgcagc ctggaggacc accgttcga gaacacgccc    720
gagatcgcca tccgctccct ggacacgcgc ggcgacctgg ccaagctctt caccttcgac   780
ctcaacccct ccgacgacaa catcctcaag atcaagcagg gcgtcaagga gcagcacagg   840
cttggcttcg tgagcgcctt cctgcaccgg tccgacccgc cgccgggtgc acagtcctac   900
gcgtacctgg cgctcaacag aggaggccca aggagagcca ggcggcggac             960
ctgctggcgc gcatctgcct gcccccacggc gccggcggcg acgccaagaa gctcaccgag   1020
tcctacatcc agttgggctt gcagtgcgcg ggcgggcgac cctctacagc             1080
cgcctggtgt cggtcttccc agcccggggg cggctctttg ctgtcttcga gcggcccag    1140
gggtcccccg cggcccgcgc tgctccggcc gcactctgcg cttccgctt cgccgacgtg    1200
cgagccgcca tccgagctgc gcgcaccgcc tgcttcgtgg aaccggcgcc cgacgtggtg   1260
gcgtgcacg acagcgtggt gcagggcacg ggaccggcct gcaggcgcaa gtcaacatc    1320
cagctccagc cagagcagct ggactgtgga gctgctcacc tgcagcaccc gctgtccatc   1380
ctgcagcccc tgaaggccac gccggtgttc cgcgccccgg gcctccactc cgtggccgtg   1440
gccagcgtca acaactacac agcggtctc ctggcgacgg tcaacgggag gcttctcaag   1500
atcaactga acgagagcat gcagtggtg agcaggcggg tggtgactgt ggcctatggg    1560
gagcccgtgc accatgtcat gcagtttgac ccagcagact ccggttacct ttacctgatg   1620
acgtcccacc agatggccag ggtgaaggtc gccgcctgca acgtgcactc cacctgtggg   1680
gactgcgtgg gtgcggcgga cgcctactgc ggctggtgtg cctggagagac ggggtgcacc   1740
ttgcagcagg actgcaccaa ttccagccag cagcatttct ggaccagtgc cagcgagggc   1800
cccagccgct gtcctgccat gaccgtcctg ccttccgaga tcgatgtgcg ccaggagtac   1860
ccaggcatga tcctgcagat ctcgggcagc ctgcccagcc tcagtggcat ggagatggcc   1920
tgtgattgct aactggaacat ccgcactgtg gctcgggtcc caggccctgc ctttggtcac   1980
cagattgcct actgcaacct cctgccgagg gaccagttct cgccctttcc ccccaaccag   2040
gaccacgtga ctgttgagat gttcgtgagg gtcaattggg ggaacatcgt caaggccaat   2100
ttcaactatt acgactgcag ccggcactgca caagtgtacc cccacacagc ctgtaccagc   2160
tgcctgtcgg cacagtggcc ctgtttctgg tgcagccagc agcactcctg tgtttccaac   2220
cagtctcggt gcgaggcctc accaaaccct ccaggatgcc cggaccctg             2280
ctctcaccc tggcacccgt gcctaccgtt ggctcccaga acatcctggt gcctctggcc   2340
aacactgcct tttccaggg tgcagccctg gagtgtagtt ttgggctgga ggagtcttt   2400
gaggctgtgt gggtgaatga gtctgttgta cgctgtgacc aggtggtgct gcacacgacc   2460
cggaaagcc aggtgttccc gctcagcctc caactaaagg ggcggccagc ccgattcctg   2520
gacagccctg agcccatgac agtcatggtc tataactgtg ccatgggcag ccccgactgt   2580
tccccagtgc tgggccgcga agacctgggt cacctgtgcg tgtggaagtga cagctgcccgc   2640
ctgcgggggc ctctgcagcc catggctggt acctgcccg cccccgagat ccggcgcatt   2700
gagccccctga gtggcccgt ggacggtgcg accctgctga ccatccgagg aaggaacctg   2760
ggccggcgc tcagtgacgt ggcccacggc gtgtggattg gtggtgtggc ctgtgagcca   2820
ctgcctgaca gatacacggt gtcggaggag atcgtgtgtg tcacagggcc agcccagga   2880
ccgctctacg tggtggtgac cgtgaacgcc tctaaggagg gccatacggt tggctggctg   2940
tcctacgtgc tgccctggt ccactcctg gagcctacca tggggcccaa ggccgggggc   3000
accaggatca ccatccatgg gaatgacctc catgtaggct ccgagctcca ggtcctggtg   3060
aacgacacag acccctgcac ggagctgatg cgcacagata ccagcatcgc ctgcaccatg   3120
cctgagggg ccctgccggc tccggtgcct gtgtgtgtgc gcttcggacg tcgggctgc    3180
gtccacggca acctcaccct ctgtacatg cagaacccgg tcattcaccggc catcagtccc   3240
cgccgcagcc ctgtcagtgg cggcagagct attacagcgg tcatcacggc catcagtccc   3300
gtccagaatg tgtccatcgc cgtccaccat attggccggg agcccacgct ctgcaaggtt   3360
ttcaactcca ccctcatcac ctgcccgtcc cccgggccc tgagcaacgc atcagcggca   3420
gtggacttct tcatcaatgg gcgggcctac gcagacgagg tggctgctgc tgaggagctca   3480
ctggaccccg aggaggcaca gcggggcagc aggttccgcc tggactacct ccccaaccca   3540
cagttctcta cggccaagag ggagaagtgg atcaagcacc accccggga gcctctcacc   3600
ctcgttatcc acaaggagca ggacagcctg gggctccaga gtcacgagta ccgggtcaag   3660
ataggccaag taagctgcga catccagatt gtctctgaca gaatcatcca ctgctcggtc   3720
aacgagtccc tgggcgcggc cgtggggcag ctgcccatca caatccaggt agggaacttc   3780
```

                                                                   - 14 -

```
aaccagacca tcgccacact gcagctgggg ggcagcgaga cggccatcat cgtgtccatc   3840
gtcatctgca gcgtcctgct gctgctctcc gtggtggccc tgttcgtctt ctgtaccaag   3900
agccgacgtg ctgagcgtta ctggcagaag acgctgctgc agatggagga gatggaatct   3960
cagatccgag aggaaatccg caaaggcttc gctgagctgc agacagacat gacagatctg   4020
accaaggagc tgaaccgcag ccagggcatc cccttcctgg agtataagca cttcgtgacc   4080
cgcaccttct tccccaagtg ttcctccctt tatgaagagc gttacgtgct gccctcccag   4140
acctcaact cccagggcag ctcccaggca caggaaaccc acccactgct gggagagtgg   4200
aagattcctg agagctgccg gcccaacatg gaagagggaa ttagcgtgtt ctcctccacta  4260
ctcaacaaca agcacttcct catcgtcttt gtccacgcgc tggagcagca gaaggacttt   4320
gcggtgcgcg acaggtgcag cctggcctcg ctgctgacca tcgcgctgca cggcaagctg   4380
gagtactaca ccagcatcat gaaggagctg ctggtggacc tcattgacgc ctcggccgcc   4440
aagaacccca agtcatgct gcggcgcaca gagtctgtgg tggagaagat gctcaccaac   4500
tggatgtcca tctgcatgta cagctgtctg cgggagacgg tggggggagc attcttcctg   4560
ctgctgtgtg ccatcaagca gcaaatcaac aagggctcca tcgacgccat cacaggcaag   4620
gcccgctaca cactcaatga ggagtggctg ctgcgggaga acatcgaggc caagccccgg   4680
aacctgaacg tgtccttcca gggctgtggc atggactcgc tgagcgtgcg ggccatggac   4740
accgacacgc tgacacaggt caaggagaag atcctggagg ccttctgcaa gaatgtgccc   4800
tactcccagt ggccgcgtgc agaggacgtc gaccttgagt ggttcgcctc cagcacacag   4860
agctacatcc ttcgggacct ggacgacacc tcagtggtgg aagacggccg caagaagctt   4920
aacacgctgg cccattacaa gatccctgaa ggtgcctccc tggccatgga tctcatagac   4980
aagaaggaca acacactggg ccgagtgaaa gacttggaca cagagaagta tttccatttg   5040
gtgctgccta cggacgagct ggcggagccc aagaagtctc accggcagag ccatcgcaag   5100
aaggtgctcc cggaaatcta cctgacccgc ctgctctcca ccaagggcac gttgcagaag   5160
tttctggatg acctgttcaa ggcattctg agtatccgtg aagacaagcc cccactggct   5220
gtcaagtact ttttcgactt cctggaggag caggctgaga caggatttga tctccgaccc   5280
gacacccctac acatctggaa gaccaacagc cttcctctcc ggttctgggt gaacatcctg   5340
aagaaccccc agtttgtctt tgacatcgac aagacagacc acatcgacgc ctgccttttca  5400
gtcatcgcgc aggccttcat cgacgcctgc tccatctctg acctgcagct gggcaaggat   5460
tcgccactac acaagctcct ctacgccaag gagattcctg agtaccggga gatcgtgcag   5520
cgctactaca gcaagatcca ggacatgacc cgctcagccg agcaagagat gaatgcccat   5580
ctggccgagg agtcgaggaa ataccagaat gagttcaaca ccaatgtggc catggcaggac  5640
attttaggt cgcccaagag gtatcggccg cagatcatgg ccgcgctgga ggccaacccc   5700
acggcccgga ggacacaact gcagcacaag tttgagcagg tggtggcttt gatggaggac   5760
aacatctaca agtgctacag tgaggcctga cacacatgga gagttggtca ggctgctgct   5820
gggagaaatg gacgcccact gggcctcaac ttgatcttct accccgtgcc tgtgactcag   5880
actgggaaat ac                                                       5892
```

<210> 6
<211> 1925
<212> PRT
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 6
```
Met Ala Leu Arg Ala Ala Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala
1               5                   10                  15
Ala Ala Ser Pro Pro Pro Phe Gln Thr Pro Pro Arg Cys Pro Val Pro
            20                  25                  30
Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Ala Leu Glu
        35                  40                  45
Ile Gln Arg Arg Phe Pro Ser Pro Thr Pro Thr Asn Asn Phe Ala Leu
    50                  55                  60
Asp Gly Ala Ala Gly Thr Val Tyr Leu Ala Ala Val Asn Arg Leu Tyr
65                  70                  75                  80
```

- 15 -

```
Gln Leu Ser Gly Ala Asn Leu Ser Leu Glu Ala Glu Ala Ala Val Gly
                  85                      90                      95
Pro Val Pro Asp Ser Pro Leu Cys His Ala Pro Gln Leu Pro Gln Ala
              100                     105                     110
Ser Cys Glu His Pro Arg Arg Leu Thr Asp Asn Tyr Asn Lys Ile Leu
          115                     120                     125
Gln Leu Asp Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Val Val Val Cys Gly Ser Ile Tyr
      130                     135                     140
Gln Gly Phe Cys Gln Leu Arg Arg Arg Gly Asn Ile Ser Ala Val Ala
  145                     150                     155                 160
Val Arg Phe Pro Pro Ala Ala Pro Pro Ala Glu Pro Val Thr Val Phe
                  165                     170                     175
Pro Ser Met Leu Asn Val Ala Ala Asn His Pro Asn Ala Ser Thr Val
              180                     185                     190
Gly Leu Val Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Arg Leu Leu
          195                     200                     205
Val Gly Ala Thr Tyr Thr Gly Tyr Gly Ser Ser Phe Phe Pro Arg Asn
      210                     215                     220
Arg Ser Leu Glu Asp His Arg Phe Glu Asn Thr Pro Glu Ile Ala Ile
  225                     230                     235                 240
Arg Ser Leu Asp Thr Arg Gly Asp Leu Ala Lys Leu Phe Thr Phe Asp
                  245                     250                     255
Leu Asn Pro Ser Asp Asp Asn Ile Leu Lys Ile Leu Lys Gln Gly Ala Lys
              260                     265                     270
Glu Gln His Lys Leu Gly Phe Val Ser Ala Phe Leu His Pro Ser Arg
          275                     280                     285
Pro Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ser Tyr Ala Tyr Leu Ala Leu Asn Ser Glu
      290                     295                     300
Ala Arg Ala Gly Asp Lys Gly Ser Gln Ala Arg Ser Leu Leu Ala Arg
  305                     310                     315                 320
Ile Cys Leu Pro His Gly Ala Gly Gly Asp Ala Lys Lys Leu Thr Glu
                  325                     330                     335
Ser Tyr Ile Gln Leu Gly Leu Gln Cys Ala Gly Gly Ala Gly Arg Gly
              340                     345                     350
Asp Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu Val Ser Val Phe Pro Ala Arg Glu Arg Leu
          355                     360                     365
Phe Ala Val Phe Glu Arg Pro Gln Gly Ser Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala Ala
      370                     375                     380
Pro Ala Ala Leu Cys Ala Phe Arg Phe Ala Asp Val Arg Ala Ala Ile
  385                     390                     395                 400
Arg Ala Ala Arg Thr Ala Cys Phe Val Glu Pro Ala Pro Asp Val Val
              405                     410                     415
Ala Val Leu Asp Ser Val Val Gln Gly Thr Gly Pro Ala Cys Glu Arg
          420                     425                     430
Lys Leu Asn Ile Gln Leu Gln Pro Glu Gln Leu Asp Cys Gly Ala Ala
      435                     440                     445
His Leu Gln His Pro Leu Ser Ile Leu Gln Pro Leu Lys Ala Thr Pro
  450                     455                     460
Val Phe Arg Ala Pro Gly Leu Thr Ser Val Ala Val Ala Ser Val Asn
465                     470                     475                 480
Asn Tyr Thr Ala Val Phe Leu Gly Thr Val Asn Gly Arg Leu Leu Lys
                  485                     490                     495
Ile Asn Leu Asn Glu Ser Met Gln Val Val Ser Arg Arg Val Val Thr
              500                     505                     510
Val Ala Tyr Gly Glu Pro Val His His Val Met Gln Phe Asp Pro Ala
```

```
        515                       520                       525
Asp Ser Gly Tyr Leu Tyr Leu Met Thr Ser His Gln Met Ala Arg Val
  530                       535                       540
Lys Val Ala Ala Cys Asn Val His Ser Thr Cys Gly Asp Cys Val Gly
545                       550                       555                   560
Ala Ala Asp Ala Tyr Cys Gly Trp Cys Ala Leu Glu Thr Arg Cys Thr
                  565                       570                       575
Leu Gln Gln Asp Cys Thr Asn Ser Ser Gln Gln His Phe Trp Thr Ser
                  580                       585                       590
Ala Ser Glu Gly Pro Ser Arg Cys Pro Ala Met Thr Val Leu Pro Ser
            595                       600                       605
Glu Ile Asp Val Arg Gln Glu Tyr Pro Gly Met Ile Leu Gln Ile Ser
      610                       615                       620
Gly Ser Leu Pro Ser Leu Ser Gly Met Glu Met Ala Cys Asp Tyr Gly
625                       630                       635                   640
Asn Asn Ile Arg Thr Val Ala Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Ala Phe Gly His
                  645                       650                       655
Gln Ile Ala Tyr Cys Asn Leu Leu Pro Arg Asp Gln Phe Pro Pro Phe
            660                       665                       670
Pro Pro Asn Gln Asn Asp His Val Thr Val Glu Met Ser Val Arg Val Asn
      675                       680                       685
Gly Arg Asn Ile Val Lys Ala Asn Phe Thr Ile Tyr Asp Cys Ser Arg
690                       695                       700
Thr Ala Gln Val Tyr Pro His Thr Ala Cys Thr Ser Cys Leu Ser Ala
705                       710                       715                   720
Gln Trp Pro Cys Phe Trp Cys Ser Gln Gln His Ser Cys Val Ser Asn
                  725                       730                       735
Gln Ser Arg Cys Glu Ala Ser Pro Asn Pro Thr Ser Pro Gln Asp Cys
            740                       745                       750
Pro Arg Thr Leu Leu Ser Pro Leu Ala Pro Val Pro Thr Gly Gly Ser
      755                       760                       765
Gln Asn Ile Leu Val Pro Ala Asn Thr Ala Phe Phe Gln Gly Ala
      770                       775                       780
Ala Leu Glu Cys Ser Phe Gly Leu Glu Gly Ile Phe Glu Ala Val Trp
785                       790                       795                   800
Val Asn Glu Ser Val Val Arg Cys Asp Gln Val Val Leu His Thr Thr
                  805                       810                       815
Arg Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Pro Leu Ser Leu Gln Leu Lys Gly Arg Pro
            820                       825                       830
Ala Arg Phe Leu Asp Ser Pro Glu Pro Met Thr Val Met Val Tyr Asn
      835                       840                       845
Cys Ala Met Gly Ser Pro Asp Cys Ser Gln Cys Leu Gly Arg Glu Asp
850                       855                       860
Leu Gly His Leu Cys Val Trp Ser Asp Gly Cys Arg Leu Arg Gly Pro
                  870                       875                       880
Leu Gln Pro Met Ala Gly Thr Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ile Arg Ala Ile
            885                       890                       895
Glu Pro Leu Ser Gly Pro Leu Asp Gly Gly Thr Leu Leu Thr Ile Arg
            900                       905                       910
Gly Arg Asn Leu Gly Arg Arg Gln Ser Asp Val Ala His Gly Val Trp
      915                       920                       925
Ile Gly Gly Val Ala Cys Glu Pro Leu Pro Asp Arg Tyr Thr Val Ser
      930                       935                       940
Glu Glu Ile Val Cys Val Thr Gly Pro Ala Pro Gly Pro Leu Ser Gly
945                       950                       955                   960
```

- 17 -

Val Val Thr Val Asn Ala Ser Lys Glu Gly Lys Ser Arg Asp Arg Phe
                965   970   975
Ser Tyr Val Leu Pro Leu Val His Ser Leu Glu Pro Thr Met Gly Pro
            980   985   990
Lys Ala Gly Gly Thr Arg Ile Thr Ile His Gly Asn Asp Ser Leu His Val
        995   1000   1005
Gly Ser Glu Leu Gln Val Leu Val Asn Asp Thr Asp Pro Cys Thr Glu
        1010   1015   1020
Leu Met Arg Thr Asp Thr Ser Ile Ala Cys Thr Met Pro Glu Gly Ala
        1025   1030   1035   1040
Leu Pro Ala Pro Val Pro Val Cys Val Arg Phe Glu Arg Arg Gly Cys
                1045   1050   1055
Val His Gly Asn Leu Thr Phe Trp Tyr Met Gln Asn Pro Val Ile Thr
        1060   1065   1070
Ala Ile Ser Pro Arg Arg Ser Pro Val Ser Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Thr
        1075   1080   1085
Val Ala Gly Glu Arg Phe His Met Val Gln Asn Val Ser Met Ala Val
        1090   1095   1100
His His Ile Gly Arg Glu Pro Thr Leu Cys Lys Val Leu Asn Ser Thr
1105   1110   1115   1120
Leu Ile Thr Cys Pro Ser Pro Gly Ala Leu Ser Asn Ala Ser Ala Pro
                1125   1130   1135
Val Asp Phe Phe Ile Asn Gly Arg Ala Tyr Ala Asp Glu Val Ala Val
        1140   1145   1150
Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Asp Pro Glu Glu Ala Gln Arg Gly Ser Arg Phe
        1155   1160   1165
Arg Leu Asp Tyr Leu Pro Asn Pro Gln Phe Ser Thr Ala Lys Arg Glu
        1170   1175   1180
Lys Trp Ile Lys His His Pro Gly Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu Val Ile His
1185   1190   1195   1200
Lys Glu Gln Asp Ser Leu Gly Leu Gln Ser His Glu Tyr Arg Val Lys
                1205   1210   1215
Ile Gly Gln Val Ser Cys Asp Ile Gln Ile Val Ser Asp Arg Ile Ile
            1220   1225   1230
His Cys Ser Val Asn Glu Ser Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Gly Gln Leu Pro
        1235   1240   1245
Ile Thr Thr Ile Gln Val Gly Asn Phe Asn Gln Thr Ile Ala Thr Leu Gln
        1250   1255   1260
Leu Gly Gly Ser Glu Thr Ala Ile Ile Val Ser Ile Val Ile Cys Ser
1265   1270   1275   1280
Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Ser Val Val Ala Leu Phe Val Phe Cys Thr Lys
                1285   1290   1295
Ser Arg Arg Ala Glu Arg Tyr Trp Gln Lys Thr Leu Leu Gln Met Glu
            1300   1305   1310
Glu Met Glu Ser Gln Ile Arg Glu Glu Ile Arg Lys Gly Phe Ala Glu
        1315   1320   1325
Leu Gln Thr Asp Met Thr Asp Leu Thr Lys Glu Leu Asn Arg Ser Gln
    1330   1335   1340
Gly Ile Pro Phe Leu Glu Tyr Lys His Phe Val Thr Arg Thr Phe Phe
1345   1350   1355   1360
Pro Lys Cys Ser Ser Leu Tyr Glu Glu Arg Tyr Val Leu Pro Ser Gln
                1365   1370   1375
Thr Leu Asn Ser Gln Gly Ser Ser Gln Ala Gln Glu Thr His Pro Leu
        1380   1385   1390
Leu Gly Glu Trp Lys Ile Pro Glu Ser Cys Arg Pro Asn Met Glu Glu

- 18 -

```
        1395                1400                 1405
Gly Ile Ser Val Phe Ser Ser Leu Leu Asn Asn Lys His Phe Leu Ile
   1410                1415                 1420
Val Phe Val His Ala Leu Glu Gln Gln Lys Asp Phe Ala Val Arg Asp
1425                1430                 1435                1440
Arg Cys Ser Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu Thr Ile Ala Leu His Gly Lys Leu
                1445                1450                 1455
Glu Tyr Tyr Thr Ser Ile Met Lys Lys Glu Leu Leu Val Asp Leu Ile Asp
          1460                1465                 1470
Ala Ser Ala Ala Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Met Leu Arg Arg Thr Glu Ser
        1475                1480                 1485
Val Val Glu Lys Met Leu Thr Asn Trp Met Ser Ile Cys Met Tyr Ser
      1490                1495                 1500
Cys Leu Arg Glu Gly Thr Val Gly Glu Pro Phe Phe Leu Leu Leu Cys Ala
1505                1510                 1515                1520
Ile Leu Lys Gln Gln Ile Leu Asn Lys Gly Ser Ile Asp Ala Ile Thr Gly Lys
                1525                1530                 1535
Ala Arg Tyr Thr Leu Asn Glu Glu Trp Leu Leu Arg Glu Asn Ile Glu
          1540                1545                 1550
Ala Lys Pro Arg Asn Leu Asn Val Ser Phe Gln Gly Cys Gly Met Asp
        1555                1560                 1565
Ser Leu Ser Val Arg Ala Met Asp Thr Asp Thr Leu Thr Gln Val Lys
      1570                1575                 1580
Glu Lys Ile Leu Glu Ala Phe Cys Lys Asn Val Pro Tyr Ser Gln Trp
1585                1590                 1595                1600
Pro Arg Ala Glu Asp Val Asp Leu Glu Trp Phe Ala Ser Ser Thr Gln
                1605                1610                 1615
Ser Tyr Ile Leu Arg Asp Leu Asp Asp Thr Ser Val Val Glu Asp Gly
          1620                1625                 1630
Arg Lys Lys Leu Asn Thr Leu Ala His Tyr Lys Ile Pro Glu Gly Ala
        1635                1640                 1645
Ser Leu Ala Met Ser Leu Ile Asp Lys Lys Asp Asn Thr Leu Gly Arg
      1650                1655                 1660
Val Lys Asp Leu Asp Thr Glu Lys Tyr Phe His Leu Val Leu Pro Thr
1665                1670                 1675                1680
Asp Glu Leu Ala Glu Pro Lys Lys Ser His Arg Gln Ser His Arg Lys
                1685                1690                 1695
Lys Val Leu Pro Glu Ile Tyr Leu Thr Arg Leu Leu Ser Thr Lys Gly
          1700                1705                 1710
Thr Leu Gln Lys Phe Leu Asp Asp Leu Phe Lys Ala Ile Leu Ser Ile
        1715                1720                 1725
Arg Glu Asp Lys Pro Pro Leu Ala Val Lys Tyr Phe Phe Asp Phe Leu
      1730                1735                 1740
Glu Glu Gln Ala Glu Lys Arg Gly Ile Ser Asp Pro Asp Thr Leu His
1745                1750                 1755                1760
Ile Trp Lys Thr Asn Ser Leu Pro Leu Arg Phe Trp Val Asn Ile Leu
                1765                1770                 1775
Lys Asn Pro Gln Phe Val Phe Asp Ile Asp Lys Thr Asp His Ile Asp
          1780                1785                 1790
Ala Cys Leu Ser Val Ile Ala Gln Ala Phe Ile Asp Ala Cys Ser Ile
        1795                1800                 1805
Ser Asp Gln Leu Gly Lys Asp Ser Pro Thr Asn Lys Leu Leu Tyr
      1810                1815                 1820
Ala Lys Glu Ile Pro Glu Tyr Arg Lys Ile Val Gln Arg Tyr Tyr Lys
1825                1830                 1835                1840
```

- 19 -

```
Gln Ile Gln Asp Met Thr Pro Leu Ser Glu Gln Glu Met Asn Ala His
                1845                1850                1855
Leu Ala Glu Glu Ser Arg Lys Tyr Gln Asn Glu Phe Asn Thr Asn Val
            1860                1865                1870
Ala Met Ala Glu Ile Phe Arg Ser Pro Lys Arg Tyr Arg Pro Gln Ile
        1875                1880                1885
Met Ala Ala Leu Glu Ala Asn Pro Thr Ala Arg Arg Thr Gln Leu Gln
    1890                1895                1900
His Lys Phe Glu Gln Val Val Ala Leu Met Glu Glu Asp Asn Ile Tyr Glu
1905                1910                1915                1920
Cys Tyr Ser Glu Ala
                1925

<210> 7
<211> 601
<212> DNA
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 7
caccagagtc cctgtggagt cctgtggtca gtatcagagc tgcggcgagt gccttggctc      60
aggcgacccc cactgtggct ggtgtgtgct gcacaacact tgcacccgga aggagcggtg     120
tgagcggtcc aaggagcccc gcaggtttgc ctcggagatg aagcagtgtg tccggctgac     180
ggtccatccc aacaatatct ccgtctctca gtacaacgcg ctgctggtcc tggagacgta     240
caatgtcccg gagctgtcag ctggcgtcaa ctgcaccttt gaggacctgt cagagatgga     300
tgggctggtc gtgggcaatc agatccagtg ctactcccct gcagccaagg aggtgcccg     360
gatcatcaca gagaatgggg accaccatgt cgtacagctt cagctcaaat caaaggagac     420
cggcatgacc ttcgccagca ccagctttgt cttctacaat tgcagcgtcc acaattcgtg     480
cctgtcctgc gtggagagtc catccgctg ccactggtgt aaataccggc atgtctgcac     540
ccatgacccc aagacctgct ccttccagga aggccgagtg aagctgcccg aggtaggtcc     600
c                                                                     601

<210> 8
<211> 199
<212> PRT
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 8
Thr Arg Val Pro Val Glu Ser Cys Gly Gln Tyr Gln Ser Cys Gly Glu
  1               5                  10                  15
Cys Leu Gly Ser Gly Asp Pro His Cys Gly Trp Cys Val Leu His Asn
            20                  25                  30
Thr Cys Thr Arg Lys Glu Arg Cys Glu Arg Ser Lys Glu Pro Arg Arg
        35                  40                  45
Phe Ala Ser Glu Met Lys Gln Cys Val Arg Leu Thr Val His Pro Asn
    50                  55                  60
Asn Ile Ser Val Ser Gln Tyr Asn Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Glu Thr Tyr
65                  70                  75                  80
Asn Val Pro Glu Leu Ser Ala Gly Val Asn Cys Thr Phe Glu Asp Leu
                85                  90                  95
Ser Glu Met Asp Gly Leu Val Val Gly Asn Gln Ile Gln Cys Tyr Ser
                100                 105                 110
Pro Ala Ala Lys Glu Val Pro Arg Ile Ile Thr Glu Asn Gly Asp His
        115                 120                 125
His Val Val Gln Leu Gln Leu Lys Ser Lys Glu Thr Gly Met Thr Phe
        130                 135                 140
```

- 20 -

```
Ala Ser Thr Ser Phe Val Phe Tyr Asn Cys Ser Val His Asn Ser Cys
145                 150                 155                 160
Leu Ser Cys Val Glu Ser Pro Tyr Arg Cys His Trp Cys Lys Tyr Arg
                165                 170                 175
His Val Cys Thr Asp Pro Lys Thr Cys Ser Phe Gln Glu Gly Arg Val
            180                 185                 190
Lys Leu Pro Glu Val Gly Pro
            195
```

```
<210> 9
<211> 6408
<212> DNA
<213> HOMO SAPIEN
```

```
<400> 9
atgcctgctc tgggcccagc tcttctccag gctctctggg ccgggtgggt cctcaccctc      60
cagcccttc caccaactgc attcactccc aatggcacgt atctgcagca cctggcaagg     120
gaccccacct caggcaccct ctacctgggg gctaccaact tcctgttcca gctgagccct     180
gggctgcagc tggaggccac agtgtccacc ggccctgtgc tagacagcag ggactgcctg     240
ccacctgtga tgcctgctga gtgccccagg ccaccaacccc caacacc gaatcagctg     300
ctcctggtga gcccagggtc cctggtgggta tgcggagagc tgcaccaggg ggtctgtgaa     360
cagcggcgcc tggggcagct cgagcagctg ctgctgcggc cagagcggcc tggggacaca     420
caatatgtgg ctgcaatga tcctgcggtc agcacgggtg ggctgagc ccagggcttg     480
gcagggggagc ccctcctgtt tgtgggggcga ggatacacca gcagggggtgt gggggggtggc     540
attccaccca tcacaacccg ggccctgtgg ccgcccgacc ccaaggtgc cttctcctat     600
gaggagacag ccaagctggc agtgggccgc ctctccgagt acagccacca cttcgtgagt     660
gcctttgcac gtggggccag cgcctactc ctgttcctgc ggcggagacct gcaggctcag     720
tctagagctt ttcgtgccta tgtatctcga gtgtgtctcc gggaccagca ctactactcc     780
tatgtggagt tgcctctggc ctgcgaaggt ggccgctacg ggctgatcca ggctgcagct     840
gtggccacgt ccagggaggt ggcgcatggg gaggtgctct ttgcagcttt ctcctcggct     900
gcaccccca ctgtgggccg gcccccatcg gcggctgctg gggcatctgg agcctctgcc     960
ctctgtgcct tcccccctgga tgaggtggac cggcttgcta atcgcacgcg agatgcctgc    1020
tacaccgggg agggtcgtgc tgaggatggg accgaggtgg cctacatcga gtatgatgtc    1080
aattctgact gtgcacgct gccagtggac accctggatg cttatccctg tggctcagac    1140
cacacgccca gcccatggc cagccgggtc ccgctggaag ccacaccaat tctggagtgg    1200
ccagggattc agctaacagc tgtggcagtc accatgaag atggacacac catcgctttc    1260
ctgggtgata gtcaagggca gctgcacagg gtctacttgg gcccagggag cgatggccac    1320
ccatactcca cacagagcat ccagcagggg tctgcagtga gcagagacct cacctttgat    1380
gggaccttg agcacctgta tgtcatgacc cagagcacac ttctgaaggt tcctgtggct    1440
tcctgtgctc agcacctgga ctgtgcatct acagggaccc atactgtggg    1500
tggtgcgtga tcctggcaga gtgcagtcgc cgttctgagt gctcgagggg ccagggccca    1560
gagcagtggc tatggagctt ccagctgag ctgggctgtc tgcaagtggc agccatgagt    1620
cctgccaaca tcagccgaga ggagacgagg gaggtttttcc tatcagtgcc agacctgcca    1680
ccctgtggc caggggagtc atattcctgc cactttgggg aacatcagag tcctgccctg    1740
ctgactggtt ctggtgtgat gtgcccctcc ccagacccta gtgaggcccc agtgctgccg    1800
agaggagccg actacgtatc cgtgagccgtg gagctcagat ttggcgctgt tgtgatcgcc    1860
aaaacttccc tctctttcta tgactgtgtg gcggtcactg aactccgccc atctgcgcag    1920
tgccaggcct gtgtgagcag ccgctggggg tgtaactggt gtgtctggca gcacctgtgc    1980
acccacaagg cctcgtgtga tgctgggccc atggttgcaa gccatcagag ccgcttgtc    2040
tccccagacc ctcctgcaag aggtggaccc agcccatccc acccacagc cccccaaagcc    2100
ctggccaccc ctgctcctga cacccttccc gtggagcctg gggctccctc cacagccaca    2160
gcttcggaca tctcacctcg ggctagtcct tccctgctca gccctggggt ggccatgggca    2220
ggtctggct ccatatcttc ccctggctcc acaggtcgc ctctccatga ggagcctcc    2280
cctccagcc cccaaaatgg acctggaacc gctgtccctg ccccactga cttcagaccc    2340
tcagccacac ctgaggacct cttggcctcc ccgctgtcac cgtcagaggt agcagcagtg    2400
```

```
cccctgcag accctggccc cgaggctctt catcccacag tgcccctgga cctgcccct      2460
gccactgttc ctgccaccac tttcccaggg gccatgggct ccgtgaagcc cgccctggac     2520
tggctcacga gagaaggcgg cgagctgccc gaggcggacg agtggacdgg gggtgacgca     2580
cccgccttct ccacttccac cctcctctca ggtgatggag actcagcaga gcttgagggc     2640
cctcccgccc ccctcatcct cccgtccagc ctcgactacc agtatgacac ccccgggctc     2700
tgggagctgg aagaggcgac cttggggca agctcctgcc cctgtgtgga gagcgttcag     2760
ggctccacgt tgatgccggt ccatgtggag cgggaaatcc ggctgctagg caggaacctg     2820
caccttttcc aggatggccc aggagacaat gagtgtgtga tggagctgga gggcctcgag     2880
gtggtggttg aggcccgggt cgagtgtgag ccacctccag atacccagtg ccatgtcacc     2940
tgccagcagc accagctcag ctatgaggct ctgactaccg agctccgtgt gggagctgttt    3000
ctgcgtcggg ccggccgtct gcgtgtggca agtgctgagg ggctgcatgt ggtactgtat     3060
gactgttccg tgggacatgg agactgcagc cgctgccaaa ctgccatgcc ccagtatggc     3120
tgtgtgtggt gtgaggggga gcgtccacgt tgtgtgaccc gggaggcctg tggtgaggct     3180
gaggctgtgg ccaccagtg cccagcgccc ctcatccact gggaggcctg ctgggggga     3240
cctgtagacg gaggcacccg tgtcaccatc aggggctcca acctgggcca gcatgtgcag     3300
gatgtgctgg gcatggtcac ggtggctgga gtgccctgtg ctgtggatgc ccaggagtac     3360
gaggtctcca gcagcctcgt gtgcatcacc ggggccagtg gggaggaggt ggccggcgcc     3420
acagcggtgg aggtgccggg aagaggacgt ggtgtctcag aacacgactt tgcctaccag     3480
gatccgaagg tccattccat cttcccggcc cgcggcgccca gagctggggg cacccgtctc     3540
accctgaatg gctccaagct cctgactgag ggctggagg acatccgagt ggtggttgga     3600
gaccagcctt gtcacttgct gccggagcag cagtcagaac aactgcggtg tgagaccagc     3660
ccacgcccca cgcctgccac gctcctgtg gctgtgtggt ttggggccac ggagcggagg     3720
cttcaacgcg gacagttcaa gtataccttg gaccccaaca tcacctctgc tggccccacc     3780
aagagcttcc tcagtggagg acgtgagata tgcgtccgtg gccagaatct ggacgtggta     3840
cagacgccaa gaatccgggt gaccgtggtc tcgagaatgc tgcagcccaa ccaggggctt     3900
ggacggaggc gtcgcgtggt cccggagacg gcatgttccc ttggaccctc ctgcagtagc     3960
cagcaattg aggagccgtg ccatgtcaac tcctcccagc tcactcacgtg cccgacggtg     4020
gccctcccag gcctgcctga ggaccctggg gtccgggtgg aatttatcct tgacaacctg     4080
gtctttgact ttgcaacact gaaccccaca cctttctcct atgaggccga ccccaccctg     4140
cagccactca accctgagga ccccaccatg ccattccggc acaagcctgg gagtgtgttc     4200
tccgtggagg gggagaacct ggacctgca atgtccaagg aggaggtggt ggctatgata     4260
ggggatggcc cctgtgtggt gaagacgtcg acgcggcacc acctgtactg cgagccccac     4320
gtggagcagc ccctgccacg gcaccatgcc ctccgagagg cacctgactc tttgcctgag     4380
ttcacggtgc agatggggaa cttgcgcttc tccctgggtc acgtgcagta tgacggcgag     4440
agccctgggg cttttcctgt ggcagcccag gtgggcttgg gggtgggcac ctctcttctg     4500
gctctgggtg tcatcatcat tgtcctcatg tacaggaaga agagcaagca ggcccaccag     4560
gactataaga aggttcagat ccagctggag aatctggaga gcagtgtgcg ggaccgctgc     4620
aagaaggaat tcacagacct catgactgag atgaccgatc tcaccagtga cctcctgggc     4680
agcggcatcc ccttcctcga ctacaaggtg tatgcggaga ggatcttctt ccctgggcac     4740
cgcgagtcgc ccttgcaccg ggacctgggt gtgcctgaga gcgagacggcc cactgtagag     4800
caagggctgg ggcagctctc taacctgctc aacagcaagc tcttcctcac caagtttcatc     4860
cacacgctgg agacccagcg cacctttcca gctcgggacc gtgcctacgt ggcatcctgg     4920
ctcaccgtgg cactgcatgg gaagcttgag tatttcactg acatccttcg cactctgctc     4980
agtgacctgg ttgcccagta tgtggccaag aacccaagc tgatgctgcg caggacagag     5040
actgtggtgg agaagctgct caccaactgg atgtccatct gtctgtatac cttcgtgagg     5100
gactccgtag gggacgcctct gtacatgctc tttcgaggga ttaagcacca agtggataag     5160
gggccagtgg acagtgtgac aggcaaggcc aaatacacct tgaacgccac cgcctgctc     5220
agagaggatg tggagtaccg tcccctgacc ttgaatgcac tattggctgt ggggcctggg     5280
gcaggagagg cccagggcgt gcccgtgaag gtcctagact gtgacaccat ctcccaggca     5340
aagaagaaga tgctggacca gcttttataa ggagtgcctc tcacccagcg gccagaccct     5400
cgcaccctcg atgttggatg gcggtctgggc gggtctggag gacgagcagg cactgtagag     5460
gatgtcactc ctgaagtcca gggtctgtga aggcgcctga acacactgca gcattacaag    5520
gtcccagatg gagcaactgt ggccctcgtc cctgcctca ccaagcatgt gctccggga     5580
aaccaggatt atgtccctgg agagcggacc ccaatgctgg aggatgtaga tgaggggggc     5640
atccggccct ggcacctggt gaagcaagt gatgagccgg agccgcccag gcctcggagg     5700
```

```
ggcagccttc ggggcgggga gcgtgagcgc gccaaggcca tccctgagat ctacctgacc   5760
cgcctgctgt ccatgaaggg caccctgcag aagttcgtgg atgacctgtt ccaggtgatt   5820
ctcagcacca gccgcccccgt gccgctcgct gtgaagtact tctttgacct gctggatgag   5880
caggcccagc agcatggcat ctccgaccag gacaccatcc acatctggaa gaccaacagc   5940
ttgcctctga ggtctggat caatataata aaaaacccgc agtttgtgtt cgacgtgcaa   6000
acatctgata acatggatgc ggtgctcctt gtcattgcac agaccttcat ggacgcctgc   6060
accctggccg accacaagct gggccgggac tccccgatca acaaacttct gtatgcacgg   6120
gacattcccc ggtacaagcg gatggtggaa aggtactatg cagacatcag acagactgtc   6180
ccagccagcg accaagagat gaactctgtc ctggctgaac tgtcctggaa ctactccgga   6240
gacctcgggg cgcgagtggc cctgcatgaa ctctacaagt acatcaacaa gtactatgac   6300
cagatcatca ctgccctgga ggaggatggc acggcccaga agatgcagct gggcatcgg   6360
ctccagcaga ttgcagctgc tgtggaaaac aaggtcacag atctctag              6408
```

```
<210> 10
<211> 2135
<212> PRT
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 10
Met Pro Ala Leu Gly Pro Ala Leu Leu Gln Ala Leu Trp Ala Gly Trp
1               5                   10                  15
Val Leu Thr Leu Gln Pro Leu Pro Pro Thr Ala Phe Thr Pro Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30
Thr Tyr Leu Gln His Leu Ala Arg Asp Pro Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Tyr
        35                  40                  45
Leu Gly Ala Thr Asn Phe Leu Phe Gln Leu Ser Pro Gly Leu Gln Leu
    50                  55                  60
Glu Ala Thr Val Ser Thr Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Arg Asp Cys Leu
65                  70                  75                  80
Pro Pro Val Met Pro Asp Glu Cys Pro Gln Ala Gln Pro Thr Asn Asn
                85                  90                  95
Pro Asn Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Ser Pro Gly Ala Leu Val Val Cys Gly
            100                 105                 110
Ser Val His Gln Gly Val Cys Glu Gln Arg Arg Leu Gly Gln Leu Glu
        115                 120                 125
Gln Leu Leu Leu Arg Pro Glu Gln Pro Gly Asp Thr Gln Tyr Val Ala
    130                 135                 140
Ala Asn Asp Pro Ala Val Ser Thr Val Gly Leu Val Ala Gln Gly Leu
145                 150                 155                 160
Ala Gly Glu Pro Leu Leu Phe Val Gly Arg Gly Tyr Thr Ser Arg Gly
                165                 170                 175
Val Gly Gly Gly Ile Pro Pro Ile Thr Thr Arg Ala Leu Trp Pro Pro
            180                 185                 190
Asp Pro Gln Ala Ala Phe Ser Tyr Glu Glu Thr Ala Lys Leu Ala Val
        195                 200                 205
Gly Arg Leu Ser Glu Tyr Ser His His Phe Val Ser Ala Phe Ala Arg
    210                 215                 220
Gly Ala Ser Ala Tyr Phe Leu Phe Leu Arg Arg Arg Asp Leu Gln Ala Gln
225                 230                 235                 240
Ser Arg Ala Phe Arg Ala Tyr Val Ser Arg Val Cys Leu Arg Arg Gln
                245                 250                 255
His Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Val Glu Leu Pro Leu Ala Cys Glu Gly Gly Arg
            260                 265                 270
```

- 23 -

```
Tyr Gly Leu Ile Gln Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Thr Ser Arg Glu Val Ala
        275                 280                 285
His Gly Glu Val Leu Phe Ala Ala Phe Ser Ser Ala Ala Pro Pro Thr
290                 295                 300
Val Gly Arg Pro Pro Ser Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Ser Gly Ala Ser Ala
305                 310                 315                 320
Leu Cys Ala Phe Pro Leu Asp Glu Val Asp Arg Leu Ala Asn Arg Thr
            325                 330                 335
Arg Asp Ala Cys Tyr Thr Arg Glu Gly Arg Ala Glu Asp Gly Thr Glu
        340                 345                 350
Val Ala Tyr Ile Glu Tyr Asp Val Asn Ser Asp Cys Ala Gln Leu Pro
        355                 360                 365
Val Asp Gly Thr Leu Asp Ala Tyr Pro Cys Gly Ser Asp His Thr Pro Ser
    370                 375                 380
Pro Met Ala Ser Arg Val Pro Leu Glu Ala Thr Pro Ile Leu Glu Trp
385                 390                 395                 400
Pro Gly Ile Gln Leu Thr Ala Val Ala Val Thr Met Glu Asp Gly His
            405                 410                 415
Thr Ile Ala Phe Leu Gly Asp Ser Gln Gly Gln Leu His Arg Val Tyr
        420                 425                 430
Leu Gly Pro Gly Ser Asp Gly His Pro Tyr Ser Thr Gln Ser Ile Gln
        435                 440                 445
Gln Gly Ser Ala Val Ser Arg Asp Leu Thr Phe Asp Gly Thr Phe Glu
    450                 455                 460
His Leu Tyr Val Met Thr Gln Ser Thr Leu Leu Lys Val Pro Val Ala
465                 470                 475                 480
Ser Cys Ala Gln His Leu Asp Cys Ala Ser Cys Leu Ala His Arg Asp
            485                 490                 495
Pro Tyr Cys Gly Trp Cys Val Leu Leu Gly Arg Cys Ser Arg Arg Ser
        500                 505                 510
Glu Cys Ser Arg Gly Gln Gly Pro Glu Gln Trp Leu Trp Ser Phe Gln
        515                 520                 525
Pro Glu Leu Gly Cys Leu Gln Val Ala Ala Met Ser Pro Ala Asn Ile
    530                 535                 540
Ser Arg Glu Glu Thr Arg Glu Val Phe Leu Ser Val Pro Asp Leu Pro
545                 550                 555                 560
Pro Leu Trp Pro Gly Glu Ser Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Glu His Gln
            565                 570                 575
Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Thr Gly Ser Gly Val Met Cys Pro Ser Pro Asp
        580                 585                 590
Pro Ser Glu Ala Pro Val Leu Pro Arg Gly Ala Asp Tyr Val Ser Val
        595                 600                 605
Ser Val Glu Leu Arg Phe Gly Ala Val Val Ile Ala Lys Thr Ser Leu
    610                 615                 620
Ser Phe Tyr Asp Cys Val Ala Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Pro Ser Ala Gln
625                 630                 635                 640
Cys Gln Ala Cys Val Ser Ser Arg Trp Gly Cys Asn Trp Cys Val Trp
            645                 650                 655
Gln His Leu Cys Thr His Lys Ala Ser Cys Asp Ala Gly Pro Met Val
        660                 665                 670
Ala Ser His Gln Ser Pro Leu Val Ser Pro Asp Pro Pro Ala Arg Gly
        675                 680                 685
Gly Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro Pro Thr Ala Pro Lys Ala Leu Ala Thr Pro
    690                 695                 700
Ala Pro Asp Thr Leu Pro Val Glu Pro Gly Ala Pro Ser Thr Ala Thr
```

- 24 -

```
705                     710                     715                     720
Ala Ser Asp Ile Ser Pro Gly Ala Ser Pro Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Trp
                    725                     730                     735
Gly Pro Trp Ala Gly Ser Gly Ser Ile Ser Ser Pro Gly Ser Thr Gly
            740                     745                     750
Ser Pro Leu His Glu Glu Pro Ser Pro Pro Ser Pro Gln Asn Gly Pro
        755                     760                     765
Gly Thr Ala Val Pro Ala Pro Thr Asp Phe Arg Pro Ser Ala Thr Pro
    770                     775                     780
Glu Asp Leu Leu Ala Ser Pro Leu Ser Pro Ser Glu Val Ala Ala Val
785                     790                     795                     800
Pro Pro Ala Asp Pro Gly Pro Glu Ala Leu His Pro Thr Val Pro Leu
            805                     810                     815
Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Thr Val Pro Ala Thr Thr Phe Pro Gly Ala Met
        820                     825                     830
Gly Ser Val Lys Pro Ala Leu Asp Trp Leu Thr Arg Glu Gly Gly Glu
        835                     840                     845
Leu Pro Glu Ala Asp Glu Trp Thr Gly Gly Asp Ala Pro Ala Phe Ser
    850                     855                     860
Thr Ser Thr Leu Leu Ser Gly Asp Gly Asp Ser Ala Glu Leu Glu Gly
865                     870                     875                     880
Pro Pro Ala Pro Leu Ile Leu Pro Ser Ser Leu Asp Tyr Gln Tyr Asp
            885                     890                     895
Thr Pro Gly Leu Trp Glu Leu Glu Gln Ala Thr Leu Gly Ala Ser Ser
        900                     905                     910
Cys Pro Cys Val Glu Ser Val Gln Gly Ser Thr Leu Met Pro Val His
        915                     920                     925
Val Glu Arg Glu Ile Leu Arg Leu Gly Arg Asn Leu His Leu Phe Gln
        930                     935                     940
Asp Gly Pro Gly Asp Asn Glu Cys Val Met Glu Leu Glu Gly Leu Glu
945                     950                     955                     960
Val Val Val Glu Ala Arg Val Glu Cys Glu Pro Pro Pro Asp Thr Gln
            965                     970                     975
Cys His Val Thr Cys Gln Gln His Gln Leu Ser Tyr Glu Ala Leu Gln
            980                     985                     990
Pro Glu Leu Arg Val Gly Leu Phe Leu Arg Arg Ala Gly Arg Leu Arg
        995                     1000                    1005
Val Asp Ser Ala Glu Gly Leu His Val Val Leu Tyr Asp Cys Ser Val
    1010                    1015                    1020
Gly His Gly Asp Cys Ser Arg Cys Gln Thr Ala Met Pro Gln Tyr Gly
1025                    1030                    1035                    1040
Cys Val Trp Cys Glu Gly Glu Arg Pro Arg Cys Val Thr Arg Glu Ala
                    1045                    1050                    1055
Cys Gly Glu Ala Glu Ala Val Ala Thr Gln Cys Pro Ala Pro Leu Ile
            1060                    1065                    1070
His Ser Val Glu Pro Leu Thr Gly Pro Val Asp Gly Gly Thr Arg Val
    1075                    1080                    1085
Thr Ile Arg Gly Ser Asn Leu Gly Gln His Val Gln Asp Val Leu Gly
    1090                    1095                    1100
Met Val Thr Val Ala Gly Val Pro Cys Ala Val Asp Ala Gln Glu Tyr
1105                    1110                    1115                    1120
Glu Val Ser Ser Ser Leu Val Cys Ile Thr Gly Ala Ser Gly Glu Glu
                    1125                    1130                    1135
Val Ala Gly Ala Thr Ala Val Glu Val Pro Gly Arg Arg Gly Val
            1140                    1145                    1150
```

- 25 -

```
Ser Glu His Asp Phe Ala Tyr Gln Asp Pro Lys Val His Ser Ile Phe
        1155                1160                1165
Pro Ala Arg Gly Pro Arg Ala Gly Gly Thr Arg Leu Thr Leu Asn Gly
    1170                1175                1180
Ser Lys Leu Leu Thr Gly Arg Leu Glu Asp Ile Arg Val Val Val Gly
1185                1190                1195                1200
Asp Gln Pro Cys His Leu Leu Pro Glu Gln Gln Ser Glu Gln Leu Arg
            1205                1210                1215
Cys Glu Thr Ser Pro Arg Pro Thr Pro Ala Thr Leu Pro Val Ala Val
        1220                1225                1230
Trp Phe Gly Ala Thr Glu Arg Arg Leu Gln Arg Gly Gln Phe Lys Tyr
        1235                1240                1245
Thr Leu Asp Pro Asn Ile Thr Ser Ala Gly Pro Thr Lys Ser Phe Leu
    1250                1255                1260
Ser Gly Gly Arg Glu Ile Cys Val Arg Gly Gln Asn Leu Asp Val Val
1265                1270                1275                1280
Gln Thr Pro Arg Ile Arg Val Thr Val Val Ser Arg Met Leu Gln Pro
            1285                1290                1295
Ser Gln Gly Leu Gly Arg Arg Arg Ala Val Pro Glu Val Thr Ala Cys
            1300                1305                1310
Ser Leu Gly Pro Ser Cys Ser Ser Gln Gln Phe Glu Glu Pro Cys His
        1315                1320                1325
Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Leu Ile Thr Cys Arg Thr Pro Ala Leu Pro Gly
    1330                1335                1340
Leu Pro Glu Gln Asp Pro Trp Val Glu Phe Ile Leu Asp Asn Leu
1345                1350                1355                1360
Val Phe Asp Phe Ala Thr Leu Asn Pro Thr Pro Phe Ser Tyr Glu Ala
            1365                1370                1375
Asp Pro Thr Leu Gln Pro Leu Asn Pro Glu Asp Pro Thr Met Pro Phe
        1380                1385                1390
Arg His Lys Pro Gly Ser Val Phe Ser Val Glu Gly Glu Asn Leu Asp
        1395                1400                1405
Leu Ala Met Ser Lys Glu Glu Val Val Ala Met Ile Gly Asp Gly Pro
    1410                1415                1420
Cys Val Val Lys Thr Leu Thr Arg His His Leu Tyr Cys Glu Pro Pro
1425                1430                1435                1440
Val Glu Gln Pro Leu Pro Arg His His Ala Leu Arg Glu Ala Pro Asp
            1445                1450                1455
Ser Leu Pro Glu Pro Gln Phe Thr Val Gln Met Gly Asn Leu Arg Phe Ser Leu
        1460                1465                1470
Gly His Val Gln Tyr Asp Gly Glu Ser Pro Gly Ala Phe Pro Val Ala
        1475                1480                1485
Ala Gln Ile Val Gly Leu Gly Val Gly Thr Ser Leu Leu Ala Leu Gly Val
    1490                1495                1500
Ile Ile Ile Val Leu Met Tyr Arg Arg Lys Ser Lys Gln Ala Leu Arg
1505                1510                1515                1520
Asp Tyr Lys Lys Val Gln Ile Gln Leu Glu Asn Leu Glu Ser Ser Val
            1525                1530                1535
Arg Asp Arg Cys Lys Lys Glu Phe Thr Asp Leu Met Thr Glu Met Thr
        1540                1545                1550
Asp Leu Thr Ser Asp Leu Leu Gly Ser Gly Ile Pro Phe Leu Asp Tyr
        1555                1560                1565
Lys Val Tyr Ala Glu Arg Ile Phe Phe Pro Gly His Arg Glu Ser Pro
    1570                1575                1580
Leu His Arg Asp Leu Gly Val Pro Glu Ser Arg Arg Pro Thr Val Glu
```

```
           1585                    1590                   1595                   1600
           Gln Gly Leu Gly Gln Leu Ser Asn Leu Leu Asn Ser Lys Leu Phe Leu
                           1605                   1610                   1615
           Thr Lys Phe Ile His Thr Leu Glu Ser Gln Arg Thr Phe Ser Ala Arg
                           1620                   1625                   1630
           Asp Arg Ala Tyr Val Ala Ser Leu Leu Thr Val Ala Leu His Gly Lys
                           1635                   1640                   1645
           Leu Glu Tyr Phe Thr Asp Ile Leu Arg Thr Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Val
                   1650                   1655                   1660
           Ala Gln Tyr Val Ala Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Met Leu Arg Arg Thr Glu
           1665                   1670                   1675                   1680
           Thr Val Val Glu Lys Leu Leu Thr Asn Trp Met Ser Ile Cys Leu Tyr
                           1685                   1690                   1695
           Thr Phe Val Arg Asp Ser Val Gly Glu Pro Leu Tyr Met Leu Phe Arg
                   1700                   1705                   1710
           Gly Ile Lys His Gln Val Asp Lys Gly Pro Val Asp Ser Val Thr Gly
                   1715                   1720                   1725
           Lys Ala Lys Tyr Thr Leu Asn Asp Asn Arg Leu Leu Arg Glu Asp Val
           1730                   1735                   1740
           Glu Tyr Arg Pro Leu Thr Leu Asn Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Pro Gly
           1745                   1750                   1755                   1760
           Ala Gly Glu Ala Gln Gly Val Pro Val Lys Val Leu Asp Cys Asp Thr
                           1765                   1770                   1775
           Ile Ser Gln Ala Lys Glu Lys Met Leu Asp Gln Leu Tyr Lys Gly Val
                   1780                   1785                   1790
           Pro Leu Thr Gln Arg Pro Asp Pro Arg Thr Leu Asp Val Glu Trp Arg
                   1795                   1800                   1805
           Ser Gly Val Ala Gly His Leu Ile Leu Ser Asp Glu Asp Val Thr Ser
                   1810                   1815                   1820
           Glu Val Gln Gly Leu Trp Arg Arg Leu Asn Thr Leu Gln His Tyr Lys
           1825                   1830                   1835                   1840
           Val Pro Asp Gly Ala Thr Val Ala Leu Val Pro Cys Leu Thr Lys His
                           1845                   1850                   1855
           Val Leu Arg Glu Asn Gln Asp Tyr Val Pro Gly Arg Thr Pro Met
                   1860                   1865                   1870
           Leu Glu Asp Val Asp Glu Gly Gly Ile Arg Pro Trp His Leu Val Lys
                   1875                   1880                   1885
           Pro Ser Asp Glu Pro Glu Pro Pro Arg Pro Arg Arg Gly Ser Leu Arg
                   1890                   1895                   1900
           Gly Gly Glu Arg Glu Arg Ala Lys Ala Ile Pro Glu Ile Tyr Leu Thr
           1905                   1910                   1915                   1920
           Arg Leu Leu Ser Met Lys Gly Thr Leu Gln Lys Phe Val Asp Asp Leu
                           1925                   1930                   1935
           Phe Gln Val Ile Leu Ser Thr Ser Arg Pro Val Pro Leu Ala Val Lys
                   1940                   1945                   1950
           Tyr Phe Phe Asp Leu Leu Asp Glu Gln Ala Gln Gln His Gly Ile Ser
                   1955                   1960                   1965
           Asp Gln Asp Thr Ile His Ile Trp Lys Thr Asn Ser Leu Pro Leu Arg
                   1970                   1975                   1980
           Phe Trp Ile Asn Ile Ile Lys Asn Pro Gln Phe Val Phe Asp Val Gln
           1985                   1990                   1995                   2000
           Thr Ser Asp Asn Met Asp Ala Val Leu Leu Val Ile Ala Gln Thr Phe
                           2005                   2010                   2015
           Met Asp Ala Cys Thr Leu Ala Asp His Lys Leu Gly Arg Asp Ser Pro
                   2020                   2025                   2030
```

```
Ile Asn Lys Leu Leu Tyr Ala Arg Asp Ile Pro Arg Tyr Lys Arg Met
        2035                    2040                    2045
Val Glu Arg Tyr Tyr Ala Asp Ile Arg Gln Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Asp
    2050                    2055                    2060
Gln Glu Met Asn Ser Val Leu Ala Glu Leu Ser Trp Asn Tyr Ser Gly
2065                    2070                    2075                    2080
Asp Leu Gly Ala Arg Val Ala Leu His Gln Leu Tyr Lys Tyr Ile Asn
            2085                    2090                    2095
Lys Tyr Tyr Asp Gln Ile Ile Thr Ala Leu Glu Glu Asp Gly Thr Ala
    2100                    2105                    2110
Gln Lys Met Gln Leu Gly Tyr Arg Leu Gln Gln Ile Ala Ala Ala Val
        2115                    2120                    2125
Glu Asn Lys Val Thr Asp Leu
    2130                    2135
```

<210> 11
<211> 2190
<212> DNA
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 11
```
atgcctgctc tgggcccagc tcttctccag gctctctggg ccgggtgggt cctcaccctc      60
cagccccttc caccaactgc attcactccc aatggcacgt atctgcagca cctggcaagg     120
gaccccacct caggcacct ctactgggg gctaccaact tcctgttcca gctgagccct     180
gggctgcagc tggaggccac agtgtccaac ggccctgtgc tagacagcag ggactgcctg     240
ccacctgtga tgcctgatga gtgcccccag gcccagccta ccaacaaccc gaatcagctg     300
ctcctggtga gcccagggc cctggtggta tgcgggagcg tgcaccaggg ggtctgtgaa     360
cagcggcgcc tggggcagct cgagcagcctg ctgctgcggc caggcggcc tggggacaca     420
caatatgtgg ctgccaatga tcctgcggtc agcacggtgg ggctggtagc ccagggcttg     480
gcaggggagc ccctcctgtt tgtcggggcga ggatacacca gcaggggtgt gggggggtggc     540
attccaccca tcacaacccg ggccctgtgg ccgcccgacc cccaagctgc cttctcctat     600
gaggagacag ccaagctggc agtgggccgc ctctccgagt acagccacca cttcgtgagt     660
gcctttgcac gtggggccag cgcctcactc ctgttcctgc ggcgggacct gcaggctcag     720
tctagagctt ttcgtgccta tgtatctcga gtgtgtctcc ggacacagca ctactactcc     780
tatgtggagt tgcctctggc ctgcgaaggt ggccgctacg ggctgatcca ggctgcagct     840
gtggccacgt ccagggaggt ggcgcatggg gaggtgctct ttgcagcttt ctcctcggct     900
gcaccccca ctgtgggccg gcccccatcg gcggctgctg gggcatctgg agcctctgcc     960
ctctgtgcct tcccccctgga tgaggtggac cggcttgcta atcgcacgcg agatgcctgc    1020
tacaccgg agggtcgtgc tgaggatggg accgaggtgg cctacatcga gtatgatgtc    1080
aattctgact gtgcacagct gccagtggac accctggatg cttatccctg tggctcagac    1140
cacacgccca gcccccatggc cagccgggtc ccgctggaag caacaccaat tctggagtgg    1200
ccagggattc agctaacagc tgtggcagtc accatggaag atggacacac catcgctttc    1260
ctgggtgata gctcaagggca gctgcacagg gtctacttgg gcccagggag cgatggccac    1320
ccatactcca cacagagcat ccagcaggg tctgcagtga gcagagacct caccttgat    1380
gggacctttg agcacctgta tgtcatgacc cagagcacac ttctgaaggt tcctgtggct    1440
tcctgtgctc agcacctgga ctgtgcatct tgccttgctc acagggaccc atactgtggg    1500
tggtgcgtgc tccttggcag gtgcagtcgc cgttctgagt gctcgagggg ccagggccca    1560
gagcagtggc tatggaggct ccagcctgag ctgggctgtc tgcaagtggc agccatgagt    1620
cctgccaaca tcagcggaga ggagacgagg aaggttttcc tatcagtgcc agacctgcca    1680
ccctgtggc caggggagtc atattcctgt cacttgggg aacatcagag tcctgcccctg    1740
ctgactggtt ctggtgtgat gtgcccctcc ccagaccct gtgaggcccc agtgctgccg    1800
agaggaggcg actacgtatc cgtgagcgtg gagctcagat ttggcgctgt tgtgatcgcc    1860
aaaacttccc tctcttttcta tgactgtgtg gcggtcactg aactccgccc atctgcgcag    1920
tgccaggcct gtgtgagcag ccgctggggg tgtaactcgt gtgtctggca gcacctgtgc    1980
acccacaagg cctcgtgtga tgctgggccc atggttgcaa gccatccaggt gatgggagact    2040
```

```
cagcagagct tgagggccct cccgccccccc tcatcctccc gtccagcctc gactaccagt   2100
atgacacccc cgggctctgg gagctggaag aggcggacctt gggggcaagc tcctgcccct   2160
gtgtggagag cgttcagggc tccacgttga                                    2190
```

<210> 12
<211> 729
<212> PRT
<213> HOMO SAPIEN

<400> 12

```
Met Pro Ala Leu Gly Pro Ala Leu Leu Gln Ala Leu Trp Ala Gly Trp
 1               5                   10                  15
Val Leu Thr Leu Gln Pro Leu Pro Pro Thr Ala Phe Thr Pro Asn Gly
            20                  25                  30
Thr Tyr Leu Gln His Leu Ala Arg Asp Pro Thr Ser Gly Thr Leu Tyr
        35                  40                  45
Leu Gly Ala Thr Asn Phe Leu Phe Gln Leu Ser Pro Gly Leu Gln Leu
    50                  55                  60
Glu Ala Thr Val Ser Thr Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Arg Asp Cys Leu
65                  70                  75                  80
Pro Pro Val Met Pro Asp Glu Cys Pro Gln Ala Gln Pro Thr Asn Asn
                85                  90                  95
Pro Asn Gln Asn Leu Leu Leu Val Ser Pro Gly Ala Leu Val Val Cys Gly
            100                 105                 110
Ser Val His Gln Gly Val Cys Glu Gln Arg Arg Leu Gly Gln Leu Glu
        115                 120                 125
Gln Leu Leu Leu Arg Pro Glu Arg Pro Gly Asp Thr Gln Tyr Val Ala
    130                 135                 140
Ala Asn Asp Pro Ala Val Ser Thr Val Gly Leu Val Ala Gln Gly Leu
145                 150                 155                 160
Ala Gly Glu Pro Leu Leu Phe Val Gly Arg Gly Tyr Thr Ser Arg Gly
                165                 170                 175
Val Gly Gly Gly Ile Pro Pro Ile Thr Thr Arg Ala Leu Trp Pro Pro
            180                 185                 190
Asp Pro Gln Ala Ala Phe Ser Tyr Glu Glu Thr Ala Lys Leu Ala Val
        195                 200                 205
Gly Arg Leu Ser Glu Tyr Ser His His Phe Val Ser Ala Phe Ala Arg
    210                 215                 220
Gly Ala Ser Ala Tyr Phe Leu Phe Leu Arg Arg Asp Leu Gln Ala Gln
225                 230                 235                 240
Ser Arg Ala Phe Arg Ala Tyr Val Ser Arg Val Cys Leu Arg Asp Gln
                245                 250                 255
His Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Val Glu Leu Pro Leu Ala Cys Glu Gly Gly Arg
            260                 265                 270
Tyr Gly Leu Ile Gln Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Thr Ser Arg Glu Val Ala
        275                 280                 285
His Gly Glu Val Leu Phe Ala Ala Phe Ser Ser Ala Ala Pro Pro Thr
    290                 295                 300
Val Gly Arg Pro Pro Ser Ala Ala Ala Gly Ala Ser Gly Ala Ser Ala
305                 310                 315                 320
Leu Cys Ala Phe Pro Leu Asp Glu Val Asp Arg Leu Ala Asn Arg Thr
                325                 330                 335
Arg Asp Ala Cys Tyr Thr Arg Glu Gly Arg Ala Glu Asp Gly Thr Glu
            340                 345                 350
Val Ala Tyr Ile Glu Tyr Asp Val Asn Ser Asp Cys Ala Gln Leu Pro
```

```
        355                    360                    365
Val Asp Thr Leu Asp Ala Tyr Pro Cys Gly Ser Asp His Thr Pro Ser
    370                    375                    380
Pro Met Ala Ser Arg Val Pro Leu Glu Ala Thr Pro Ile Leu Glu Trp
385                    390                    395                    400
Pro Gly Ile Gln Leu Thr Ala Val Ala Val Thr Met Glu Asp Gly His
                   405                    410                    415
Thr Ile Ala Phe Leu Gly Asp Ser Gln Gly Gln Leu His Arg Val Tyr
               420                    425                    430
Leu Gly Pro Gly Ser Asp Gly His Pro Tyr Ser Thr Gln Ser Ile Gln
           435                    440                    445
Gln Gly Ser Ala Val Ser Arg Asp Leu Thr Phe Asp Gly Thr Phe Glu
    450                    455                    460
His Leu Tyr Val Met Thr Gln Ser Thr Leu Leu Lys Val Pro Val Ala
465                    470                    475                    480
Ser Cys Ala Gln His Leu Asp Cys Ala Ser Cys Leu Ala His Arg Asp
               485                    490                    495
Pro Tyr Cys Gly Trp Cys Val Leu Leu Gly Arg Cys Ser Arg Arg Ser
           500                    505                    510
Glu Cys Ser Arg Gly Gln Gly Pro Gln Trp Leu Trp Ser Phe Gln
       515                    520                    525
Pro Glu Leu Gly Cys Leu Gln Val Ala Ala Met Ser Pro Ala Asn Ile
           530                    535                    540
Ser Arg Glu Glu Thr Arg Glu Val Phe Leu Ser Val Pro Asp Leu Pro
545                    550                    555                    560
Pro Leu Trp Pro Gly Glu Ser Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Glu His Gln
               565                    570                    575
Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Thr Gly Ser Gly Val Met Cys Pro Ser Pro Asp
           580                    585                    590
Pro Ser Glu Ala Pro Val Leu Pro Arg Gly Ala Asp Tyr Val Ser Val
       595                    600                    605
Ser Val Glu Leu Arg Phe Gly Ala Val Val Ile Ala Lys Thr Ser Leu
   610                    615                    620
Ser Phe Tyr Asp Cys Val Ala Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Pro Ser Ala Gln
625                    630                    635                    640
Cys Gln Ala Cys Val Ser Ser Arg Trp Gly Cys Asn Trp Cys Val Trp
               645                    650                    655
Gln His Leu Cys Thr His Lys Ala Ser Cys Asp Ala Gly Pro Met Val
           660                    665                    670
Ala Ser His Gln Val Met Glu Thr Gln Gln Ser Leu Arg Ala Leu Pro
       675                    680                    685
Pro Pro Ser Ser Ser Arg Pro Ala Ser Thr Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Pro
   690                    695                    700
Gly Ser Gly Ser Trp Lys Arg Arg Pro Trp Gly Gln Ala Pro Ala Pro
705                    710                    715                    720
Val Trp Arg Ala Phe Arg Ala Pro Arg
           725
```